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Green street, between Third and Fourth.

A PROFITABLE OPERATION.—A fund was raised in the township of Plymouth, Michigan, for the purpose of paying the $300 commutation for those who were drafted from that subdistrict. There was but one man required from there, as only nine were wanted to fill quota of Wayne county. This number being so small, the enlistment committee gave notice at the drawing that they would furnish the sum required to exempt those who were drawn, by that means securing the exemption of all. Cahoon, the person drafted from Plymouth, procured the three hundred dollars from the club there, with which he procured his exemption. He then went to the enlistment committee and procured his three hundred dollars there, according to promise, the committee not being aware that he had already received his exemption. He came out of the draft with $300 in his pocket and exempt for three years. It may have been sharp practice, but the people of Plymouth will never forget it.

☞ Washington advices are that the Committee of Ways and Means have under consideration more particularly the tax on tobacco, petroleum and distilled spirits. The tax on tobacco will be placed on the manufactured article, to what extent is a matter of discussion, but all the members favor a high rate. Some of the members are in favor of putting the tax on spirits as high as double that of the present tax. The question as to petroleum is whether it should be put on crude or the manufactured article. The policy will be to avoid taxation on raw products if possible.

EXTREMELY NEAT.—The fashion of ladies carrying a small switch cane is being adopted to a certain extent—one at least having adopted it. If not graceful, it is undoubtedly convenient for the ladies to have some article to hold to their lips in the absence of parsols, fans or other articles that are in the habit of coming in contact with them. What can be imagined more tasteful than the delicate swagger of a pretty girl with her jaunty flat and cane. It only wants a cigarette and small silver mounted pocket-flask to complete the picture.

THE RAILWAY ACCIDENT AT ALEXANDRIA. A correspondent of the Washington Republican thus describes the terrible accident last Saturday on the railway between Brandy Station and Alexandria, by which several soldiers were killed or wounded:

We moved out from the station, and in ten minutes our train was completely wrecked. The concussion was fearful. Car rushed upon car, rolled down the embankment, tearing, crushing, thundering. Car-trucks rushed on at a fearful rate. The shock was blinding, and resembled the commingling of a hundred thunders.

When motion ceased the cries of the wounded were fearful. Shriek after shriek rent the air. It was dark—not a light to be seen; and we hadly dared to venture forth from the shattered cars, fearing we might be hanging over a precipice or a river. At length, those able to do so crawled out, and we at once built large fires from the broken cars, and proceeded to render aid to the wounded. Our poor friend Robinson was found with both legs frightfully crushed between the knee and hip. He was carried to the hospital, but survived only a few moments. Two soldiers were found crushed flat under a car. The less seriously wounded were carried to the hospital near at hand, of whom one died during the night.

Now, Mr. Editor, is it human that the trains should be run upon that road in such a reckless manner? From Manassas to Brandy Station the road is in a terrible condition.

A DOG MAIL TRAIN.—The following extract from a private letter from Pembina shows how the mail is transported from that point to Crow Wing:

I should have written to you four days ago, but the mail had to lay over one trip on account of the lameness of one of the carrier dogs. You will probably think it strange that the great United States mail should be delayed several days for such a cause, but nevertheless it was. The mail is carried from here to Crow Wing, a distance of three hundred and fifty miles, by dog trains, and if one set of dogs get footsore when their turn comes the mail has to lay over. To-morrow they say the dogs will be right and the mail will go forward. I saw the first dog mail train leave here on last mail day. It consisted of three middling sized dogs. They looked more like wolves than dogs. They had regular harness, very fancifully ornamented, and buckskin saddles, gorgeously worked with beads. The dogs are driven in tandem style. They go from forty to fifty miles per day, the half-breed driver trotting behind most of the way.

St. Paul (Minn.) Pioneer, Dec. 20.

☞ The Kentucky Tribune thus comments on the President's message:

It will be seen that the President adheres to his proclamation of emancipation and the employment of negroes in the military service of the Government. This is nothing more than was anticipated. He has fully committed himself and his Administration to a radical policy, and he is stubborn enough to adhere to it, though it bring woe continually to our unhappy land. He has a Congress who will sustain him in the position he has taken, and it seems hopeless for us to anticipate any good from their combined action.

The duty of the conservatives is now made apparent. There should be no hesitation on the part of the true friends of the country as to the course of action they are called upon to pursue. They must harmonize—they must be vigilant and active—and not permit the last hope of a reconstruction of the Union to be swallowed up in the murky tide of radicalism. It is for them to decide whether another Administration like the one we now have will be forced upon the country, or whether the standard of a conservative, acknowledging that our Union is based upon a Constitution of just and equitable laws, shall be borne aloft and onward to victory. We have confidence that we *can* succeed, if we only *will*. But the great prerequisite to success is unity of action. Our standard-bearers must be men who can command the confidence and support of the people, and they must stand upon a broad and conservative platform of principles. We think that the time is rapidly approaching for us to assume some definite organization and to array ourselves for the approaching contest. The issue at stake is a momentous one, and well worthy the struggle. Let us take courage and rely upon the patriotism of the *people* to bring to naught the devices of the extremists of both sections of the country.

SOCIETY IN NEW ORLEANS.—New Orleans cannot be said to have had any society whatever for the past two years; in fact, it would be impossible to conceive of a populous city with less society. A ride upon Esplanade street, some ways out of the city, showed us the fine residence of Pierre Soule. The silver plate on the gate was bright as ever, and a few servants still showed themselves about the premises. The grounds are kept in fine style; but our inquiries could not elicit anything concerning the owner or the family.

A large number of families in the French part of the city still remain. They are very polite in their replies to any officer who rings and asks the price of "furnished apartments," which a little paste-board card hanging outside announces are to be rented. The strait to which these once arristocratic people are reduced to get a few dollars, I am told by one of them, would "surprise the people of the North." Splendidly furnished apartments, which need only a little Yankee "house-cleaning" to make them equal to any in the country, rent for five or seven dollars per week. But the society of the city is gradually changing—the "greenbacks" which the "Yankee" is bringing here bring good nature, pleasant faces, and better feelings. The people are getting over their fright and venturing out again. The plague of the rebellion has been here, and left its devouring marks of devastation, and again spread its wings and moved away.

Workingmen are prosperous. They were never better paid than now. Wages are very high. There are no slaves, and every able-bodied servant expects twenty dollars per month. The "Yankees" have come in with the "currency," and they want "help." They have taken the stores, put up big red and gilt signs of "Dry Goods," "Yankee Notions," "Produce," &c., and gradually they are making a new city.

A gentleman travelling in a stage coach some days since, between St. Paul and La Crosse, Wisconsin, was robbed of $35,000 in United States bonds, which he was carrying to Washington for the new National Bank at St. Paul.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Providence (R. I.) Journal says that an unusually large number of houses have been rented to summer visitors at Newport for the next season. Many new persons have already applied, and it is thought there will be a scarcity of cottages greater than was ever experienced before. Of course rents go up, and the price of real estate is rapidly advancing.

The captured blockade-runner, Ella and Annie, is hereafter to be called the Malvern. The Cornubia, also a prize, is to be converted into a despatch boat.

The Boston Transcript publishes a sketch of Deacon John Phillips, of Sturbridge, Mass., who is now in his one hundred and fourth year. This venerable man was born in Massachusetts when George II. was king of Great Britain. He was drafted in 1776, and served in the early part of the American Revolution, and has a distinct recollection of the battle of Bunker Hill, which took place when he was fifteen years old. He has lived all his life on one farm, ate at one table, and during a space of ninety years has not had a severe sickness.

A Connecticut paper says that on the 15th instant Miss Mary F. Canfield was married at Norfolk, and two days after she died of diptheria, with which she had been attacked the day before her marriage. From the first, it is stated, she expressed a strong belief that her sickness would result in death. Indeed, she told her friends that she had had a dream or vision in which she had seen herself composed in her coffin for burial; and, singular as it may seem, the pre-vision, so far from alarming and appalling her, had quite the contrary effect, and she went down "into the great shadow" cheerfully—almost joyously.

A lady was robbed in one of the New York city stages the other evening, it is alleged, by means of chloroform. It was so dexterously and unobservedly applied, they say, that she became unable in a moment or two, to help herself, and thus became an easy prey to the pickpockets.

In Paris recently the Duke of Brunswick was robbed by an English valet of diamonds to the extraordinary value of nine millions of francs, and twenty thousand francs in gold. The thief was arrested with all the property on him as he was in the act of embarking at Boulogne for England.

A man named Leander Coffman has been arrested and is now in prison at Belvidere, Illinois, who is said to have committed six murders, three of which he has confessed.

On Saturday last the lady friends in Cincinnati of the wife of General Rosecrans presented her a breastpin cut out of a shell from the Little Miami river.

The Boston Journal, acknowledging the receipt of three handsome pickerel, remarks: "When the cook came to dress one of these pickerel he found in him a little minnow an inch and a half long, as smart and as lively as if he had just been taken out of his native pond! He was put into a dish of water, and at last advices was swimming about as lively as ever. It was fortunate for him that the pickerel was caught soon after he was swallowed; but how the life of this fishy Jonah was sustained for more than twenty-four hours out of his native element is a mystery."

A late letter from the 1st New Jersey brigade, with the Army of the Potomac, mentions the following:

"When our brigade was encamped on the Rapid Ann last October, we witnessed the execution of Jacob Watson, *alias* John Gallagher, a private in the 4th New Jersey volunteers. Yesterday an order from the War Department was received, reviewing the proceedings of the court-martial in his case, which stated 'that upon recommendation of some of the members of the court and of his corps commander, the sentence of death would be remitted and he would be released from arrest and returned to duty in his regiment.' Poor fellow! he was released from arrest, but not returned to his regiment."

The Rochester Democrat says that the President has pardoned William H. Knapp, who was convicted in July last for presenting false vouchers to the Government. It appears from the pardon that Knapp had done much service in recruiting, and had actually expended more money than he received from the Government. The accused was convicted upon a technical illegality. In order to save trouble in making out papers, he was in the habit of including several bills in the same voucher, by which means he received no more money than he was entitled to; yet the law required that the bill of each recruiting officer should be made out separately and in detail. Knapp belonged in Westfield, Chautauque county. He has been some six months in confinement.

A new process is said to have been discovered by which all the inflammable material of the hydrocarbons used for light may be made serviceable for illuminating purposes. Hydrogen is added for the purpose. This the inventor produces by heating zinc and steam together. The hydrogen of the water is thus set free, and passing into the retorts containing heated hydrocarbon, the two gases combine. The result is a carburet of hydrogen possessing several times the illuminating power, volume for volume, of the gas now employed—an improvement now greatly needed in this city. The oxygen of the steam, which is disengaged by the heating with zinc, combines, while in the nascent state, with that metal, forming a pure oxide or zinc white.

The bad judgment displayed in the preparation of the new small-note currency has been taken advantage of by the counterfeiters; and a new twenty-five cent imitation is already in circulation. The paper of the counterfeit is a little lighter than the genuine; the faces are not alike, neither of them, however, being a correct portrait of General Jackson. The imprint is "National Bank Note Company"—the genuine note being by the "*American* Bank Note Company."

By the statutes of Missouri the State canvassers are required, within twenty days after a State election, to count and make returns of the votes given. It is now almost two months since an election was held for judges of the Supreme Court, and yet no certificates of election have been issued. It is conjectured that the reason is because the canvassers mean to reject the soldiers' votes, and are apprehensive that the State Senate, now in session, may reverse their action. By waiting till the Legislature shall have adjourned there will be no redress for a fraudulent return.

The following are the rebel "Governors" of the so-called Confederate States for the ensuing year:

Alabama—Thomas H. Watts.
Arkansas—E. Flannagan.
Georgia—Joseph E. Brown.
Kentucky—Richard Hawes.
Louisiana—Henry W. Allen.
Mississippi—Charles Clarke.
Missouri—T. C. Reynolds.
North Carolina—Zebulon B. Vance.
South Carolina—Milledge L. Bonham.
Tennessee—Robert L. Carruthers.
Texas—Pendleton Murray.
Virginia—William Smith.

Orders have been received at Fort Warren from the Secretary of War for the battalion doing garrison duty there to be put into more active duty. The rebel prisoners, who have been enjoying the comforts of the officers' quarters at Fort Warren, have recently been removed to the casemates, and are now supplied with the regular army rations.

At a banquet in Newburyport, in honor of the election of a Democratic Mayor, an unusual circumstance in New England, a guest offered the following sentiment:

Old Newburyport—The only Democratic city in the State:

"Her beauty hangs upon the cheek of night
Like a rich jewel in an Ethiop's ear."

The State Institution, which is under the superintendence of Col. Neville, at Nos. 50 and 52 Howard street, New York, received and relieved during the month of November the large number of 2,901 soldiers, of whom 2,052 were of the State of New York, 727 from other States, 121 United States regulars, and one refugee from the South.

A PARISIAN WAITER.—A few days ago a gentleman gave a dinner at the Cafe de Foire Gras. It was a "dinner de luxe," potage a la bisque, filet de saumon a bell fiancee, pate de sangher en saphi, canard sauvage sauce orange —so every one was got up in his best clothes. Host takes his seat at the table in the gorgeous cabinet, chastely decorated with cupids and their female relations, not overdressed, and containing that piano from which we have heard such charming music perhaps towards the lesser hours. Well, host sits down and tells them to serve dinner. Enter active waiter with potage, who runs up against a chair and helps host plentifully to bisque on the back of his coat. Waiter desolated—host elevated—a row ensues. "Monsieur," says the waiter, "I am a pig, and an unhappy pig! yet, if monsieur, who seems so amiable (monsieur has been swearing like a drum-major) will permit it, I can remedy the ill. Happily, my brother is a *degrisseur*, actually in the street where monsieur dines. If monsieur would give the coat, all should be arranged in ten minutes." Host consents; takes off his coat, in pocket of which are purse and cigar case, and sits down to eat his dinner in a nice warm Inverness cape. Dinner comes and is eaten—dessert—coffee—chasse—but no coat! Landlord sent for, and says he only hired waiter *en supplement* for the day, and knows nothing of him. Party breaks up, and host, having borrowed to pay the "addition," goes coatless to bed. Nemesis, however, took him on Friday to dine at another cafe, where he discovered and arrested the garçon, who was found to have whole wardrobes of coats in pledge at the Monte-de-Piete.

THE ALEXANDRIA FRAUD.—It is stated that the investigations growing out of the frauds in the Quartermaster's Department at Alexandria are still progressing, and new candidates for the Old Capitol present themselves daily. Nearly all of the contractors, together with the Quartermaster and their clerks, are now in that institution. The Secretary of War expects to have the entire party before the investigation closes. The Union says:

The frauds, it is believed, are far more extensive than was at first supposed. From the fact that the officer whose duty it was to purchase forage for the army had appointed his brother inspector of hay, and a son of the principal contractor inspector of grain, there is every reason to believe that no means have been neglected whereby money could be made at the expense of the government.

☞ These simple lines by an endeared friend, whose mother died in giving him birth, strike us as touchingly beautiful. They are imbued with true feeling; and coming from the heart, they will reach the heart of the reader:

I never saw thy mild blue eye,
I never felt thy kiss;
Thou wert welcomed to the world on high
Just as I entered this.

Yet thou didst leave a dying thought,
A blessing for thy boy;
It was the earliest smile I caught,
'Twill be my latest joy.

The mission that to thee was given
Was finished at my birth;
The star that lighted thee to heaven
Did welcome me to earth.

May it always be my guiding star!
May it always clearly shine,
Till I have reached those realms afar,
And am forever thine!

CONVALESCENT BARRACKS, BOWLING GREEN, January 1st, 1864.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal.

SIRS: We were agreeably surprised on the first day of the new year by being the recipients of a splendid collation prepared by the ladies of Bowling Green, and to say we did justice to the viands would be but a feeble expression of our feelings on the occasion. We embrace the earliest opportunity to return our most sincere thanks, and at the same time tender our best regards to the following ladies: Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Barclay, Mrs. Calvert, Mrs. Price, Mrs. Rhodes, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. McGoodwin, Mrs. Barner, Mrs. Collett, Mrs. Garrison (from the country,) Mrs. Loving, Mrs. Younglove, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. McNeal. No doubt there were many other ladies, judging by the quantity, quality, and variety of the eatables, but, in the hurly-burly of surprise and preparation, we no doubt overlooked many who were well deserving of notice. It is an old adage that speaks as follows: "Every sweet has its attendant bitter." We had been promised a powerful inundation of ladies to grace our feast with their smiles, but old Sol forgot to shine; the weather clerk got on a spree. We accordingly woke up with a variation of fifty degrees below comfort. We could not, under the circumstances, expect their presence. Under the superintendence and direction of three gentlemen, to be mentioned hereafter, we enjoyed ourselves with glorious *eclat*.

Mr. S. Barclay, one of the city fathers, than whom a stronger Union man and open-hearted citizen cannot be found if search were made in the whole 34th; Lieutenant William J. Long, our noble-hearted, whole-souled, jovial commander, under whose auspices we live, flourish, and grow fat after grim death has knocked at our doors; Dr. N. B. Chase, whose beneficent countenance will disperse all the ills, aches, and pains of this life without the assistance of drugs. Now, Messrs. Editors, our toast to the above named gentlemen is long life, full purses, genial wives, both before and after this cruel war is over.

By the Committee:
J. M. LOGAN, Steward,
S. T. MILLS, Sergt. Major,
J. J. METYGER, Clerk.

THE KNOUT.—The knout had a short, massive handle, and a heavy leather lash, about eight feet long. It resembled those tremendous whips with which the Cossacks of the Ukraine, when they have brought a wolf to bay, can kill him at a single blow. The lash was formed of leather, so as to give two sharp edges along its whole length, and sometimes bound with wire thread; the end terminated in a little hook. It had no handle, but one end was left supple, so that the executioner could wind it round his wrist. At every blow the sharp edges of the still curved lash fell on the criminal's back, and cut him as with eight yards of a pliant double-edged sword. The executioner, subtle in his cruelty, had learnt not to roughly withdraw the lash, but to draw it towards him, so as to remove long flaky bands of flesh, the hook being devised with devilish ingenuity for this detestable purpose. The lash was also purposely long, that it lapped round the body, and cut deep into the chest at the same time that it destroyed the whole of the back. Indeed, it was well known that the executioner could, if he chose, kill any man at one blow of the knout, by lapping him round the lungs and heart; but, as the "Bourreau" was generally bribed, he seldom put forth his whole force. When the knout was honestly used, the criminal, if he survived the first blow, usually fainted at the third, and died about the fifth. A ukase of Peter the Great fixed the maximum of blows at 101 (the Russians have a superstitious respect for odd numbers); but whether the knout became heavier, or the Russians became more effeminate, the 101 blows, which, of course, implied death, were never given in the Emperor Nicholas's time.

SIR WALTER SCOTT'S DOG.—The wisest dog I ever had (said Sir Walter Scott) was what is called the bull terrier. I taught him to understand a great many words, insomuch that I am positive the communication betwixt the canine species and ourselves might be greatly enlarged. Camp once bit the baker who was bringing bread to the family. I beat him and explained the enormity of his offence; after which, to the last moment of his life, he never heard the first allusion to the story, in whatever voice or tone it was mentioned, without getting up and retiring into the darkest corner of the room with great appearance of distress. Then if you said the baker was well paid, or the baker was not hurt, after all, Camp came forth from his hiding place, capered and barked and rejoiced. When he was unable, toward the end of his life, to attend me on horseback, he used to watch for my return, and the servant would tell him his master was coming down the hill or through the moor; and, although he did not use any gesture to explain his meaning, Camp was never known to mistake him, but either went out at the front to go to the hill, or at the back to get down to the moorside.

HEADQUARTERS BOARD OF ENROLMENT
Of the 5th Congressional District of Ky.,
LOUISVILLE, Dec. 24, 1863.

The Board of Enrolment for this District, through the facilities furnished in this locality by taking an early start in the performance of the duties assigned them in Circular 101 of the Provost Marshal General, and by the adoption of proper methods of action, were able to complete all the work to which they were appointed for hearing four classes of claimants for exemptions, by the time, 20th of December, allotted by the Provost Marshal General. Each subdivision was warned by printed posters, posted in conspicuous portions of each special subdivision. All the parties who presented claims were instructed as to what they had to do. Every one claiming PHYSICAL INABILITY had printed notices sent to them informing them of the time assigned for the examination of their claims, and of the entire number thus notified and who obeyed the summons when their names were called, not one failed to have a full hearing. This Board of Enrolment did not ask for an extension of time on these claims, because it had perfectly fulfilled the duties given it in Circular 101. Other Boards of Enrolment were less fortunate and for their sake the Provost Marshal General issued an order for hearing claims up to the 5th of January. We, therefore, extend the time for hearing certain classes of claims, and the extension is given to those only. These are:

1st. All persons, who, either from absence or sickness, or from any other unavoidable cause failed to learn that this work was in progress. The application and explanation cannot and will not be received except in writing, and it must be delivered to the orderly at the door. It must state, too, what the claim for exemption is, whether for ALIENAGE, UNSUITABLENESS OF AGE, NON-RESIDENCE OR PHYSICAL INABILITY. The second class consists of those to whom notices were sent, which were either never received, or were received too late for the time indicated in the notice for the examination. *This does not embrace those persons who failed to come even when a second and an extra time was given to them.* The same rule as that announced for class first is applied to this second class. All applications and explanations must be in writing. This Board cannot entertain any other kind.

One hour of each working day, from 12 to 1 o'clock, will be given to the two classes of claimants announced above.

G. W. WOMACK, President.
WILL R. HERVEY, Commissioner.
T. S. BELL, Surgeon.
d24 m&e tillJan5

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, Dec. 24, 1863.

All citizens in want of coal can be supplied, to a limited extent, at 30 cents per bushel, by applying at the Mayor's Office.

d24 dtf WM. KAYE, Mayor.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

EVENING DESPATCHES.

Our Special Despatches.

Items of Interest from Washington.

Rumor that Frank Blair has resign'd.

Capture of Guerillas in Virginia.

Burnside to Report at Washington.

The River and Weather at Pittsburg.

Navigation at that Point Suspended.

Destruction of Coal Boats Feared

Death of a Virginia U. S. Senator.

Andrew Jackson Donelson in Trouble.

Reports about the Rebel Gen. Forrest.

The Mississippi River Frozen Solid.

Interesting from the Lower Ohio.

Reports from all points of cold weather

[Special.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.

Taking advantage of the recent cold snap, which has rendered the roads somewhat passable, the rebels are reported concentrating in the Shenandoah Valley for a raid on Winchester and Martinsburg. The rebels are under command of Early.

Gen. Kelley has made ample preparations for any enterprise of this sort, and the only fear is that they will abandon their design. If cold weather continues a few days longer the monotony in military affairs west of here may be broken in upon by a lively episode.

It is understood that at an early day a movement will be made in Congress for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the affairs of the Interior Department.

Hon Sam J. Boyden, United States Senator from Virginia, died here yesterday of smallpox.

Mr. Speaker Colfax has returned from his visit West during the holidays.

Andrew Jackson Donelson, who ran for Vice President on the American ticket in 1856, is in trouble, having said that he would not trust Jeff Davis further than a blind mule could kick. He was arrested for this, but let off, and when he returned home he found that his rebel friends had stolen all his corn and bacon. He is very bitter in his denunciations of the Confederates.

About $60,000,000 of the 5 20 loans remain unsold. The statements that this balance was about to be sold to a combination of speculators at a premium is untrue. The loan will be kept open for the benefit of the people at par. The ten days' notice required by law before closing it will not be given by Mr. Chase. It has been a people's loan, and he has no disposition to withhold the small balance now remaining for them.

It is rumored that Frank Blair has resigned.

Gen. Burnside has been ordered to report at Washington.

Last Friday, a detachment of the 2d Massachusetts cavalry, while on a scouting expedition in the neighborhood of Haymarket, beyond Manassas, came suddenly upon a guerilla encampment, killing and wounding a number and capturing about thirty guerillas. Our loss was one man killed and one wounded. The guerillas were clad in our uniforms.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 3, M.

The weather has been extremely cold during the past two days, and navigation for the time being may be considered suspended.

The Allegheny river at this point is full of floating ice, and at Oil City it is entirely closed. The Monongahela river is frozen over above lock No. 1.

There have been no arrivals from below except the Silver Cloud. The Paragon, and Orient left on Friday. The former was compelled to tie up at Steubenville, and the latter had to succumb after reaching Wheeling.

The following boats are now in port: Leoni Leoti, Eclipse, Westmoreland, Savannah, Silver Cloud, Argonaut, J. R. Gillman, Oliver, Silver Spray, and Julia. I learn that quite a number of coal boats and barges that left here on the recent rise are aground at various points between here and Wheeling, and fears are entertained that the ice will entirely destroy them.

[Special.]

CAIRO, Jan. 2.

There was a report in Memphis on the 29th ult. that Forrest crossed the Tennessee river on Monday with one of the largest supply trains of the war, including 1,800 head of cattle besides every horse, mule, and wagon he could find in the country. During the few weeks he was in West Tennessee he was busily employed in gathering these supplies. The results show well his industry.

There are reports of Forrest's having been defeated by our forces at Summerville and Middleburg, but no particulars.

Col. Hatch, who was severely wounded at the battle near Lagrange, arrived at Memphis on the 29th, and is at present at the officers' hospital, where he will remain until recovered. He is still confined to his bed, but is considered out of danger.

Everything is frozen up here. The telegraph has been so several days. The Illinois Central Railroad has not brought us mail or express since Thursday night; cause—the engineers are on a strike.

The thermometer stood early yesterday at 14° below zero.

The Mississippi is frozen perfectly solid to its junction with the Ohio, and Bird's Point is accessible to pedestrians. Skaking is excellent on the Mississippi.

Nothing later from Gen. Smith.

The War Eagle says that thirty miles beyond Dresden the cold weather is not unfavorable to the celerity of movements.

In Columbus, Ky., last night, the barracks at Fort Quimby caught fire and four rows of buildings were consumed before it could be extinguished. The barracks were occupied by a detachment of the 34th Iowa. Two men were so severely burned that they had to be taken to the hospital. The loss of the barracks will be felt much while the cold weather lasts.

Several members of the colored regiments were frozen to death at Island No. 10 night before last. Ten colored men were killed by the same agency and from insufficient barracks.

Gen. W. T. Sherman and staff are on a train en route for this place. It is understood the General will go South on business connected with his Department.

[To the Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.

The Navy Department has received official information in relation to the attack upon the gunboat Marblehead in Stono Inlet on Christmas morning, by which Robert Brown, Lorenzo D. Shaw, and Joseph Phillips were killed, and Charles Moor, Alexander Henderson, John Hackett, and Charles Semmes were wounded. Commander Bulch, of the Pawnee, says, that at twenty mintues after six on the morning of the 25th of December the enemy opened on the Marblehead which was replied vigorously.

At 6:25 the Pawnee opened fire on the enemy's batteries from her 100-pounds rifle gun. At 7 o'clock the C. P. Williams, on hearing the firing, slipped her cable and came down to Folly Island under sail and opened fire handsomely.

The rapid fire from the three vessels soon caused the enemy to retreat. At 5.20 the enemy had retreated in disorder, leaving two of his guns in the batteries. The Pawnee then proceeded to Legersville. Soon after this General Gordon, commanding the troops on the south end of Folly island, came up.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

A very important seizure of Confederate bonds and Treasury notes to the amount of $7,000,000 was made in the city by U. S. Marshal Murray. A large quantity of plans, dies, tools, machinery, &c., was also seized and the parties concerned arrested.

[To the Associated Press.]

CINCINNATI, Jan. 4.

Two soldiers were frozen to death at Camp Chase on Saturday. The soldiers in camp at Indianapolis suffered considerably. A number of them had their ears and feet frozen.

The trains on all the railroads leading to Cincinnati have been much delayed by the recent cold weather. There has been a good deal of suffering among railroad men and passengers.

HUDSON, N. Y., Jan. 4.

Judge Hogboom has decided the controversy between the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company and the Pennsylvania Coal Company, in favor of the former.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.

Col. Lowell, of the 2d Massachusetts cavalry, while on a scouting expedition near Haymarket on Friday, suddenly came upon a guerilla encampment.

He, surrounded, rushed upon the villains killing and wounding many and taking thirty-five prisoners, one of them a Captain. We lost one kill and one wounded. Mosby's videtts were dressed in U. S. uniforms.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 4, M.

The river has fallen two feet, and is full of floating ice—hardly navigable, though the mailboat for Louisville left. No boats can go up stream. Thermometer 22°; barometer 29.60. It was snowing last night twelve hours; five inches on the ground.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4, M.

Flour firm: sales of 5,000 bbls at $6 30@6 45 for extra State, $7 45@7 70 for R. H. O., and $7 65@8 15 for Southern. Wheat firm; sales of 4,000 bushels at $1 45@1 48 for Chicago Spring, $1 46½@1 58 for Milwaukee Club, and $1 52@1 57 for red western.

Government sales of 18,000 bushels corn at $1 30. Provisions quiet. Whiskey steady at 90@94c. Receipts of flour 9,800 barrels; wheat, 400 bushels; corn, 3,400 bushels.

Stocks lower. Chicago and Rock Island 24½. Illinois Central 148⅜; bonds 117⅝. New York Central 132⅝. Pennsylvania Coal Company 160. Reading 112¼. Milwaukee and Mississippi 32½. Gold 151⅞. U. S. 6's registered 105; do, coupons, 106.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 4—M.

Flour firm, but sales few; superfine $5 75@5 80. Wheat steady, at $1 25@1 30 for red. Corn active at 97@98c. Oats 82@83c. Rye $1 33. Clover seed $7 50; active.

Whiskey in good demand. Hogs of 200lbs averages $7 25@7 30; receipts 1,500. Provisions unchanged, but held firmly, with hardly any demand. Groceries unchanged.

JEFFERSON COUNTY COURT—*Monday, Jan 4, 1864.*—W. W. Small selected S. S. Meddis as his guardian, who gave bond with Matthew Meddis, surety.

The will of B. Hardin Helm was, on the 30th, proved and admitted to record; Mrs. Emily T. Helm qualified as executrix, P. B. Muir security.

The will of John E. Poppe was proved and admitted to record, Mrs. Mary Ann Poppe qualified as administratrix with the will annexed; Benedict Uhlen surety.

Rule vs. Eva Boesser, administratrix of John George Boesser, to return inventory.

J. D. Allen appointed administrator of Moses Dickson; J. M. Monahan surety.

Isaac D. Stone appointed administrator of Mary J. Schnell; Hadon E. Stone surety.

Henry Miller appointed administrator of Wm. H. Miller; F. Gorin surety. Also guardian of Hennie Mills; same surety.

John C. Armling appointed administrator of Chas. Suberkurb; Henry Wolford surety

Rev. John H. Leckemyer had license to solemnize the rites of matrimony.

James Timmons was appointed guardian of Delilah Schnell, E. B. Nugent surety.

F. W. Dickson was qualified as notary public for Jefferson county.

P. H. Antle qualified as administrator, with the will annexed of Rosina Figg Stark, L. R. Figg surety.

ITEMS.—Maj. T. H. Williams, a young man of much ability and promise, who left Tennessee at the commencement of the war to unite his fortunes with the rebels, made a speech at Carthage, Tenn., on the 28th ult., in which he expressed sincere penitence for becoming a party to the rebellion, and announced his intention to support the Government of the United States.

A number of military hospitals in Nashville have been vacated within the past week. The inmates have either been sent North or to the field hospitals.

The lower counties of Indiana have been visited with the heaviest snow storm known in that section for years. The railroads are completely blockaded, and in many parts the snow has fallen to the depth of two and three feet.

Some of the newspapers of Indiana have got into a squabble about the enlistment of negroes in different counties by officers from Indianapolis who have credited them to the quota of Marion county. The Terre Haute Express says: "If the State authorities desire to do all parts of the State justice, they will, without quibbling, give each county credit for the volunteers recruited within its limits."

STAMPEDE OF CONTRABANDS.—No little amusement has been occasioned of late by the jealousy existing among the philanthropists who have inundated Washington for the purpose of figuring in the bureau established for the care of contrabands. Upon the promulgation of the order of the War Department to remove all contrabands in camp to Col. Greene's colony at Arlington, some of these "disinterested evangelists" circulated among the negroes a report that they were to be sent South to pick cotton in the sections occupied by our forces, causing a general stampede. Some are now returning, but a large number are roving about, fearing a return to Dixie should they venture to call upon the authorities for assistance.

☞ The Quebec Daily News, speaking of the capture of the Chesapeake, says, notwithstanding the sympathy it feels for the rebel cause, that "the cruel and cold-blooded murder of the second engineer, and the shooting down of an unarmed crew, is one of the darkest crimes we have read of since the days of Lafitte and the pirates of the Spanish Main. It was not only cruel, but cowardly butchery, which no excuse can palliate. The people of Halifax, in their sympathy for the Southern Confederacy, have committed a grevious error, and, unless every means is taken to recapture these murderers, the city will remain under an eternal stigma of disgrace."

SMALL POX AT DANVILLE.—The Danville (Va.) Register says the small pox is spreading among the Yankee prisoners at that place to an alarming extent. There are upward of one hundred and fifty cases which have been removed to the hospital. A number of Yankees have already died. There are upward of 4,000 prisoners in all.

☞ A contemporary recommends the following as an effectual precaution against burglars:

If you are sleeping in a room in which you apprehend a visit from a robber, spread half a dozen newspapers on the floor near the entrance of the room. The very lightest step will rustle the paper so as to awaken the heaviest sleeper, and the door cannot be opened, or a step made, without a rustling.

A New Ambulance System.—It is very desirable that Congress should make some provision for an ambulance system in our armies previous to the resumption of active operations in Virginia and Northern Georgia next spring. The present system, or, rather, want of one, causes needless suffering to our wounded soldiers, and gives an excuse for straggling upon pretence of conveying the wounded to the rear, which is one of the most grievous evils connected with our armies in the field. Senator Wilson has introduced a bill upon this subject into the Senate, which we hope will be perfected and passed without delay, so that the necessary organization of the corps can be secured before the season of active operations. Mr. Wilson's scheme is modelled upon the French system, which all military men pronounce admirable. Of course it has been amended, at the suggestion of the Sanitary Commission and Medical Department of the army, to suit the peculiarities of this country. It will help volunteering if it is known that hereafter our wounded men will not be left to the accidents of the battle-field.

N. Y. World.

Refugees from Virginia.—In addition to the large number of deserters from the rebel army who have passed through this town on their way North during the last two months, not a week passes that families of refugees do not arrive here in search of food, raiment, shelter, and employment. Some of these are in extreme want, and all tell the same story of general destitution, while many exhibit, in their scanty garments and emaciated bodies, the unmistakable evidence of the poverty and suffering to which they were subjected in Dixie. A day or two ago two women with nine children made their way to this town from Rockingham county, Virginia, and were obliged to seek an asylum in the county almshouse. They represent every necessary of life to be extremely scarce and high in all that region of Virginia, while luxuries, such as tea, coffee, sugar, etc., command almost fabulous prices, and are wholly beyond the reach of the poorer classes of people.

Hagerstown (Md.) Herald.

A thick-headed squire being worsted by the Rev. Sydney Smith in an argument, took his revenge by exclaiming: "If I had a son who was an idiot, I would make him a parson." "Very probably," said Sydney; "but I see your father had a different opinion."

Bishop Clark got a five hundred dollar marriage fee at Providence, R. I., on Christmas.

THE BATTLE OF CHICKAMAUGA.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF MAJ. GEN. THOMAS.

HEADQUARTERS FOURTEENTH ARMY CORPS,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Sept. 30, 1863.

* * * * *

Sept. 18.—At 4 P. M., the whole corps moved to the left along Chickamauga Creek to Crawfish Springs. On arriving at that place, I received orders to march on the cross-road leading by the Widow Glenn's to the Chattanooga and Lafayette road, and take up a position near Kelly's farm, on the Lafayette road, connecting with Crittenden on my right at Gordon's Mill. The head of the column reached Kelly's farm about daylight on the 19th, Baird's division in front, and took up a position at the forks of the road, facing toward Reid's and Alexander's Bridges over the Chickamauga. Col. Wilder having informed me that the enemy had crossed the Chickamauga at those two bridges in force the evening before, and driven his brigade across the State road to the heights on the east of the Widow Glenn's house, this position of Baird's threw my right into close proximity to Wilder's brigade. The interval I intended to fill with the two remaining brigades of Reynolds's division on their arrival. Gen. Brannan, closely following Baird's division, was placed in position on his left, on the two roads leading from the State road to Reid's and Alexander's bridges. Col. Dan McCook, commanding a brigade of the reserve corps, met me at Gen. Baird's headquarters, and reported that he had been stationed the previous night on the road leading to Reid's bridge, and that he could discover no force of the enemy except one brigade, which had crossed to the west side of Chickamauga at Reid's bridge the day before, and he believed it could be cut off, because he had destroyed the bridge after they had crossed. Upon this information I ordered Gen. Brannan to post a brigade within supporting distance of Baird, on the road to Alexander's bridge, and with his other two brigades to reconnoitre the road leading to Reid's bridge, to see if he could locate the brigade reported by Dan McCook, and, if a favorable opportunity occurred, to capture them. His dispositions were made according to instructions by 9 A. M. General Baird was directed to throw forward his right wing so as to get more nearly in line with Brannan, but to watch well on his right flank. Soon after this disposition of these two divisions, a portion of General Palmer's division of Crittenden's corps took position to the right of Gen. Baird's division. About 10 A. M., Croxton's brigade of Brannan's division became engaged with the enemy, and I rode forward to his position to ascertain the character of the attack. Colonel Croxton reported to me that he had driven the enemy nearly half a mile, but that he was then meeting with obstinate resistance. I then rode back to Baird's division, and directed him to advance to Croxton's support, which he did with his whole division, Starkweather's brigade in reserve, and drove the enemy steadily before him for some distance, taking many prisoners.

Croxton's brigade, which had been heavily engaged for over an hour with greatly superior numbers of the enemy, and being nearly exhausted of ammunition, was then moved to the rear to enable the men to fill their boxes, and Baird and Brannan, having united their forces, drove the enemy from their immediate front. General Baird then halted for the purpose of readjusting line, and learning from prisoners that the enemy were in heavy force on his immediate right, he threw back his right wing in order to be ready for an attack from that quarter. Before his disposition could be completed the enemy in overwhelming numbers assaulted Scribner's and King's brigades, and drove them in disorder. Fortunately at this time Johnson's division of McCook's corps, and Reynolds's division of my corps, arrived, and were immediately placed in position, Johnson's preceding Reynolds's, his left connecting with Baird's right, and Palmer's being immediately placed on Johnson's right, Reynolds was placed on the right of Palmer, with one brigade of his division in reserve. As soon as formed they advanced upon the enemy, attacking him in flank, and driving him in great confusion for a mile and a half, while Brannan's troops shot them in front as they were pursuing Baird's retiring brigades, driving the head of their columns back, and retaking the artillery, which had been temporarily lost by Baird's brigades. The enemy at this time being hardly pressed by Johnson's, Palmer's, and Reynolds's divisions in flank, fell back in confusion on his reserves, posted in a strong position on the west side of Chickamauga creek, between Reid's and Alexander's bridges. Brannan and Baird were then ordered to reorganize their commands and take position on commanding ground on the road from McDaniel's house to Reid's bridge, and hold it to the last extremity, as I expected the next effort of the enemy would be to gain that road and our rear.

This was about 4 P. M. After a lull of about an hour a furious attack was made on Reynolds's right, and he having called upon me for reinforcements, I directed Brannan's division to move to his support, leaving King's brigade of Baird's division in the position at which Baird and Brannan had been posted, the balance of Baird's division closing up to the right on Johnson's division. It will be seen, by reference to Major-General Reynolds's report, that a portion of Brannan's division reached his right just in time to defeat the enemy's efforts to turn Reynolds's right and rear. About 5 P. M., my lines being at that time very much extended in pursuing the enemy, I determined to concentrate them on more commanding ground, as I felt confident that we should have a renewal of the battle the next morning. I rode forward to General Johnson's position, and designated to him where to place his division; also, to Gen. Baird, who was present with General Johnson. I then rode back to the cross-roads to locate Palmer and Reynolds on the prolongation of Johnson's line, and on the crest of the ridge. Soon after Palmer and Reynolds got their positions, and while General Brannan was getting into his position on the ridge to the west of the State road, near Dyer's house, to the rear and right of Reynolds, where I had ordered him as a reserve, the enemy assaulted, first Johnson, and then Baird, in a most furious manner, producing some confusion; but order was soon restored, and the enemy repulsed in fine style, after which these two divisions took up the positions assigned them for the night. Before adjusting the line satisfactorily I received an order to report at headquarters, and was absent from my command until near midnight.

After my return, and about 2 A. M. on the 20th, I received a report from Gen. Baird that the left of his division did not rest at the Reid's bridge road, as I had expected. I immediately addressed a note to the general commanding, requesting that Gen. Negley be sent me to take position on Gen. Baird's left and rear, and thus secure our left from assault. During the night the troops threw up temporary breastworks of logs, and prepared for the encounter which all anticipated would come off the next day.

Although informed by note from General Rosecrans that Negley's division would be sent immediately to take post on my left, it had not arrived at 7 A. M. on the 20th, and I sent Capt. Willard, of my staff, to Gen. Negley, to urge him forward as rapidly as possible, and to point out his position to him. Gen. Negley, in his official report, mentions that he received this order through Capt. Willard at 8 A. M. on the 20th, and that he immediately commenced withdrawing his division for that purpose, when the enemy was reported to be massing a heavy force in his front, sharply engaging his line of skirmishers, and that he was directed by Gen. Rosecrans to hold his position until relieved by some other command. Gen. Beatty's brigade, however, was sent under guidance of Capt. Willard, who took it to its position, and it went into action immediately, the enemy at that time having commenced a furious assault on Baird's left, and partially succeeded in gaining his rear. Beatty, meeting with greatly superior numbers, was compelled to fall back until relieved by the fire of several regiments of Johnson's reserve, which were placed in position by Gen. Baird, and which regiments, with the co-operation of Vandever's brigade of Brannan's division, and a portion of Stanley's brigade, of Wood's division, drove the enemy entirely from Baird's left and rear.

To prevent a repetition of this attack on the part of the enemy, I directed Captain Gaw, my chief topographical officer, to go to the commanding officer of these troops and direct him to mass as much artillery on the slopes of Missionary Ridge, directly west of the State road, as he could conveniently spare from his lines, supported strongly by infantry, so as to sweep the ground to the left and rear of Baird's position. This order General Negley mentions in his report as having received from Captain Gaw; but from his description of the position he assumed he must have misunderstood my order, and instead of massing the artillery near Baird's left, it was posted on the right of Brannan's division, nearly in rear of Reynolds's right.

At the same time the assault just described was made on Baird, the enemy attacked Johnson and Palmer and Reynolds with equal fierceness, which was continued at least two hours, making assault after assault with fresh troops, which were met by my troops with a most determined coolness and deliberation. Having exhausted his utmost energies to dislodge us, he apparently fell back entirely from our front, and we were not disturbed again until toward night, after the withdrawal of the troops to Rossville commenced.

Just before the repulse of the enemy on our left Gen. Beatty came to me in person, and asked for fresh troops, stating that most of those I had sent to him had gone back to the rear and right, and he was anxious to get at least another brigade before they attacked him again. I immediately sent Captain Kellogg to hurry up Gen. Sheridan, whose division I had been informed would be sent to me. He soon after returned, reporting that in attempting to hurry up the troops that were ordered to report to me he had met a large force of the enemy in the open corn-field to the rear of Reynolds's position, advancing cautiously, with a strong line of skirmishers thrown out. He had met Col. Harker, whose brigade was posted on a ridge a short distance to the rear of Reynolds's position, who also saw this force advancing upon him, but, with Captain Kellogg, was of the opinion that they were Sheridan's troops coming to our assistance. Hearing heavy firing to my right and rear through the woods, I rode to the slopes of the hill to ascertain the cause. Just as I left the woods, I met Col. Harker and Captain Kellogg with the above information. I told Col. Harker that I was expecting Sheridan's troops from that direction, but if these troops fired on him, seeing his flag, that he was to return their fire and resist their further advance. He immediately ordered his men to commence firing, and skirmished with them from that point to the crest of the hill slightly in his rear, placing his right in connection with Brannan's division and portions of Beatty's and Stanley's brigades of Negley's division, which had retired from the extreme left to that point. I rode toward the crest of the hill, when I saw a body of our troops assembled in line of battle. On the way I met Gen. Wood, who confirmed me in the opinion that the troops advancing upon us were the enemy, although we were not then aware of the disaster to the centre and right of our army. I then directed him to place his division on the prolongation of Brannan's, who, I had ascertained from Wood, was on the top of the hill above referred to, and to resist the further advance of the enemy as long as possible. I sent my aid, Capt. Kellogg, to notify Gen. Reynolds that our right had been turned, and that the enemy was in his rear in force. Gen. Wood barely had time to dispose his troops on the left of Brannan before another of those fierce assaults, similar to those made in the morning on my lines, was made on him and Brannan combined, and kept up by the enemy throwing in fresh troops as fast as those in their front were driven back, until near nightfall.

About the time that Wood took up his position, Gen. Gordon Granger appeared on my left flank at the head of Steedman's division of his corps. I immediately despatched a staff officer to him with orders to push forward and take position on Brannon's right, which order was complied with with the greatest promptness and alacrity, Steedman moving his troops into position with almost as much precision as if on drill, and, fighting his way to the crest of the hill on Brannan's right, moved forward his artillery, driving the enemy down the southern slope, inflicting on him a most terrible loss in killed and wounded. This opportune arrival of fresh troops revived the flagging spirits of our men on the right, and inspired them with more ardor for the contest. Every assault of the enemy from that time until nightfall was repulsed in the most gallant style by the whole line. By this time the ammunition in the boxes of the men was reduced on an average to two or three rounds per man, and my ammunition trains having been unfortunately ordered to the rear by some authorized person, we should have been entirely without ammunition in a very short time had not a small supply come up with Gen. Steedman's command. This being distributed among the troops gave them about ten rounds per man.

General Garfield, chief of staff of General Rosecrans, reached this position about 4 P. M., in company with Colonel Houston, of McCook's staff, and Captains Gaw and Barker, of my staff, giving me the first reliable information that the centre and right of our army had been driven. Soon after, I received General Rosecrans's despatch from Chattanooga directing me to assume command of all the forces, and, with Crittenden and McCook, take a strong position and assume a threatening attitude at Rossville, sending the unorganized forces to Chattanooga for reorganization, stating that he would examine the ground at Chattanooga, and make all necessary dispositions for defence and then join me; also that he had sent out rations and ammunition to meet me at Rossville. I determined to hold the position until nightfall, if possible, in the meantime sending Captains Barker and Kellogg to distribute the ammunition, Major Lawrence, my chief of artillery, having been previously sent to notify the different commanders that ammunition would be supplied to them shortly. As soon as they had reported the distribution of the ammunition, I directed Capt. Willard to inform the division commanders on the left to withdraw their commands as soon as they received orders. At 5.30 P. M. Capt. Barker, commanding my escort, was sent to notify Gen. Reynolds to commence the movement, and I left the position behind Gen. Wood's command to meet Reynolds's and point out to him the position where I wished him to form line to cover the retirement of the other troops on the left. In passing through an open woods, bordering the State road, and between my last and Reynolds's position, I was cautioned by a couple of soldiers, who had been to hunt water, that there was a large rebel force in these woods, drawn up in line and advancing toward me. Just at this time I saw the head of Reynolds's column approaching, and, calling to the General himself, directed him to change the head of his column to the left, and form line perpendicular to the State road, his right resting on that road, and to charge the enemy, who were then in his immediate front. This movement was made with the utmost promptitude, and facing to the right while on the march. Turchin threw his brigade upon the rebel force, routing them and driving them in utter confusion entirely beyond Baird's left. In this splendid advance more than two hundred prisoners were captured and sent to the rear. Colonel Robinson, commanding 2d brigade, Reynolds's division, followed closely upon Turchin, and I posted him on the road leading through the ridge to hold the ground while the troops on our right and left passed by. In a few moments General Willich, commanding a brigade of Johnson's division, reported to me that his brigade was in position on a commanding piece of ground to the right of the ridge road. I directed him to report to Gen. Reynolds, and assist in covering the retirement of our troops. Turchin's brigade, after driving the enemy a mile and a half, was reassembled, and took its position on the ridge road with Robinson and Willich.

These dispositions being made, I sent orders to Generals Wood, Brannan, and Granger to withdraw from their positions. Johnson's and Baird's divisions were attacked at the moment of retiring, but, by being prepared, retired without confusion or any serious losses. I then proceeded to Rossville, accompanied by Generals Granger and Garfield, and immediately prepared to place the troops in position at that point. One brigade of Negley's division was posted in the gap on the Ringgold road, and two brigades on the top of the ridge to the right of the road, adjoining the brigades in the road; Reynolds's division on the right of Negley's, and reaching to the Dry Valley road; Brannan's division in the rear of Reynolds's right, as a reserve; McCook's corps on the right of Dry Valley road, and stretching to the west, his right reaching nearly to Chattanooga Creek. Crittenden's entire corps was posted on the heights to the left of the Ringgold road, with Steedman's division of Granger's corps as a reserve behind his left. Baird's division in reserve and in supporting distance of the brigade in the gap. McCook's brigade of Granger's corps was also posted as a reserve to the brigades of Negley's, on the ridge to the right of the road. Minty's brigade of cavalry was on the Ringgold road, about one mile and a half in advance of the gap.

About 10 A. M., on the 21st, receiving a message from Minty that the enemy were advancing on him with a large force of infantry and cavalry, I directed him to retire through the Gap, and post his command on our left flank, and throw out strong reconnoitring parties across the ridge to observe and report any movements of the enemy on our left front. From information received from citizens, I was convinced that the position was untenable in the face of such odds as we had opposed to us, as the enemy could easily concentrate on our right flank, which, if driven, would expose our centre or left to be cut entirely off from our communications. I therefore advised the General commanding to concentrate the troops at Chattanooga. About the time I made the suggestion to withdraw the enemy made a demonstration on the direct road, but were soon repulsed. In anticipation of this order to concentrate at Chattanooga I sent for the corps commanders, and gave such general instructions as would enable them to prepare their commands for making the movement without confusion. All wagons, ambulances, and surplus artillery carriages were sent to the rear before night. The order for the withdrawal being received about 6 P. M., the movement commenced about 9 P. M. in the following manner:

Strong skirmish lines, under the direction of judicious officers, were thrown out to the front of each division, to cover their movement, with direction to retire at daylight, deployed and in supporting distance, the whole to be supported by the 1st Division, 14th Army Corps, assisted by Minty's brigade of cavalry, which was to follow after the skirmishers. Crittenden's corps was to move from the hills to the left of the road at 9 A. M., followed by Steedman's division, next Negley's division was to withdraw at 10 P. M., then Reynolds after. Reynolds's and McCook's corps, by division, left to right, moving within supporting distance, one after the other. Brannan's division was posted at 6 P. M., on the road about half way between Rossville and Chattanooga, to cover the movement. The troops were withdrawn in a quiet, orderly manner, without the loss of a single man, and by 7 A. M. of the 22d, were in the position in front of Chattanooga which had been assigned to them previous to their arrival, and which they now occupy, covered by strong entrenchments, thrown up on the day of our arrival, and strengthened from day to day until they were considered sufficiently strong for all defensive purposes. It affords me great pleasure to refer to the reports of the various division and brigade commanders for the names of those distinguished for bravery and good conduct.

Very respectfully, your ob't servant,
GEO. H. THOMAS,
Maj. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.
Brig. Gen. S. A. GARFIELD, Chief of Staff,
Dep't of the Cumberland.

GENERAL HOSPITALS IN LOUISVILLE.

Geo. G. Shumard, Surgeon U. S. V., Medical Director District of Kentucky. Office on Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Thos. W. Fry, Surgeon U. S. V., Superintendent of Hospitals. Office in same building.

No. 1. A. T. C. Worthington, Surgeon in charge; B. F. Grant and T. J. Griffiths, Assistants.
No. 3. Thomas W. Colescott, Surgeon in charge; C. A. Fisher, Assistant; W. R. Sink, Acting Steward.
No. 4. John E. Crowe, Surgeon in charge; A. V. Brewer and J. M. Wilson, Assistants; G. O. Allen, U. S. A., Cadet; James T. Metcalf, Steward.
No. 5. John W. Baggott, Surgeon in charge; Wesley E. Delmore, Acting Steward.
No. 6. J. M. Pilsbury, Surgeon in charge; T. L. O'Callahan, Assistant; C. McGinnis, Steward.
No. 7. William W. Goldsmith, Surgeon in charge; G. W. Roberts, John B. Burns, John T. Jaume, Frederick C. Leber, Geo. W. Haymaker, Samuel M. Work, J. T. Coan, R. A. Logan, A. C. Rankin, Assistants; J. A. Larabee, C. E. Sanborn, U. S. A., Elmore Palmer, Cadet; Geo. Donnaldson, Steward.
No. 8. J. A. Octerlony, Surgeon in charge; J. Bradley, Assistant; C. A. Stocking, Steward.
No. 9. Frank Meacham, Surgeon in charge; C. E. Withaun, Assistant; Henry Holbrook, Steward.
No. 10. E. O. Brown, Surgeon in charge; E. A. Bell, Assistant; W. B. Banks, Steward.
No. 11. J. A. Brady, Surgeon in charge; R. M. Lackey, Assistant.
No. 12. R. L. Stanford, Surgeon in charge; J. A. Daherty, H. F. McNary, Assistants; Jacob Fisher, Steward.
No. 13. Thomas C. Mercer, Surgeon in charge; John Hardin, Assistant; J. A. Past, Acting Steward.
No. 14. J. A. Brady, Surgeon in charge; Ellsworth Sutton, Steward.
No. 15. W. A. Gordon, Surgeon in charge.
No. 16. W. F. Cullum, Surgeon in charge; W. W. Goodwin, Assistant; G. W. Booth, Acting Steward.
No. 18. Joseph Gardner, Surgeon in charge; Thomas F. Leach, Steward.
No. 19. T. J. Swan, Surgeon in charge; J. V. Kenan, Acting Steward.
No. 20. Nelson R. Morris, Surgeon in charge; A. L. De La Vergne, Steward.

L. B. GRIGSBY, Late Col. 24th Ky. V. Inf'y. | J. F. ROBINSON, jr., Late Q. M. Gen'l of Ky.

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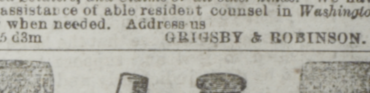

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HUDSON BAY SABLE,
MINK SABLE,
STONE MARTEN,
FITCH, &c.;
Also a large stock of
BUFFALO ROBES
At the HAT and CAP HOUSE of
WM. F. OSBORN,
d15 j&b tfeb1 225 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

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1,000 TOY DRUMS. 3 sizes. Wholesale and retail at low prices.
D. P. FAULDS,
d19 j&b 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

Piano-Fortes.
30 PIANOS just received and for sale at low prices by D. P. FAULDS,
d19 j&b tfeb22 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

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Embroidered Linen Bands;
Embroidered Linen Insertions;
Embroidered Linen Edgings;
Embroidered Jaconet Bands;
Embroidered Jaconet Insertions;
Embroidered Jaconet Edgings;
Solid Thread Lace Collars;
Solid Maltese Lace Collars;
Also a few pieces of the celebrated French Jaconet a
C. F. RAUCHFUSS'S
Cheap Lace Store,
No. 309 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.
d12 j&b tjan7.

Forwood's Remedy.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TESTED WM. H. FORWOOD'S REMEDY FOR BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
DIARRHŒA
AND
FLUX,
Or having observed its effects on others, confidently recommended it to the public as a safe, speedy, and effective remedy for the diseases for which it is designed:
GEO. W. JOHNSTON, Judge of City Court, Louisv
C. W. LOGAN, Judge of Chancery Court for 6 years.
V. McKNIGHT, President of the Bank of Kentucky.
JOSHUA B. BOWLES, Pres. of Bank of Louisville.
T. W. RILEY, Ex-Speaker Ky. Legislature, & Att'y.
B. F. AVERY, owner of Hospital cor. 15th and Main.
A. C. OSBORNE, D. D., Trustee of Public Schools.
GEO. GUIREY, Pastor of U. Baptist Church.
HARRY STUCKY, Clerk of the Chancery Court.
ROYAL TAYLOR, State Agent for Ohio soldiers.
The above are of Louisville, Ky.
Gen. W. J. LANDRUM, com'dg brig. by Vicksburg
Gen. W. C. WHITAKER, Mem. Ky. Sen. & Att'y.
DR. L. J. KEELER, Surgeon 6th Kentucky Cavalry.
DR. W. L. WHITE, late Surgeon, U. S. Army.
Dr. JASON HAM, Indiana Military Ag't at Louisville.
Dr. M. L. LEWIS, Louisville, Ky.
Dr. J. C. GUNN, author Gunn's Domestic Medicine.

I have used Forwood's Remedy in my family, and find it a safe, speedy, and sure remedy for both adults and children.
GEO. W. JOHNSTON,
Judge City Court of Louisville.

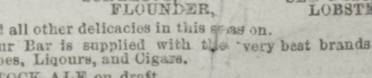
Forwood's Remedy cured me. I used it in my Family, and gave it to six cases of "Chronic Camp Diarrhœa." In one or two days all were cured, and kept well.
REUBEN MUNDY,
Lt. Col. 6th Reg. Kentucky Volunteer Cavalry.

I used Forwood's Remedy in my family, and had it given to the men of my regiment. One had been confined one month, another had "Chronic Camp Diarrhœa" for twelve months. In two days all were cured, and continued well.
L. H. FERRELL,
Lt. Col., com'dg 34th Reg. Ky. Vol

I cured myself with Forwood's Remedy, and gave it to fifty-two persons. Twenty-five of them had deeply-seated "Chronic Camp Diarrhœa." Every case was cured in from one to three days, and remained well. It is a pleasant liquid that heals the stomach and bowels, restores digestion, relieves pain, and cures without producing costiveness or any bad effects.
MAJ. W. N. FISHBACK, of Danville, Ky.

Said medicine is composed of more than a dozen extracts from the vegetable kingdom, obtained in the United States, and from six foreign countries. It is manufactured only at ONE PLACE and for sale to Druggists and others, at No. 535, east side of Third street, 135 yards south of the Postoffice, Louisville, Ky.
s30 j&b tf(jy30 j&btf)(au25 ly) WM. H. FORWOOD

WALKER'S EXCHANGE,
Third street, between Main and Market,



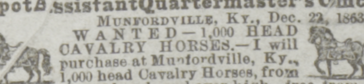
Receive Daily
SHELL OYSTERS, GROUSE, SNIPE, DUCK, SCALLOPS, FLOUNDER, VENISON, WOODCOCK, QUAIL, SQUIRREL, SEA BASS, LOBSTER
And all other delicacies in this season.
Our Bar is supplied with the very best brands of Wines, Liquours, and Cigars.
STOCK ALE on draft.
J. CAWEIN & CO., Proprietors,
d4 b&j tjan11 Third st., bet. Main and Market

Woodford Female College for Sale.
BY VIRTUE OF AN ACT OF THE LEGISLAture of Kentucky, passed at the present session thereof, the undersigned, Trustees of the Woodford Female College, in the town of Versailles, Woodford county, Ky. will offer at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court-house door in said town of Versailles, on Friday, the 22d day of January, 1864, the land and premises upon which the College is situated, with all the appurtenances thereto belonging, including a large quantity of household and kitchen furniture, all new and in good condition. The lot upon which said College stands contains about six acres, with all the necessary buildings (recently erected) to accommodate about seventy five boarders, and in one of the most desirable locations for a Female College in Kentucky.
Persons wishing to purchase said property can have the opportunity of inspecting it by application to the Rev. E. Y. Pinkerton, on the premises, or to the undersigned, Trustees of said College, in Versailles, at any time before the day of sale.
THOMAS GRADDY,
ZEB WARD,
WILLIAM McDANIEL,
N. STONE,
JOHN S. MINARY,
d31 dtd Trustees.

STAGG'S
New Sugar-cured Hams
WE HAVE A LOT OF THE ABOVE FAVORite brand of Hams just out of smoke.
O. W. THOMAS,
d24 d12 Main, between First and Second sts.

EMPLOYMENT.
$75 A MONTH.—Agents wanted to sell Sewing-Machines.—We will give a commission on all Machines sold or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expenses paid. For particulars address C. RUGGLES & CO., Detroit, Mich.
d23 d11*

Depot Assistant Quartermaster's Office,
MUNFORDVILLE, KY., Dec. 22, 1863.



WANTED—1,000 HEAD CAVALRY HORSES.—I will purchase at Munfordville, Ky., 1,000 head Cavalry Horses, from 5 to 9 years old, 15 hands and over high, free from all blemishes and vicious tricks—GELDINGS. No mares will be received. Price 130 dollars.
FRANK. ERNST,
Capt. & A. Q. M.
d25 d12

SOUTHERN HISTORY OF THE WAR, by Pollard & DeWitt, Editors of the Richmond Examiner and Enquirer. Published at Richmond, Va. As a Southern picture of the war it should be read by every one. 1 vol. 8vo. Cloth, $2. Dealers supplied.
m2 A. CIVILL, 431 Main st.

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE.

Green Street, between Third and Fourth.

NOTICE TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The time paid for is printed after the name on each paper, and thus every day subscribers can see when their term of subscription expires. Timely attention to this on the part of those desirous of renewing will prevent much annoyance.

GEO. D. PRENTICE, } Editors.
PAUL R. SHIPMAN, }

TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1864.

☞ The developments of each passing day give renewed assurance that the principles announced in the Kentucky Platform afford not only the true but the accepted rallying-ground for the conservatives of the Union. The Democrats of the North are in this particular nobly redeeming every pledge we have made on their behalf.

The Cairo (Ill.) Democrat, a Democratic journal which frankly confesses that it did not favor the election of Governor Bramlette, thus frankly confesses its approval of his official course:

> We have watched with much interest the course of the administration of affairs in our sister State, and we are frank to say that we care not what party Gov. Bramlette may claim to belong to, we most heartily endorse his administration as eminently proper, wise, and patriotic. We care nothing for political names in these troublous times, but we do care much for true patriotic principles, and therefore we heartily commend the public course of Gov. Bramlette.

In another column we give such extracts from the Governor's late message, and comments upon the same, as must strike home to the hearts of all patriots, whether they were pleased or displeased originally with the election of Gov. Bramlette. We commend these—in fact, we commend the entire message of the Governor, to all radicals and revolutionists, and bid them, in God's name, cease their wickedness, and once more throw up their hats and applaud the Governor of Kentucky. We commend it as the best medicine of the day for this terrible and deadly disease of abolitionism that is now destroying the fair fabric of our nation.

"*The truly loyal man is struggling to maintain a government—not to make one.*" This is the patriotic language of the patriotic Governor of Kentucky—the language of patriots every where—the language for which men are denounced as copperheads, and sent fettered to a dungeon. If there is a spark of patriotism left in radical hearts, let them take up this patriotic key-note, and the glorious Union will still live.

Would the reader believe that there breathed a man so warped—so drunk with abolition folly and wicked fanaticism, as not to cordially endorse the following sentiments of the Governor's message: "We confess a stronger affection for the white man than the black, and believe this government was made for the white man; that he ought to maintain and defend it. And we further believe that the large amounts expended to feed and support 'contrabands' would be more judiciously and charitably expended in supporting the suffering orphans and widows left by our brave and gallant volunteers, who have fallen in camp and field." Yet there are thousands who are ready to denounce so just and noble a sentiment as this, "carping," and "latent treason." Would soldiers, or the families of soldiers, regard the authors of such sentiments as these inimical to them and treasonable, while they would regard these patent humanitarians who leave the sufferings at their own doors of poor white people, and travel through the country pleading and begging for alms for the poor suffering negroes who have been taken from comfortable homes, plenty and content, and huddled together upon the banks of the Mississippi river where the miserable beings die like sheep with the rot, as their friends and the true patriots. Abolitionists assure us that soldiers so regard the question. We do not believe them. We give the soldier and his family credit for far more sense than do these abolitionists.

What do the Union Leaguers think of the message of Gov. Bramlette? Patriots all over the country are anxious to know. Is Gov. Bramlette a patriot or traitor? We pause for a reply.

And in the estimate of Governor Bramlette's message here given by our Illinois contemporary the Northern Democrats in general concur heartily.

As another instance of the harmony of view between the Northern Democrats as a body and the Union men of Kentucky, we may point to the recent declarations of Governor Seymour, of New York, and of Lieutenant-Governor Jacob, of our own State.

Governor Seymour, responding to an invitation to attend a public meeting in the city of New York on the eve of the recent charter election there, says:

> At a meeting held in your city scarce a month since, I spoke at length upon the great questions which now agitate our country. The intervening election resulted unfavorably to that political organization which I believe is asserting principles and urging a policy best calculated to restore our Union, to preserve our constitutional rights, and bring back peace to our land. While I regret this result I am still confident that the justice and patriotism of our position will soon be recognized by all classes. Strong prejudices and passions always prevail in periods of civil war. Unjust suspicions and dangerous assaults will be regretted by our political opponents in calmer moments. In the meantime, it is our duty to adhere firmly to those tried principles and to those time-honored organizations which governed our country so successfully in the past.
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>
> The people of the Northern States are all agreed in this: that the restoration of the Union is essential to the peace, happiness, and prosperity of all sections of our broad land. Some hold that this object will be most readily gained by an immediate cessation of hostilities and by negotiation conducted with a view to the common good. On the opposite extreme are those who demand that the States should be subjugated by force and force alone, and should be held and governed by military control until their populations be humiliated to the acceptance of such principles and forms of local government as may be dictated to them by conquerors.
>
> I believe that the mass of our people hold that in this emergency the policy should be that pursued by President Jackson under similar circumstances. While, on the one hand, there should be every exertion of national power to compel obedience to constitutional obligations, on the other there should be superadded every inducement consistent with the honor of the government to lead the rebellious States to lay down their arms and return to their appropriate positions in the Union. In the meantime, no good can be gained, no interest of freedom, or of constitutional rights, or of personal liberty will be promoted, by making differences of opinion upon questions of public policy occasion for strife, persecutions, or public disorder. While it is our duty to repel all invasion upon our constitutional rights, let us, by a prompt obedience to our constitutional obligations, show that we are not animated by a factious purpose to embarrass the administration; but that we are controlled by a fervent desire, not only to save our Union and preserve our Constitution, but, beyond all, to defend those rights of person and homes, of property, of conscience, which the Constitution and the Union were designed to secure. Adhering to our purpose to do our whole duty and to demand all our rights, let us patiently and patriotically struggle to save our country from anarchy or from despotism, unswerved by assaults, misrepresentations, or denunciations.

To the same effect are the words of Lieutenant-Governor Jacob in the bold and eloquent speech which he delivered on taking the chair of the Senate:

> The rebellion is a cure for no evil—it protects no rights—it destroys all, including our nationality, if successful. Then the true policy of Kentucky is, to give the last man and the last dollar, if necessary, to crush the rebellion; at the same time appealing to the people of the loyal States to bring back the policy of the war to what we conceive a constitutional basis.
>
> Kentucky, in the first place, favored mediation in order to prevent war and bloodshed. Forced by the invasion of three Southern armies unwillingly to take up arms, she determined that nothing but a restoration of the supremacy of the laws should satisfy her; yet equally abhorrent to her is the abolition theory that all State lines are abrogated and States themselves reduced to territorial dependence. Therefore, she is in favor of the whole power of the government to be energetically used to crush those in arms; yet she is in favor, not of an armistice, because that would give a breathing spell to those engaged in hostile combination for renewed preparation and renewed exertion at its discontinuance, but for an amnesty to all those who lay down their arms and return to their constitutional obedience, except the leaders of the rebellion, who should be punished at all hazards. The proper time to have inaugurated such a system would have been in July, that glorious month of victories. Such an attempt might prove futile. It might result in the greatest good. It cannot possibly prove an evil. It would at least be gratifying to the millions of the conservative men of the loyal States. If the amnesty was rejected it would nerve the arms of the loyal man to renewed exertion, until coercion would do the work of persuasion and bring back these erring brethren, whether willing or not, because every true American will echo the sentiment and resolve that the Federal Union must and shall be preserved, though it cost the blood of this generation.
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> * * * * * * * *
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> This unfortunate civil war has proven the immense resources of the American people. United we could withstand the world in arms. Disunited we are the prey of crafty and designing nations. Then, all efforts to restore peace with the Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was, cannot but be sacred. If conciliation will not do it, war must. As loyal Americans, worthy of ourselves and our ancestry and the glorious heritage bequeathed to us, let us interweave the olive branch with all the mighty powers of the government, the bow of promise with the terrible thunderbolt; let us implore our erring brethren to come back to the ties of American brotherhood and the Union, the ark of American liberty, the last and only refuge of freedom; and if that cry is not hearkened to, let us gather up all the resources of a mighty people and crush the last embers of the rebellion, and teach traitors that the American Union must and shall be preserved.

As an additional instance of the same truth, we may cite the Holman resolutions, which we republished in our columns yesterday, and for which every Democrat in the House of Representatives at Washington voted. A further instance is furnished by the unanimous vote of the conservatives of the same body for the following resolution:

> *Resolved*, That we hold it to be the duty of Congress to pass all necessary bills to supply men and money, and the duty of the people to render every aid in their power to the constituted authorities of the government in crushing out the rebellion and bringing the leaders thereof to condign punishment.

And so forth to the end of the chapter. In short, the conservatives of all parts of the Union and of whatever party antecedents are rallying upon the Kentucky Platform, by way of preparation for the grand struggle with radicalism in the coming Presidential election.

Union men of Kentucky! see to it that the thronging patriots of the land find you yourselves in full strength upon the ground to which your clarion notes have rallied them. You have publicly and solemnly hailed "with pleasurable hope the recent manifestations of conservative sentiment among the people of the non-slaveholding States," and in like manner have declared that you "regard the same as the earnest of a good purpose on their part to co-operate with all other loyal citizens, give security to the rights of every section, and maintain the Union and the Constitution as they were ordained by the founders of the Republic." This "pleasurable hope" is realized; this "earnest" is fulfilled. The conservatives of the non-slaveholding States are prepared faithfully to execute their good purpose "to co-operate with all other loyal citizens, give security to the rights of every section, and maintain the Union and the Constitution as they were ordained by the founders of the Republic." Take heed, Union men of Kentucky, that you, after joyfully welcoming this good purpose in the face of the country, are not less prepared faithfully to execute it. You have formally and with due solemnity invoked "the aid of all patriotic men to avert the evils that threaten our free institutions," from "an armed rebellion on one side," and "on the other" from "unconstitutional acts of Congress and startling usurpations of power by the Executive;" and the patriotic men of the North, responding to your invocation, stand ready with their aid to avert these threatening evils. Beware that you do not stand less ready with your own aid. Beware! for the sake not only of your honor and the honor of Kentucky but of the free existence of the Commonwealth and of the Republic.

The coming Presidential election will be beyond comparison the most important ever held in the country. A very high and responsible part in this contest is undoubtedly assigned to Kentucky; yet the part is easily comprehended. The path of duty and of safety and of renown is plain before Kentucky. She cannot honestly mistake it. Kentucky, in order to promote the salvation of the Union and to crown herself with eternal glory, has in the approaching contest but to prove true to her own principles as she has continually avowed them, and true to the gallant patriots of the North who have obeyed her call to aid in upholding those principles at the ballot-box and on the battle-field. The path of honor and of self-preservation is indeed plain before Kentucky. Let her tread it in her loyal and majestic way. We know that she will. It will never be said that Kentucky not only treacherously deserted her own principles but meanly shrunk away from the patriotic host she invoked to aid in defending them. Never! Never! They who conceive that Kentucky is capable of this double infamy add thereby a new title to her scorn and abhorrence.

☞ There is a paper in San Jose, California, called the Mercury. Its Editor is one J. J. Owen, who, to the shame and disgrace of his fellow-citizens, has been elected to the California Senate. He is a Black Republican and avowedly the or a champion of the Black Republican party of his State.

This Editor, in his paper of Nov. 26th, denounces us because we are opposed to the raising of nigger regiments, is bitter against us for not endorsing abolitionism, and calls upon the whole California press to quote us only to damn us. Nevertheless this Editor, in the very number of his paper we are speaking of, publishes an editorial in regard to Thanksgiving Day, in which he uses such language as this:

> All who believe in an overruling Providence are called upon this day, by the President of the United States, to lay aside their temporary avocations, and unite in offering up to that Being the tribute of thanksgiving and praise for His many blessings. We have cause for abundant joy in that our armies have been able to kill a goodly number of traitors during the past year, and to send their unshrived souls to hell, where it is to be hoped that the billows of remorse will wash over them for several ages. We have reason to be thankful that the Army of the Potomac is expected soon to cross the Rapid Ann with ten days' rations, and hopeful that it may not return before the rations are exhausted. We ought to bless His holy name for the invention of Greek fire, gunpowder, and 15-inch shells, for these things all have their holy uses in elevating the human race.

Now such language as this, used by an Editor who fiercely denounces us for not going with the administration and professes himself its devoted supporter, is, aside from all considerations of revolting blasphemy, as reckless and contemptible an exhibition as any human being ever contrived to make of himself.

☞ Among the measures which will probably occupy the attention of Congress this winter, will be the building a railroad from Washington to Pittsburg. The idea is a popular one, and it is one in regard to which there cannot be much clashing between the Northwest and the State of Pennsylvania, as has been the case on other questions of internal improvement.

☞ The rebel sympathizers talk about the taxation we shall have to endure if this war be prosecuted. No doubt we shall be taxed heavily if we carry on the war, but not a half nor a quarter or even a tenth part so heavily as we must be if we give up the Union.

☞ The Editor of the Richmond Whig says that the Southern Confederacy must be restored to its original prosperity. Well, we will send it a very famous restorative, Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

☞ Mr. S. Obin, of Missouri, says, in the Jefferson paper, that he approves "the whole policy of the administration." Mr. Obin's Christian name should be Jack.

☞ Eleven Union deserters were caught the other day near Knoxville. The 'leven ought to be purged out of the world lest the small mass leaven the whole lump.

☞ Gen. Jim Lane says that the fools are not all dead yet. If they were, and he were to tell it, men might say of him, "though dead, he yet speaketh."

☞ Our boats off Charleston throw about twelve shells a day into Charleston. It must be Dalghren's intention that Charleston shall be "done before a slow fire."

☞ A Republican Editor in Indiana thinks we have been "picked up." He, like a crooked pin, is not worth picking up.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
General
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND BANKERS,
No. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square,
ROBERT L. MAITLAND, } NEW YORK.
WILLIAM WRIGHT. } apr8 d&wly

NOTICE.
TO DEPOSITORS!!

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE I WILL PAY SIX per cent interest on Deposits for a specified time and four per cent on those subject to ten days' notice of withdrawal.
A. BLAND, Banker,
j6 dtf No. 403 Main street

IF YOU WANT A
Set of Ladies' Furs,
OR A
GENT'S FUR COLLLAR,
OR A
CHILD'S FUR MUFF,
OR A
WARM WOLF ROBE,
OR A
FINE PAIR OF GLOVES,
OR A
WELL-FITTING SHIRT,
OR A
FINE SILK HAT,
OR A
BEAUTIFUL SCARF,
FOR A
CHRISTMAS PRESENT,
GO TO
GREEN & GREEN'S,
Corner Main and Fourth.
d21

PRATHER & SMITH
429 Main street,
ARE CLOSING OUT THEIR IMMENSE STOCK
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S
FURS
AT
AUCTION PRICES.
d17 j&b

F. H. HEGAN
(Old House of HEGAN & ESCOTT),
411 MAIN ST., BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH,
Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer in French and American Window-Glass, Wall-Paper, Looking-Glasses, Engravings, Photograph and Ambrotype Materials.

My stock of PHOTOGRAPH and AMBROTYPE MATERIALS is as large and well-assorted as any in the market, and will be disposed of as favorably, at least, as they can be had elsewhere in the city.

The FACTORY FOR GILT WORK is fitted with the most approved machinery, and its facilities unsurpassed for furnishing all styles of Mirror and Picture Frames of new and elegant designs at the lowest rates.

ENGRAVINGS.

Particular attention is called to my assortment of fine ENGRAVINGS, colored and uncolored, to which are added the newest and best publications as they are issued by the first publishing houses of Europe and America.

Special attention given to the framing of Portraits, Photographs, Engravings, &c. aug24 dily

W. E. SNODDY, Louisville, Ky. R. S. HOWARD, New York, Late of R. H. Short & Co., N. O.
SNODDY & HOWARD,
Commission Merchants,
15 Broad street, NEW YORK.
W. E. SNODDY will remain in Louisville and make advances upon shipments to the house in New York. Office for the present at Snoddy, Gwynn, & Co.'s Shoe Store, 614 Main street. n14 dtfis

BROWN & CO.,
General
NEWS DEALERS AND PACKERS
AND FORWARDERS OF
Cheap Publications,
48 COLLEGE STREET,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

☞ Postmasters will find it to their interest to deal with us, as we are General Agents, and furnish any and all DAILY and WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES, &c., desired.
BROWN & CO.,
48 College st., Nashville, Tenn.
d8 dlm

GAS STOCK AT AUCTION.

THE LOUISVILLE GAS COMPANY WILL SELL $118 600 of their Capital Stock, 2,372 shares, which will increase the capital to $600,000, the limit authorized by their charter.

The Stock will be sold by S. G. Henry & Co., Auctioneers, at their Auction-room, Main street, between Sixth and Seventh, on MONDAY, the 11th of January, 1864, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., and will be offered in lots of two shares with the privilege of twenty shares. Terms cash.

A statement of the condition of the Gas Company will be published immediately after the annual settlement on the first Monday in January, 1864.
By order of the Board
d15 dtJan11 ROB'T G. COURTENAY, Pres't.

Balance Sheet of the Louisville Gas Co.

CREDITS.

Capital stock—			
Individuals, 5,628 shares at $50	$276,150 00		
City of Louisville, 4,105 shares at $50	205,250 00		
		$481,400 00	
Contingent fund from profits		70,000 00	
Due Thomas Glover, London, for metres		728 57	
Unpaid dividends—			
Nos. 41 to 48	$249 00		
Dividend No. 49	28,884 00		
Extra dividend No. 3, of a surplus gained in a series of years	85,111 52		
		114,235 52	
Profit and loss		2 23	
City of Louisville trust fund invested		93 976 88	
United States excise tax for December, 1863		632 46	
Lamplighters, to their credit		110 00	
		$761,085 66	

DEBITS.

Six per cent bonds paid by city of Louisville, her original subscription to Gas Company			$77,000 00
Cash on hand			17,574 83
Invested in Louisville Gas Works—			
Gas Works proper	$203,851 80		
Street mains	183,677 72		
Services	30,545 06		
Street lamps	31,276 66		
Metres	37,136 73		
Real estate—			
Original site for Gas Works	$18 801 09		
For extension of Gas Works, 210 feet front on Washington st., extending to Beargrass creek, and 165 feet front on Franklin st. to same creek	14,320 55		
Office and shops on Green street, with 65 ft. front on Green street	16,544 39		
		49,666 03	
			535,154 00
Gasfittings, including wagons, horses, and mules, &c., &c.			2,759 40
Gasfitting bills unpaid	$64 65		
Coke bills unpaid	807 30		
			871 95
Unpaid gas bills due city of Louisville	$7,683 50		
United States for hospitals, &c.	1,257 90		
Individuals	14,059 07		
			23,000 47
Coal on hand			9,123 77
Lime on hand			195 65
Belgian clay retorts, new, on hand			652 18
City of Louisville trust funds, bonds, and other securities held for her			94,735 29
Gas bills, small balances			18 12
			$761,085 66

Louisville, Kentucky, January 4th, 1864.
JOHN S. CAIN, Cashier.

It is ordered by the Board of Directors that the premium that may be obtained from the sale of 2,372 shares of gas stock, par value $118,600, to be sold by Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co. on Monday, the 11th of January, 1864, is to be added to the $70,000 that is placed to the credit of contingent fund, and the whole sum form the contingent fund of the Company.
ROBT. G. COURTENAY,
j5 dtjan11 President Louisville Gas Company.
Anzeiger and Volksblatt please copy.

GOLD AND SILVER
WANTED

BY J. Q. A. ODER, on Third street, near Main. Highest rates will be paid. d24 dislm

JOHN B. WILLIAMSON.
JOB BOOK BINDERY
AND
Blank Book Manufactory,
Southeast corner of Main and Third streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.
☞ Binding and Ruling of every description done at the shortest notice. d31 dislm*

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE MEMBERS OF FALLS CITY LODGE (No. 376) A. Y. M. are hereby notified to attend a regular meeting of said Lodge THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for installation and work.
By order of the W. M. j5 d1*

75 BAGS PRIME RIO COFFEE in store and for sale by [j5] JNO. R. GHEENS & BRO.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME Mr. BEN. S. BOARD (late of the Boone Tobacco Warehouse), and will continue to do a GENERAL COMMISSION and GROCERY business at the old stand, 312 Main street, between Third and Fourth, under the style of GRIFFITH & BOARD.
Louisville, Jan. 1, 1864. JNO. H. GRIFFITH.

JNO. H. GRIFFITH. BEN. S. BOARD.
GRIFFITH & BOARD,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND DEALERS IN
Groceries and Produce,
No. 312 Main street, between Third and Fourth sts.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES—J. W. Cardwell, Esq., Cashier Harrodsburg Savings Bank; Spratt & Co., Pickett Tobacco Warehouse; Glover & Co., Boone Tobacco Warehouse; F. S. J. Ronald, Ninth Street Tobacco Warehouse; Phelps, Caldwell, & Co., Louisville Tobacco Warehouse; Nock, Wicks, & Co., Wm. S. Davis, Esq., A. Rawson & Co., and Gardner & Co., Louisville, Ky.
j5 d12

GEO. T. BARRET, Attorney at Law. JNO. C. BONNYCASTLE, Late Ass't Q. M. Regular Army.
BARRET & BONNYCASTLE,
Collect Claims for
Pensions, Bounty, Retained Pay, &c.,
Due discharged and deceased Soldiers and their heirs,
ALSO
Quartermaster and Subsistence Vouchers,
And will prepare and prosecute claims for loss or damage of property caused by the Federal armies.
☞ *Office on Jefferson street, opposite Courthouse, Louisville.* j5 d3m*

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED OF Mr. E. Barrow his entire interest in the stable on Third street, and thoroughly refitted the same, I respectfully ask a share of public patronage. My terms are as low as the times will admit of. Special attention paid to boarding horses. Good hiring stock constantly on hand.
j5 d1m* ANDREW PEACOCK.

Strayed,

FROM CHAPEL STREET, BETWEEN Tenth and Eleventh, on New Year's day, a SPECKLED COW, with a young calf about seven or eight days old, with her horns turning or pointing to each other. The specks are white and red, the white predominating. I will satisfy the finder liberally to let me know of her whereabouts or deliver the Cow and Calf to me on Chapel street. [j5 d3*] BRIDGET MICHAEL.

LOST,

IN THE VICINITY OF ELEVENTH AND WEST streets, on the 1st of January, a small, light brown Terrier Slut, ears and tail uncut, and answers to the name of Flora. A suitable reward will be given for her return to her owner, southwest corner of Seventh and Magazine streets. j5 d6*

DIVIDEND.
PEOPLE'S BANK OF KENTUCKY, }
LOUISVILLE, Jan. 4, 1864. }

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of four (4) per cent was declared, free of Government tax, payable to stockholders on demand.
j5 d3 J. H. HUBER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.

A SEMI ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SIX AND a half per cent will be paid shareholders in the Pickett Tobacco Warehouse on application to Reuben Dawson, Custom-house building, on and after Wednesday, the 6th inst.
By order of the Trustees. j5 d2*

Office Louisville Marine Insurance Co.,
LOUISVILLE, Jan. 4, 1864.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of THIS Company will be held at their office on Monday, the 11th inst., to elect a President and six Directors to serve during the ensuing year.
j5 d3* WM. SINTON, Sec'y.

Office Gas Company,
Jan. 4, 1864.

A REGULAR SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF six per cent on the capital stock of the Louisville Gas Company was this day declared, payable on demand. j5 d3 ROB'T G. COURTENAY, Pres't.

Rooms and Board.

A HANDSOME SUITE of ROOMS, WITH BOARD in a private family where there are no children, and situated in a central part of the city, can be had by applying by letter to Box 1,108 Louisville Postoffice, giving name and address. Reference required.
j5 d3*

For Hire,

THREE SERVANTS—A Man, good at any work; a Girl, 16 years old, house servant and seamstress; a Boy, 13 years old, active, good boy. Apply to
WM. G. GRAY,
j5 d3* No. 236 Jefferson st.

BANK OF KENTUCKY.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE DOLLARS PER share, free of Government tax, will be paid to Stockholders on demand. H. A. GRISWOLD,
j5 d3 Cashier pro tem.

For Hire,

A NEGRO BOY, ABOUT 13 YEARS OLD, ACcustomed to house work. Apply to J. B. Lewis, at J. B. Lewis & Co.'s, Second street, between Main and Market. ian5 dtf

For Hire,

A NEGRO GIRL ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD. Call on [j5 d3] S. S. BUSH.

PORTABLE HAY AND COTTON PRESSES.

WE HAVE 6 INGERSOLL HAY AND COTTON Presses for sale. MUNN & CO.,
j5 d3* 217 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

25 HHDS PRIME N. O. SUGAR;
40 bbls Powdered and Crushed Sugar;
In store and for sale by
j5 JNO. R. GHEENS & BRO.

200 BOXES STAR CANDLES;
50 boxes Mould do;
In store and for sale by
j5 JNO. R. GHEENS & BRO.

150 PACKAGES G. P. TEA;
20 do Black do;
In store and for sale by
j5 JNO. R. GHEENS & BRO.

SOAP—
150 boxes German Soap;
40 do Palm do;
75 do Fancy do;
25 do Castile do;
In store and for sale by
j5 JNO. R. GHEENS & BRO.

SECOND KENTUCKY
Heavy Artillery!
RE-ENLISTMENT OF
12 Months' Men.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF War and Governor Bramlette, the undersigned is authorized to *re enlist* men now in the twelve months' Kentucky service for three years in the Second Heavy Artillery. Re-enlisted men will be immediately mustered out of service on the regular muster out roll, and be simultaneously mustered into the Batteries now forming for the Second Artillery.

Transportation will be furnished to any number of men who wish to re enlist in the Batteries now forming at Bowling Green. Officers in the twelve months' service wishing to re-enlist Batteries from their regiments will address, stating the number of men they can obtain, Capt. T. B. WIGFALL,
Supt. of Recruiting 2d Ky. Heavy Artillery,
j4 d6* Bowling Green, Ky.

ROBERT M. CANNON. JAS. BUCHANAN. { Late of Carter & Buchanan, Louisville, Ky.
R. M. CANNON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 179 South Water St., Cor La Salle,
ILLINOIS.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE ON CONsignments to us. Orders promptly filled for the hog product, grain, seeds, or anything in the Chicago market.

REFER TO
H. D. Newcomb & Bro., Louisville, Ky.
Tucker & Co., " "
George C. Hunter, " "
And the Louisville merchants generally. j4 d6

MEN'S CLOTHING,
YOUTHS' CLOTHING,
BOYS' CLOTHING,
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
MILITARY CLOTHING,
DRESS CLOTHING,
BUSINESS SUITS;
Also
SHIRTS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
UNDERWEAR,
SUSPENDERS,
SCARFS,
TIES, &c.;
Together with an immense stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS; just received at
J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
j4 tjan11 On Main, opposite the National.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, }
FIRST DIVISION 23D ARMY CORPS, }
LOUISVILLE, January 4, 1864. }

NOTICE.

THE OWNERS OF NEGROES WHO HAVE BEEN employed in supplying wood for the use of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, for which service the negroes have been exempted from impressment for labors of military roads, are hereby notified that, unless the said negroes are kept faithfully at work in compliance with the contract as set forth in their exemption papers, they will at once be impressed for the Government service, under the provisions of General Order No. 41 of August 10, 1863.
By command of Brig.-Gen. BOYLE.
A. C. SEMPLE,
j4 dtf Assistant-Adjutant General.

STOLEN,

FROM MY STABLE, NEAR SIMPSONville, Shelby Co., Ky., on the night of the 27th ult., a black Horse, 11 years old, about 15 hands high, of good proportions, heavy mane and tail, one hind foot white, one or two black spots in the white, and a few white hairs about the root of his tail, and his knees a little set forward. I will give fair compensation for the delivery of the horse at Brown's Stable, Louisville, or at my house, near Simpsonville. THOS. M. GATHRIGHT.
December 29, 1863. j4 d2*

Louisville and Nashville Railroad,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF }
MACHINERY AND ROAD DEPARTMENT, }
LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 1, 1864. }

THE LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILroad Company desire to hire a number of Negroes to work on the repairs of the road. Negroes thus employed will be exempted from military service.

Apply to J. H. Kean, Road Master, at Cave City, or to the undersigned. ALBERT FINK,
j4 dtf Sup't M. and R. Dep't.

Southern Bank of Kentucky,
RUSSELLVILLE, KY., Jan 2, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE STOCKholders of this Bank that a payment in liquidation of 75 per cent in coin will be made to them on the delivery of their stock certificates and the execution of proper receipts either at the principal bank or at the branch in Louisville.
j4 d6 G. W. NORTON, President.

For Hire,

A NEGRO WOMAN, WITH TWO CHILDREN, who is a good cook, washer, and ironer. Apply immediately to G. W. CHATFIELD,
j4 d3* No. 731 Main st., bet. Seventh and Eighth.

For Hire,

A WOMAN SUITABLE FOR COOK OR WASHER and ironer. Apply to
Mrs. ABRAHAM HITE,
j4 d6 Corner of First and Broadway.

Franklin Bank of Kentucky,
LOUISVILLE, Jan. 2, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held to day, a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent was declared, payable to stockholders on demand free of Government tax.
j3 d3 J. D. O'LEARY, Cashier.

S. T.---1860.---X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated

PLANTATION BITTERS,

which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen, and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhea, Cholera, and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, winter green, sassafras, roots, and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has D. S. Barnes's signature on our private U. S. Stamp over the cork, with plantation scene, and our firm signature on a fine steel plate engraving on side label. See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. We defy any person to match the taste or character of our goods. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk is an impostor. We sell only in our log cabin bottle. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the U. S. Law, and will be so prosecuted by us. We already have our eye on two parties re-filling our bottles, &c., who will succeed in getting themselves into close quarters. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is perfectly incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. The are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats, and country stores.
P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
o10 deod&weow6m 202 Broadway, N. Y.

Proposals for Government Transportation.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER }
OF WESTERN RIVER TRANSPORTATION, }
ST. LOUIS, MO., Dec. 16, 1863. }

PROPOSALS FOR GOVERNMENT TRANSPORtation on the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers will be received at the office of Captain Swigart, Quartermaster of Transportation at Cincinnati; Captain Ferry, Quartermaster of Transportation at Louisville; and Captain Parsons, Quartermaster of Transportation at St. Louis, until 12 o'clock M., MONDAY, 11th January, 1864.

Bidders will state the rate per hundred miles, for which they will transport Officers and Troops, Horses, Mules, Cattle, Wagons, and Hay. Also rate per one hundred pounds, per hundred miles, for all other freight from Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo, and St. Louis to Nashville and Eastport, and to and from intermediate points.

Bids will be made respectively on the basis of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 feet of water.

In case boats are detained beyond a reasonable length of time in unloading, or otherwise by neglect, or orders of Government officers, demurrage will be allowed.

Arrangements will also be made so that boats will not be delayed for convoys unless at their own request.

Bids can be made separately or jointly for the transportation from Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo, and St. Louis, as also to the Cumberland and Tennessee.

Bids may also be made for the whole transportation, or for any given number of tons, not *less than five thousand*.

The right to annul the contract on twenty days' written notice, will be reserved to both parties, unless bidders choose to make an alternative proposition for a certain contract for any given length of time, from three (3) to twelve (12) months.

When there is Government coal at Nashville it will be furnished at the cost to Government.

Compensation will be made in all cases for the actual distance transported.

Bids will be addressed to and opened by either of the above-named Quartermasters.

A sufficient bond will be required for the performance of any contracts entered into.

Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids considered unreasonable.
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster Western River Transportation. j4 d7

Notice of Leasing Abandoned Plantations.

BY DIRECTION OF THE SECRETARY OF THE Treasury, and in pursuance of the order of the Secretary of War, I have assumed the supervision of leasing abandoned lands, tenements, and houses, in insurrectionary States within the First Agency, which embraces Tennessee, Arkansas, and so much of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama, as is within the lines of the army operating from the North.

I shall go down the Mississippi at once to make the necessary arrangements for leasing plantations and providing them with the labor of freedmen.

Information as to terms, &c., will be published as soon as possible. In the meantime, persons desirous of leasing plantations for the coming year may feel assured that every effort will be made to insure protection to those working such lands, and to allow profits commensurate to the enterprise.

Persons with small means, disposed to devote their personal labor with those employed by them, will be particularly encouraged.

It is estimated by those who have examined the subject that the capital required for working one hundred acres will be about $3,000, and the net profits about $10 000, at present prices of staples.

Agricultural implements and all other articles used in cultivating the plantations must be furnished by the lessees.

The freedmen will be forwarded to places convenient for employment, and it is supposed that as many as are wanted can be found ready to labor.

Agents will be immediately appointed, authorized to lease to those who apply at Goodrich's Landing, Vicksburg, Natchez, and such other places as may be convenient to persons interested.

Dated at Cincinnati December 30, 1863.
WM. P. MELLEN,
Supervising Special Agent,
ja4 d6 First Agency Treasury Department.

NOTICE TO COTTON-DEALERS.

OFFICE OF SUPERVISING SPECIAL AGENT, }
FIRST AGENCY UNITED STATES TREASURY DEP'T, }
CINCINNATI, December 30, 1863. }

BY CONSENT OF GENERAL GRANT AND Army Corps District Commanders in his Department, and in pursuance of instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, authority will be given to all proper persons to purchase the products of States in insurrection, at all places in this agency within the lines of National military occupation.

Application for such authorities can be made to any Assistant Special Agent in the First Agency, or at this office.

Parties receiving authorities will be required to give bond, with two sufficient sureties, conditioned for their observance of all regulations, rules, and military orders, and for the payment of all Government fees and taxes. W. P. MELLEN,
j4 d6 Supervising Special Ag't Treas'y Departm't.

PROPOSALS FOR WOOD.

OFFICE OF DEPOT QUARTERMASTER, }
Jeffersonville, Ind., Jan. 1, 1864. }

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS office until the 8th inst., at 10 A. M., for a constant supply of Wood at the Government Hospitals at Port Fulton and the Barracks at Camp Joe Holt until April 30, 1864.

The quantity required will vary from 150 to 500 cords per month. The successful bidder will be expected to furnish the amount required be it more or less, and to always have sufficient on hands to supply the demand.

Bidders may state in their proposals the price at which they will *deliver* the wood at the places of consumption, and likewise the price on their own premises, the Government providing the transportation, leaving it to the option of the undersigned to accept that most favorable to the Government. But in no case will the Government undertake to haul the wood over a distance of three miles from the corporate limits of Jeffersonville. In all cases the condition of the roads will be considered.

The successful bidder will be required to furnish bonds for the faithful performance of his contract.

None but merchantable hard wood, at 128 cubic feet to the cord, will be received.
THEO. C. BOWLES,
j4 d4 Capt. and A. Q. M.

Copartnership.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH US Wm. T. Hamilton in the Tobacco manufacturing business, under the name and style as heretofore of J. B. Lewis & Co.
Louisville, Jan. 1, 1864.

JNO. B. LEWIS. JNO. R. HAMILTON. WM. T. HAMILTON.
J. B. LEWIS & CO.,
Tobacco Manufacturers,
Second Street, Bet. Main and Market,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
j4 d3

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF H. D. NEWCOMB & BROS. EXpires by limitation, and either member of the firm will sign in liquidation.
H. D. NEWCOMB,
WARREN NEWCOMB,
F. NEWCOMB,
Jan. 1, 1864—d30 S. A. HARTWELL.

Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE THE COMMISSION and GROCERY business under the style of H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.
H. D. NEWCOMB,
Jan. 1 1864—d30 F. NEWCOMB.

STOLEN,

FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON WEDNESday night, the 30th ult., a BAY BOBTAIL GELDING, 7 or 8 years old, about 15½ hands high; star in forehead. Any information will be thankfully received, and for his delivery a fair reward will be paid at my residence, or at Moody & Young's stable in Louisville. Residence on the Taylorsville pike, Jefferson county, Ky.
j1 d5* PETER FUNK.

Wines—Wines.

A FULL assortment of Wines on hand to be sold at cost by DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.,
j4 d1m Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

DOW & BURKHARDT,

GROCERS & DEALERS IN FINE TEAS, EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, FISH, WOODEN and WILLOW WARE, &c., 417 Market street, Louisville, Ky.
j4 d6

CHOICE FLOUR—50 bbls Extra White Wheat Flour in store and for sale by
j4 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

CANDLE WICK—A full supply in store and for sale by
j4 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—1,000 lbs fresh Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour in store and for sale by
j4 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

NEW HAMS—Stagg's sugar-cured Hams, Dried Beef and Mock Venison in store and for sale by
j4 d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

LONDON PORTER—10 casks Hibbert's pints just received and for sale by
J. B. SIMPSON,
j4 d2 627 Main st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE—40 doz Lea & Perrin's and half pints for sale by
J. B. SIMPSON,
j4 d2 627 Main st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

INSURANCE.

Home Insurance Co. of New York. Net Assets	$1,750,000.
Arctic Insurance Co. of New York. Net Assets	$320,000.
Metropolitan Insurance Co. of New York. Net Assets	$380,000.
Springfield Insurance Co. of Springfield, Mass. Net Assets	$425,000.
Massasoit Insurance Co. of Springfield, Mass. Net Assets	$230,000.
Providence Washington Insurance Co. of Providence, R. I. Net Assets	$365,000.
Charter Oak Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct. Net Assets	$320,000.
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston. Net Assets	$2,500,000.

FIRE, CARGO, and LIFE INSURANCE given in the above first class Companies, and losses promptly and equitably adjusted by
J. L. DANFORTH,
Insurance Agent and Notary Public,
jy17 eodly Office corner Main and Bullitt sts.

A. CRAIG. H. P. TRUMAN. T. M. SWANN.
CRAIG, TRUMAN, & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers
IN
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS
AND
FURS,
No. 607 Main street,
Second door from the Louisville Hotel.

We intend keeping constantly on hand a large and well-selected stock, and invite an examination by the trade generally before purchasing elsewhere. Our experience in the business warrants us in saying that we can offer inducements not excelled in the West.
j1 d1m

Quarterly Report of the First National Bank of Louisville, Jan. 1, 1864.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$54,397 53
Due from Banks and Bankers		7,971 78
Specie and other lawful money of the United States		42,003 80
Cash items and Revenue Stamps		1,419 00
U. S. Bonds deposited with Treasurer of the U. S. to secure circulation		55,000 00
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness on hand and U. S. Bonds in transitu		41,800 00
Bills of solvent Banks		825 00
Expense Account		519 35
Furniture "		772 10
Total Resources		$204,708 56

LIABILATIES.

Capital stock paid in		$77,000 00
Profit and Loss		2,071 37
Due to Banks		13,722 13
Due to Dep't to cr. of Treas'r U. S.	$30 000 00	
Due to Depositors on demand	50,275 06	
Due to am't deposited for Stock	31,640 00	
		111,915 06
Total Liabilities		$204,708 56

*** The above report is for the months of November and December.
j2 d3 R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier.

Office First National Bank of Louisville,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 2, 1864.

A CALL OF 15 PER CENT OF THE CAPITAL Stock of this Bank is hereby made, payable on Monday, Jan. 11, by order of the Board.
j2 dtd R. M. CUNNINGHAM Cashier.

GROCERIES—
70 hhds new crop Louisiana Sugar;
40 hhds old do do do;
50 bbls Refined White Soft do;
125 bbls Crushed and Granulated Sugar;
150 bbls Refined Yellow C do;
125 bags Rio Coffee;
80 pockets Java do;
100 half chests Gunpowder Tea;
150 do do Oolong do;
60 bbls N. O. Molasses;
30 bbls Golden Syrup;
20 ½do do do;
200 boxes German Soap;
100 boxes Palm do;
300 boxes Star Candles;
460 boxes Maddison and Columbus Starch;
75 bbls No. 1 Mackerel;
50 ½do No. 1 do;
250 kits No. 1 do;
30 bbls No. 2 do;
60 ½do No. 2 do;
50 bbls No. 3 do;
40 ½do No. 3 do; for sale by
j4 d4 GARDNER & CO.

Bourbon Whiskey—Bourbon Whiskey.

WE have in store on consignment—
100 bbls Bourbon Whiskey 5 years old;
230 " " " 3½ " "
140 " " " 2½ " "
300 " " " 1½ " "
150 " " " 1½
Which we offer at very low figures.
DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.,
j4 d1m Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

Tobacco—Tobacco.

JUST received from the manufacturer—
150 caddies Black Sweet Tobacco, ¼ lbs;
12 butts " " " 10's;
Which we will sell below the market price.
DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.,
j4 d'2 Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

G. G. ALLEN,
Kanawha Salt Agency,
Third street, between Main and River.
A full supply of best brands Kanawha Salt always on hand. j2 d10is

Office of C. N. Warren & Co., Bankers,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 1, 1864.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED INTO OUR firm Mr. W. S. Parker, who has been connected with our house for a number of years. The style of the firm will remain unchanged. We will continue the Exchange and Banking business at our old stand, No. 415 Main street. [j1 d10] C. N. WARREN & CO.

Office First National Bank of Louisville,
LOUISVILLE, Jan. 1, 1864.

STOCKHOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the annual election for nine Directors will be held at this office on Tuesday, Jan. 12.
R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier.

There is a part of the authorized increased stock of this Bank not yet taken, application for which can be made at this office. j1 dtd

STORAGE.

THE BULK OF 5,000 BBLS WILL BE TAKEN at low rates by D. H. COWAN,
j1 d10 No. 724 Main st., bet. Seventh and Eighth.

Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF DAVIS, GREEN, & CO. IS THIS day dissolved by limitation.
GEO. DAVIS,
J. B. GREEN,
Jan. 1, 1864. GEO. A. HOOD.

GEORGE DAVIS AND JNO. B. GREEN WILL continue the BOOT and SHOE business at the old stand under the style of
Jan. 1, 1864.—j2 d6 DAVIS & GREEN.

Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF SHERLEY, BELL, & CO. WAS dissolved by mutual consent September 7, 1861. Either party is authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of all liabilities or debts due the firm.
Z. M. SHERLEY,
J. K. BELL,
R. H. WOOLFOLK.
Louisville, Ky., Dec. 22, 1863.

LOUIS A. SHERLEY has been a partner in our house since September 7, 1861. The style of the firm hereafter will be SHERLEY, WOOLFOLK, & CO.
SHERLEY, WOOLFOLK, & CO.
Jan. 1, 1864. j2 d12

NOTICE.
OFFICE WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY, }
Louisville, 31st December, 1863. }

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF this Company will take place on MONDAY, 11th JANUARY, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M., to elect nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year.
d31 d10 WM. ROSS, Secretary.

For Hire.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING A NUMBER OF Servants for hire, among whom are some first-rate Cooks, Washers and Ironers, House Servants, Dining-room Servants, Carriage-drivers, Nurses, &c., can be found at the China Store of Hooe & Peters, on Market street, between Fourth and Fifth streets.
d31 dtf W. C. KEAS.

Strayed,

ON THE 24TH INST., FROM A DROVE, a broke MULE with B branded on the left side of neck. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of the mule to Gaslin & Brawner's stable, on Market, between Sixth and Seventh.
d30 d6*

COAL! COAL!

J. N. COLLINS IS NOW SELLING THE BEST Coal in the market, at the lowest price, delivered immediately when ordered. He sells coal to the poor at cost. His office is on Third street, near Jefferson, east side (old Post-office.)

His Coal is weighed by the City Inspector. A word to the wise, &c. [d29 d10*] J. N. COLLINS.

Copartnership.

MESSRS. ALEX. CRAIG AND N. S. PLATT are this day associated with us as partners. We will continue business in this city and Nashville, Tenn., under the old style. GREEN & GREEN.
Louisville, Jan. 1, 1864. j2 d3

Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership. The style of the firm will be WELLER & BUCKNER.
W. L. WELLER,
Jan 1, 1864—d6* JAS. P. BUCKNER.

Copartnership.

MR. JAMES G SHRYOCK IS THIS DAY ADmitted as a partner in my Factory. We will continue to manufacture Tobacco under the style of WM. J. ADDERSON & CO.
WM J. ANDERSON.
Louisville, Jan. 1, 1864—d6

LICORICE—
40 cases J. C & Co.;
250 do M. & F., R. R., Q. Z.;
Now arriving and for sale by
j4 d2 JAMES TODD, 324 Main st.

OFFICE FOR RENT—Front Office on second floor of my store.
j4 d2 JAMES TODD, 324 Main st.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

For Sale,

A REGULATION SWORD, WITH SASH AND belt if desired. It is one of the finest blades in the service, purchased long before the present war, and will be sold a bargain if applied for soon at R. H. Cochrell's office, Court Place. j5 d1

Building Site for Sale.

A TRACT OF FORTY ACRES, SITUATED ON the Frankfort Railroad, a little this side and in sight of La Grange. This property is, undoubtedly, one of the most eligible building sites in Kentucky, combining in its ready-made lawn, woods, and noble spring, with its whole formation and arrangement, every requisite for a superior villa residence. It contains an unusual amount of the most valuable timber. Persons desiring further information can apply to DAVID S. CHAMBERS, Real Estate Agent, Fifth street, near Market. j5 d6*

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

WE HAVE FOR SALE AT THE FACTORY, corner of Eighth and Green streets, 3 Iron Lathes.
MUNN & CO.,
j5 d3* 217 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

FOUR-HORSE WAGON FOR SALE.

WE HAVE A LARGE FOUR-HORSE WAGON, made suitable for hauling baled cotton, which we will sell low for cash. It can be seen at the factory, corner Eighth and Green streets.
MUNN & CO.,
j5 d3* 217 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

A Good Shelby Farm for Sale.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF AGE AND INFIRMITY I offer for sale my farm, containing 305 acres of good land, situated in Shelby county, Kentucky, eight miles north of Shelbyville. The Westport road passes through it. The improvements are good, and the farm is in a fine state of cultivation, lies well, and is well timbered and watered; a branch of Big Bullskin creek passes through it, and there are three fine ponds of water on it. There are 130 acres of fine timbered land divided into three pastures, finely set with bluegrass. As I want to sell, if applied to quick I will give a good bargain. Possession can be given by the 1st of March.
j4 d8* WILLIAM C. PRICE.

For Sale or Hire,

A NEGRO WOMAN WITH OR WITHOUT HER three children. She is a good cook, washer, and ironer, and altogether a good house servant. Will be sold or hired very low to go to the country. Apply at the office of J. B. WHITMAN,
d31 d6 411 Main st.

Steamboat for Sale.

A SIDE-WHEEL BOAT, NEARLY NEW, WILL carry about 600 tons, runs fast, has fine machinery and splendid cabin, berths sixty passengers; with all modern improvements, and complete in every respect. For further information apply to
MOORHEAD & CO.
d28 d1m Louisville, Ky.
☞ Cincinnati Commercial, Nashville Press, and Memphis Bulletin copy to amount of $5 each and send bill to this office.

Valuable Property for Sale.

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, VALUABLE property fronting on Jacob, College, and Breckinridge streets. Also, on Brook, Floyd, and Arthur or Preston streets. The greater part of this property fronts on streets already paved (in some instances bowldered), in one of the most agreeable and rapidly improving portions of the city; and, from the character of the improvements erected and in contemplation, presents the greatest inducement to purchasers, either for speculation or to those wishing to provide themselves with desirable homes.

For terms, apply at my office, on the southeast corner of Market and Third streets (second story), where maps, showing the respective lots, may be seen. Office hours from 10 A. M. to 12 M.
d19 d1m THOMAS P. JACOB.
Democrat and Anzeiger copy.

Farm for Sale.

I OFFER MY FARM, KNOWN AS the "Bell Farm," containing 455 acres, for sale. It is situated in Jackson county, Indiana, within two miles of Seymour, at which place the O. & M. and J. and I. R. R. cross each other, and is a very desirable location. There are 300 acres in a high state of cultivation (170 acres of which are finely set in clover, 20 acres in timothy, the balance timber, with three different hog lots, all of which are well watered). There is a comfortable dwelling-house of six rooms, together with an out-house for workmen to sleep in, an excellent barn and stable room for 75 head of mules, also an orchard of well-selected fruit. For further particulars apply, on the premises, to
n27 dis7w* SAMUEL FEARN.

For Sale,

$4,500 (ALL PAID) STOCK OF ASHLAND BANK KENTUCKY. For terms, apply to J. Z. Price, of Dickinson, Price, & Bishop, 102 and 104 Pearl street, Cincinnati, or Hughes & Parkhill, Louisville. o21 dtf

HARDWARE,
Cutlery,
GUNS, & PISTOLS.

We invite the attention of Country Merchants, Sutlers, and other buyers, to our stock of the above goods, which is one of the largest and most complete in the West, and large additions are now being made to it.

Goods sold at very low prices for cash.

☞ Buyers will find it to their interest to examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
☞ Special attention given to filling orders.
A. B. SEMPLE & SONS,
N. W. Corner Sixth and Main sts.

POCKET CUTLERY AND RAZORS.

We have in store a very large stock of POCKET CUTLERY, RAZORS, RAZOR STRAPS, &c., selected specially for Sutlers, and will be sold very cheap.
A. B. SEMPLE & SONS.

COLT'S PISTOLS

A large stock of COLT'S and other REVOLVERS always on hand, and are offered at very low prices.
A. B. SEMPLE & SONS.
d29 d20is

ROBACK'S BITTERS.

GREENBACK'S ARE GOOD, BUT
ROBACK'S ARE BETTER.

STOMACH BITTERS.
Ten thousand bottles sold in one month. The most popular stomach bitters in use.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
Good for all derangement of the Stomach, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, and general debility.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
They possess wonderful tonic properties, giving tone to the appetite and digestive organs.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
Debilitated Ladies and sedentary persons will find in them an excellent tonic.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
A wineglassful before each meal will remove indigestion and all liver diseases.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
They are better than all Pills, Powders, and other nauseous, disagreeble compounds.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
They can be taken without regard to diet. As an appetizer they have no equal.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
They are prepared by an old and skilful physician from well known vegetable remedies.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
Wherever known they have become a standard family strengthening remedy.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
Try one bottle, and you will always use them and recommend them to others.

ROBACK'S BITTERS.
C. W. ROBACK..........Sole Proprietor.
Office and Manufactory Nos. 56, 58, 60, and 62 East Third street, Cincinnati, O.

SOLD BY
RAYMOND & TYLER..........Louisville.
W. & H. BURKHARDT..........Do.
J. GOTTSCHALK & CO..........Do.
H. T. HARTMAN..........Do.
L. JEFFERSON..........Do.
J. COLGAN..........Do.
J. W. SEATON..........Do.
And by all Druggists and Merchants everywhere.
jy8 d2aw

GUNS!
GUNS!
GUNS!
GUNS!
PISTOLS!
PISTOLS!
PISTOLS!
PISTOLS!
AMMUNITION!
AMMUNITION!
AMMUNITION!
AMMUNITION!

A full stock in store and for sale by
JOSEPH GRIFFITH & SON,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Fire Arms and Ammunition,
d4 dis3m Fifth street, near Main.

WM. W. MORRIS. EDW. HOGG. A. GOWDY
WM. W. MORRIS & CO.,
405 MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY. 105 CHAMBERS ST. NEW YORK.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Notions,
Stationery,
Furnishing Goods,
Sutlers' Goods,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
405 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.
aug17 disly

R. ATKINSON,
Tobacco Factor & Commission Merchant,
NEW YORK.

ADVANCES WILL BE MADE ON SHIPMENTS to above address or to Liverpool, by O. W. Thomas & Co., No. 122 West Main street. n13 disly

SUGAR—
300 bbls Yellow Sugar;
200 bbls White do;
30 hhds P. R. do; for sale by
d30 JAMES TODD, 324 Main st.

WANTED.

Wanted.

A BOY, FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, AT THE Crystal Palace, who is an experienced house servant. j5

Wanted,

A SITUATION AS LIGHT PORTER BY A REspectable boy about 15 years old. Apply to Jno. Ninehouse, No. 337 Market street, between Floyd and Preston. j5 d1*

Wanted,

CAVALRY HORSES, FOR WHICH the highest market price will be paid. ANDREW PEACOCK.
j5 d1m*

Board Wanted,

FOR A GENTLEMAN, LADY, AND CHILD. Not particular about location. Reference given if necessary. Address J. S. C., Drawer XIX, Louisville.
j5 d3*

Drug Clerk Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN, POSSESSING SOME KNOWLedge of the Drug business, can have employment and acquire a practical knowledge of laboratory operations. Apply at Louisville Chemical Works.
j5 d3*

I WANT TO HIRE, FOR THE PRESENT YEAR, 15 good NEGRO MEN for work on my farm, in Henderson county, Ky. For further particulars inquire at H. E. Lewis & Co.'s, north side Main, between Sixth and Seventh streets.
j4 d4* WM. L. ALVES.

Waiters Wanted.

5 GOOD WAITERS wanted at
WALKER'S EXCHANGE,
j4 d3 Third st., bet. Main and Market.

Wanted,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, A NEGRO MAN, one that is steady and reliable and understands running a steam engine. For such a good hire will be given. Inquire at Kennedy's Mills, Eighth street, between Main and Market. j4 d6*

Servant Wanted.

A GOOD WASHER AND IRONER IS WANTED for the ensuing year by GEO. W. WICKS,
j4 d3* Of Nock, Wicks, & Co.

A Principal for a High School Wanted.

ANY ONE DESIRING THE POSITION OF PRINcipal for a High School will present himself, well recommended, to the Board of Trustees of the Campbellsville Educational Society, at Campbellsville, Taylor county, Ky., by the 1st of February, 1864.
ROBT. COLOM, President Board.
j4 d3* GEO. W. MONTAGUE, Sec'y.

Salesman Wanted.

WE ARE IN WANT OF A SALESMAN WHO has some knowledge of the Wholesale Hat Trade, and a good country acquaintance. Apply by letter, stating name and qualifications for the situation, to WM. DODD & CO., 144 Main street, Cincinnati. j4 d6*

A YOUNG MAN, A STRANGER IN THE CITY, is desirous of obtaining a situation in a store or office; would have no objections to going out of the city. Please address
j3 d3* A. H. R., Box 210, Louisvile P. O.

Board Wanted,

FOR A GENTLEMAN, LADY, AND CHILD, IN a central location, say between Second and Eighth and Main and Chestnut streets. Will furnish their room if required. First class city references given. Address S. & V., Postoffice Drawer No 133, Louisville.
j3 d6

Wanted,

A COLORED MAN AS HOUSE SERVANT AND to take care of a horse.
J. A. McCLELLAND,
j3 d3 Fifth st., bet. Green and Walnut.

WANTED—AND NO HUMBUG—A MAN FROM every town south of the Ohio River to make TWO or THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS a year without delaying other business. Also gentlemen wishing to change their business can make FOUR or FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS a year. Call at room No. 4 (up stairs) 505 Jefferson street, opposite the Court-house, Kentucky Eating house building, Louisville. For particulars address Box 545 and enclose ten cent stamp. d31 eodlm*

Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE FOR THE ENSUING YEAR a first-rate Dining-room Servant and Carriage-driver. Apply at the Insurance Office, No. 413 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.
d29 dtf B. D. KENNEDY.

MANAGER WANTED,

TO TAKE CHARGE OF A COTTON PLANTAtion in Mississippi, and ship the crop, now gathering, on shares. The place is well stocked, and has not been damaged by military operations. It has produced one thousand bales of cotton per annum, and nearly all the labor is remaining on it. Liberal inducements will be offered to a person who will be well recommended. For further information, address
d28 d&wlm H. C. PINDELL, Louisville, Ky.

Wanted,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, A NEGRO MAN as competent house servant.
d28 dtf M. L. BELKNAP.

Wanted to Hire,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, A WOMAN TO COOK, Wash, and Iron. Enquire of S. W. RAPLEE & CO., 404 Third street. d21 dtf.

Wanted,

ONE THOUSAND (1,000) CAVALRY HORSES, for which I will pay one hundred and thirty dollars ($130), subject to inspection at the Government stables at Louisville, Ky.
d8 dtf J. W. SHOCKENCY.

$75 A MONTH!—I WANT TO HIRE AGENTS in every county at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing Machines. Address [o26 d&w3m] S. MADISON, Alfred, Maine.

H. W. WILKES, JR.,
406 Main st., north side, near Fourth.
Mill and Factory Findings,
Rubber Belting,
Leather Belting,
Bolting Cloth,
Machine Cards,
Carding Machines,
Cotton Gins,
Cotton Warps,
Wove Wire Screenery,
Cotton Cards,
Gum Hose and Packing,
Sheet Metals (all kinds),
Lace Leather and Rivets,
Wires of all kinds,
Sieves, Riddles, & Screens,
Fan Mill Materials,
With all other articles necessary for
FACTORIES, FOUNDERIES, RAILROADS, MILLS,
&c., &c.
WOOL taken in exchange or for cash.
☞ See Catalogue. s24 d2awly

HEAD, STOMACH, LIVER & BLOOD.

DR. STRICKLAND'S
ANTIBILIOUS PILLS,
Prepared without any Mercurial Ingredient.

The great and increasing demand for these Pills has induced the proprietor to give them greater publicity. They are a SAFE AND MILD MEDICINE, and can be taken by either sex, at any age or condition, without danger of taking Cold. They do not cause any griping pains, or keep one from their usual occupation. They are an EXCELLENT FAMILY MEDICINE, and are the best that can be

FOR THE CURE OF

BILIOUS AND LIVER COMPLAINTS,	COSTIVENESS, INDIGESTION, or DYSPEPSIA,
SICK & NERVOUS HEADACHE,	WIND AND COLIC,
FOUL STOMACH,	BAD TASTE IN THE MOUTH,
IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD,	BOWEL COMPLAINT, &
FEVER AND AGUE.	RHEUMATISM.

And all affections of the Stomach, Head, Liver, & Bowels.
25 CENTS PER BOX.
For Sale by all Druggists, and manufactured only by
DR. STRICKLAND, Cincinnati, O.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR

STRICKLAND'S
VEGETABLE PURIFYING
ANTI BILIOUS PILLS.
o10 eod&eowly | dec7

LALLEMAND'S
RHEUMATISM, GOUT, AND NEURALGIA
SPECIFIC.

This valuable preparation is highly recommended by the Medical Faculty as a safe and effectual cure for

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Those suffering with any of the above distressing complaints are solicited to

GIVE THE SPECIFIC A TRIAL.

JNO. H. BLOOD, Sole Agent.
OFFICE—24 Fifth st., one door north of Chestnut,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

WILSON & PETER, Wholesale Druggists, No. 416 Main street, Agents for Louisville.
For sale by Druggists generally.
PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
o29 eod3m

TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 3 A. M.

With kind thanks to the lady, who, under date of the 29th ult., addressed a note to us, we say to her that we did not receive the piece of poetry she speaks of and cannot find it in the postoffice. Will she be so kind as to send us another copy?

The Board of Trade's monthly meeting this evening will not, we trust, be forgotten by our business men, as important matters will be considered.

ITEMS.—Two females attired in soldiers' uniform were arrested in the city yesterday by the military and turned over to the civil authorities.

Upwards of one hundred rebel prisoners arrived in the city on Saturday from Camp Nelson, and are now at the Military Prison.

John Ubrich, a deserter from the 126th Pennsylvania regiment, was arrested in this place yesterday.

Two female soldiers, both of whom have served in the Federal army upwards of one year, were sent away from Barracks No. 1 yesterday.

Ten deserters were sent to Nashville yesterday and eight to Lexington.

The 117th, 118th, and 119th Indiana regiments arrived in the city yesterday, on their way to Indianapolis, to be mustered out of the service, their term of enlistment (six months) having expired.

One hundred and twenty-five recruits were received from Columbus, Ohio, yesterday, and one hundred convalescents from other points. Owing to the blockade of railroads by the late snow storm, the military authorities have been unable to transfer the usual number of soldiers to their regiments for several days past.

Owing to the escape of Capt. Morris, the murderer of Johnston, it is deemed injudicious to publish the proceedings in the cases of Sergeants Whitlesee and Gibbs. The findings have been forwarded to headquarters.

The Court-Martial and Military Commission now in session in this city will be dissolved on Wednesday, and a new Court-Martial organized, of which, we are informed, Lieutenant-Colonel Orcutt, of the 25th Michigan, will be President. This Court will immediately convene in the room now occupied by the Court-Martial at the Court House.

Capt. Gilmore was relieved yesterday as commandant at Barracks No. 1, and Captain Armstrong, of the 2d Kentucky cavalry, appointed in his place. Capt. Gilmore has discharged his duties very efficiently during his official career in this city, and his numerous friends will regret very much to part with him.

The cases of a number of deserters, several spies, and some guerillas, will come before the new court-martial next week.

It seems that the rebel prisoners in the military prison have great faith in "underground routes." We are informed by one of the officers of that institution that a prisoner was discovered on Sunday morning emerging from the same old tunnel dug by them some time since for the purpose of effecting their escape. Upon examination it was discovered that they had dug some seven or eight feet in the direction of the Southern Confederacy. Two of the diggers were handcuffed, to prevent their getting into mischief hereafter.

Brigadier-General White, an officer who has greatly distinguished himself in the late battles, has been in the city during the past few days.

A short time since we published the particulars of the murder of a young man, whose parents reside in this city, in a drinking-house at Nashville. The murderer succeeded in making his escape at the time, but has, we learn, been arrested and imprisoned at Cincinnati. Two officers from Nashville passed through this city on Saturday to bring him back.

The Mayor's office has been crowded every day since the cold weather set in with applicants for coal. The city and dealers find it impossible to deliver the coal as fast as it is ordered.

Adjutant C. C. Adams and Capt. Holden have been relieved from duty at the headquarters of the Post Commandant. These young gentlemen have won the esteem and friendship of our citizens and all who have had intercourse with them by the prompt and efficient manner in which they have transacted all business entrusted to them.

Everything susceptible of being constructed into sleighs was called into requisition yesterday, and last evening the city was alive with the merry music of the sleigh-bells, and the happy parties who were the partakers of this rare amusement were overflowing with joy and hilarity. The sleighing is excellent, and we only regret that our city affords such limited facilities for our people to avail themselves of it.

A gay party of young gents and ladies were testing the capacity of their horses in two cutters, yesterday afternoon, on one of the principal streets of our city, when the box of one of the conveyances came off, leaving the parties comfortably seated in the street, while the horse proceeded in his efforts to pass his competitor. The pretty blushes and confusion of the young ladies in their awkward position was rather interesting, and afforded much merriment for those who witnessed the misfortune.

Forty rebel prisoners, confined in the Military Prison, will be released this morning upon taking the oath of allegiance. It is expected that the greater portion of them will enlist in the Union army.

Lieutenant Wm. Albach, of the Second Missouri regiment, was shot and killed in St. Louis on Friday night, by some unknown party, while he was returning to his home from the theatre in that city.

A man named Patrick McIntyre was found dead in his house at St. Louis on Saturday morning, with a ghastly cut on his forehead and other marks of violence on his face. Suspicion rests on his wife as the perpetrator of the murder.

Hundreds of people were crossing over the "Father of Waters" at St. Louis on Saturday to the opposite shore. One adventurous individual drove two horses and a sleigh across.

Thousands of hogs were frozen to death Thursday night in different places along the line of the North Missouri Railroad. Many of them were in pens awaiting shipment on the road.

The sergeant of the patrol guard was shot in Memphis on Monday night of last week by a negro soldier while endeavoring to arrest him and others who were raising a disturbance in a negro dance-house. The black scoundrel made his escape.

Three persons, whose names are unknown, were drowned in crossing the river on the ice at St. Louis on Saturday.

The time for enlisting recruits in the regular army has been extended to June 25, 1864, during which the extra bounty of $300 will be paid.

Tennessee has furnished 33,360 men to the Federal service, distributed as follows: Cavalry, 13,300; infantry, 11,000; artillery, 1,100; negro infantry and artillery, 7,960.

Joe Coburn, "champion of America," has formally challenged Tom King, the victor over Heenan, to a prize fight for $5,000 a side, offering to pay $1,000 for King's expenses, the fight to take place in Canada.

Owing to the blockade of the railroads by the heavy snow-storm, we are again without our Eeastern mails. The train on the Nashville Railroad also failed to arrive last evening.

A few cases of small-pox have broken out in the hospitals of New Albany. They were brought to the small-pox hospital in this city as soon as they were developed.

This being leap year, the young ladies, it is expected, will avail themselves of its privileges. We are certain that the young men will improve its advantages.

Snow was falling last night, but the atmosphere indicated rain.

We hear of considerable distress among the poor of our city since the extreme cold weather set in. Many are without coal, and have no means to procure the necessaries of life.

LATEST FROM BELOW.—The Memphis correspondent of the St. Louis Republican, writing under date of the 28th ult., says that Gen. Forrest has again given our forces the slip. Whatever may be his intentions, one thing is certain, he does not mean to be caught; and with his present advantages of an intimate knowledge of the country, and facilities for obtaining information in regard to the movements of our troops, it will be a difficult matter to catch him. He moved from Jackson on the 25th, and instead of escaping by way of the Tennessee river, as was generally supposed he would do, he moved down on his favorite route and struck the Corinth Railroad at Collierville. It is reported that he met but little opposition there, as the Union troops were too far removed to be available. On Sunday, the 27th, he was encamped on the railroad track, a few miles this side of Collierville, but soon afterwards moved from that position, as though he feared the too near approach of the Union troops. He is reported as having from two to three thousand men, and part of these were conscripts. The amount of the damage done to the railroad is not yet ascertained. Forrest will probably move down to his old position on the Coldwater.

His near approach to Memphis caused some excitement, the people fearing that he would make a dash upon them; but he is not a man that risks much, and would never undertake such a thing unless there was absolute certainty that he could get out again all right.

It seems a mystery to some how the Confederates keep so well posted in regard to our movements. It may seem ungallant to suppose such a thing, but we think the facts in the case will warrant the assertion that secesh ladies do a large proportion of this business. Many of them have husbands and brothers in the rebel army, and their tact and zeal for the cause will often furnish means for conveying information where stronger heads and sterner hearts would be at fault. In many cases, too, greater liberties are allowed them than are granted to men, and greater facilities for passing and repassing.

ACCIDENTS AND DIFFICULTIES OF THE MISSOURI RAILROADS.—The St. Louis Republican of Sunday says: "Our information from the North Missouri road is very unsatisfactory, but it is quite certain that a series of accidents have happened along the line. Two or three days ago, the John O'Fallon, a new locomotive, of great power, and intended to burn coal exclusively, while engaged in drawing a heavy train of freight cars, exploded, killing the engineer instantly, and wounding seriously one of the firemen. Since then, two other locomotives have been disabled by blowing out their flues, but inflicting no serious injury upon those conducting them. The President, the Superintendent, and a large force of hands, are all engaged in removing the snow-banks, and they have nearly accomplished this end. Other locomotives will be permitted upon the road, and transportation will soon be resumed. An immense amount of snow has fallen.

"Things are worse on the Hannibal and St. Joe road. All communication is interrupted by the snow, and trains can go neither backward nor forward. We hear that it may be a week or two before travel can be resumed. At one place, a large number of passengers are hemmed in between two snow mountains, and they have been forced to burn up the seats and less valuable parts of the cars to keep from freezing to death. Where this is the case all along the road, there must be much detention and great suffering."

Colonel A. W. Holeman has been relieved, at his own request, as commandant of this post, and Colonel Sanders D. Bruce, of the 20th Kentucky, appointed in his place. Colonel Holeman has been detailed to the command of the forces at Somerset, Hall's Gap, and Burnside's Point, in this State. His short service here has been every way satisfactory, and he leaves an enviable reputation behind him. Colonel Bruce, who succeeds him, is an old and experienced officer, and possesses administrative abilities of an unusual order, as were shown during his long station at Clarksville, Tennessee, and Bowling Green. He was ordered from the former place to this city to preside over a Military Commission which has been in session several weeks and disposed of a vast amount of business.

A quantity of poetry was found in the valise of Lieut. Rooks, the British officer arrested in New York on Tuesday as a rebel agent, of which the following verse, from "Maryland in Chains," is a specimen:

Are we free? Go ask the question
In the cells of Lafayette;
Ask it of your chain-girt brothers,
Shut within its parapet;
Ask it of the silent journals,
Crushed beneath an iron hand;
Ask it of the mighty armies,
Quartered on your groaning land.
To them let the question be,
Friends and brothers, are we free?

The poetical prisoner will now have a fine opportunity to cultivate iambics and dactyls "in the cells of Lafayette."

CALIFORNIA WINES.—Our Pacific State will become as celebrated in time for her ruby wines as she now is for her golden wealth. Messrs. Thompson & Co., of 79 Fourth street, have received a supply of the former, which our gastronomes can obtain in exchange for the latter. The varieties of Hock, Port, Muscatel, and Angelica will suit all tastes, and we have spent an evening over this new development of Californian resources with great pleasure.

SINKING OF THE STEAMER JEWESS.—The steamer Jewess, from Memphis for Cincinnati, sunk at the head of the canal on Saturday night. She had her hold full of cotton and 200 hogsheads of sugar, which was taken off by the steamer Nannie yesterday. We are informed that the Jewess will be raised. She was a regular mail-line steamer between Cincinnati and Memphis, and is owned in the former place.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE.—The Naiad Queen still reigns triumphantly, and we are somewhat surprised to learn that Manager Fuller intends to bring out the new drama of the Ticket of Leave to-morrow night; but, as it is the latest novelty, we suppose that his managerial generosity is determined that we shall have it as soon as possible. The Naiad's friends will therefore remember that her receptions are drawing to a close.

WOOD'S THEATRE.—The rendition of Claude Melnotte by Mr. Adams last night was indeed a beautiful piece of acting, unsurpassed in tenderness and energy. The highest histrionic honors await him if he is true to himself and his glorious profession. We are much pleased with the marked improvement of Miss Ada Gray, who performed Pauline with most commendable care. Mr. Adams appears this evening as Macbeth.

ARREST OF A CONFEDERATE OFFICER.—Eugene Lamar was arrested last week in Baltimore on the charge of being a Lieutenant-Colonel in the rebel army. He acknowledged that he was an officer in the Confederate service, but alleged that he was paroled in this city, and expected to return here by the first of January. He was committed for further examination.

Madame Anna Bishop will give a concert in Jeffersonville to-night, and we are free to say that we envy our opposite neighbors the pleasure in store for them. We commend the Madame, her daughter, and Mr. Sedgwick, to their kind consideration.

POSTPONED.—Owing to the unfavorable weather, the Juvenile Concert will be postponed to Thursday night, when we trust the elements will be more propitious, and Mr. W. will be greeted with a crowded house.

A man named Kelly was fatally stabbed at Memphis on Tuesday night by a Mexican named Antonio. The difficulty grew out of some misunderstanding regarding a sum of money lost by the latter.

The Evansville Gazette has been discontinued, and the Daily Times will soon be started in its place.

The canal at this place is completely blockaded with ice.

NOTICES OF THE DAY.

Postoffice currency will be exchanged at this office for larger United States notes. oc9 dtf

Ladies who are in want of a *nice* Cologne should try Burnett's; it is the *ne plus ultra*. One test is sufficient. j5 eod3&w1

See advertisement of building site for sale. The land is on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, near La Grange.

PERSONAL.—Remittance received and applied as first directed. All parties here. d1* C.

The time for receiving proposals for Government transportation, it will be seen from Col. Parson's advertisement, has been extended to the 11th inst.

Elder J. W. McGarvey will continue the meeting at the corner of Chestnut and Floyd streets at 7½ o'clock this evening. Subject, "Opening of Lydia's Heart." The public are invited. Seats free. *

False faces or masks, a very large assortment, and for sale low, at wholesale and retail, at Sues' Variety Store.

Ladies' garters, pages, hair-crimpers, and glass beads, just received at J. Sues'.

Coughs, Hoarseness, and the various Throat affections to which Public Speakers, Military Officers and Singers are liable relieved by "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*. Having a *direct* influence to the affected parts, they allay Pulmonary Irritation. j5 d&w1

The scholars of Mr. Whipple's Juvenile Class are requested to meet on Tuesday morning at half-past nine in Masonic Temple. j4 d2

NOTICE.—The Kanawha salt agency heretofore under the style of W. C. Brooks will from this date be conducted by me. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to call and make payment. G. G. ALLEN. j2 d10

Go to the fountain head for Gold Pens. See Hill's advertisement. n17tf

As we are expecting a new stock, imported direct from Europe through Mr. A. Jaeger, who will hereafter personally make our purchases, we now offer our stock of fancy goods at the *lowest rates* to make room for the new goods. Persons desirous of getting holiday presents will find it to their interest to examine our stock. We have also on hand a large stock of iron, stoneware, pressed glass, silver-plated, and Britannia ware. Dealers in such articles are invited to call and examine. "Quick sales and small profits" is our motto.
I. DOLFINGER & CO.'S
(Successors to A. Jaeger & Co.),
d14d1m Fourth st., under Wood's Theatre.

Hill has two hundred dozen of his superior Gold Pens on hand for sale as cheap as the cheapest. n17tf

The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine was awarded the highest premium over all competition at the late Fair of the Kentucky State Agricultural Society. o8 tf

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS.—Otis & Co., 516 Main street, are receiving new goods every day, and have a complete assortment of millinery goods. d7 dtf

For Quartermaster's checks and sight exchange on New York the highest market rates will be paid at the First National Bank of Louisville. d5 d1m

Buy only R. C. Hill's celebrated Gold Pens. Pens repaired every day. n17tf

GREAT ATTRACTION.—We are constantly receiving fresh supplies of TOILET GOODS, such as COMBS, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, SHAVING UTENSILS, COSMETICS, POMADES, HAIR OILS, BANDOLINE, TOOTH POWDERS, and TOOTH PASTES, TOOTH and GUM SPECIFICS, TOOTH BRUSHES, together with LOTIONS and a great variety of NOTIONS suited to every taste, and last of all our well-known UNSURPASSED COLOGNE.
RAYMOND & CO.,
d16 Late Raymond & Tyler,
74 Fourth street, near Main.

DRY GOODS.—A splendid stock of Dress Goods and a good assortment of Staple Goods, at low prices, can be found at
D. C. TABB'S,
n28 dtf Corner Market and Fourth streets.

A LIVE BOOK.—"*Incidents of the War; or Romance and Realities of Soldier Life*," by P. Fishe Reed. Large 12 mo. of 112 pages. Price 25 cents. Comprising the romantic incidents, thrilling adventures, narrow escapes, and heroic deeds, performed by our brave soldiers of the army and navy. We want agents in every town, city, and camp. A rare chance offered. Agents are clearing from $3 to $6 per day. Every soldier and citizen wants a copy. Copy sent post-paid on receipt of price. Address, ASHER & ADAMS, Indianapolis, Ind.
may26 Tues, Thurs, & Sat tf

D. P. Faulds, 223 Main street, sole agent for S. D. & H. W. Smith's new American organs with the patent tremolo attachment, finished in fifteen different styles, elegantly polished in rosewood for parlor use; also in black walnut and oak for churches, schools, lodges, &c. Also Smith's unrivalled melodeons. Every instrument warranted for five years. o27 deod3m

ΙΩΔΗΣ.
IODINE WATER

Is the most important discovery of modern chemistry, and it is impossible to overestimate its influences as a remedial agent. Iodine has been considered the most useful article in Materia Medica, and many of the most scientific and practical Chemists and Physicians have investigated its effects upon the human system. It is pronounced to act upon the

HEART,
LIVER, KIDNEYS,
DIGESTIVE ORGANS AND GLANDULAR SYSTEM,
and to have great control over
ALL SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS.

Notwithstanding the zeal and ability which have been devoted to its investigation, it remained almost useless until Dr. Henry Anders, a physician and chemist of New York, after years of patient labor and experiment, discovered a chemical process which enabled him to dissolve

PURE IODINE IN PURE WATER

without a solvent. This, considered impossible by the scientific world, is attested by certificates of analysis from Dr. J. R. Chilton, of New York, and Prof. Booth, U. S. Mint, Philadelphia. The importance of this discovery was so highly appreciated by the Faculty that it was published in the Medical Journals, and its use recommended to practitioners (see American Medical Monthly of July 6, 1856, page 76).

This valuable medicine is now available to the public for the cure of Scrofula in its manifold forms, Consumption, Cancer, Bronchitis, Heart, Liver, and Kidney Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, Female Weakness, Dispepsia, Syphilis, and Mercurial Diseases.

AS A TONIC

its operation is evinced by strengthening the digestive organs and increasing the appetite. In cases of Dyspepsia, Emaciation, and Debility, an increased nutrition of the body is the result of the employment of Iodine. The patient recovers flesh, strength, and color; hitherto pale, relaxed and feeble, he becomes full, strong, and florid.

Full directions accompany each bottle.
Testimonials may be seen at our office.
Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen.
Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of the price.
All consultations free.
DR. H. ANDERS & CO.,
o13 eod3m 428 Broadway, New York.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun-burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples, and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent, and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.
DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS,
o10 eod&ew6m 202 Broadway, N. Y.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS!
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies

It is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the 2d page or pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars get a pamphlet free of the agent.
N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail. JOB MOSES, Sole Agent,
o18 eod&w3m 27 Courtlandt st., New York.

TOBACCO—600 boxes country pounds medium to good Manufactured Tobacco for sale by
j1 d6 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCOTT, KEEN, & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Men's, Youths', and Boys'
FINE CLOTHING
AND
Furnishing Goods,
CORNER SIXTH AND MAIN STREETS,
LOUISVILLE, KY
o7 d1y

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

It is over ten years since this celebrated remedy was introduced to the American public. During this time, it has performed hundreds and thousands of the most astonishing cures, and its reputation and sale have now reached a point that far surpasses any remedy of the present or past ages. It has acquired this great reputation, not by a system of puffing, but the actual merit of the article itself. If you are afflicted with any of the diseases for which it is recommended, such as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, or Disorder of the Digestive Organs, it will not fail to sustain its reputation in your case. For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicines at 75 cents per bottle. j5 deod6

Diarrhœa and Dysentery will decimate the Volunteers far more than the bullets of the enemy; therefore let every man see to it that he carries with him a full supply of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. Their use in India and the Crimea saved thousands of British Soldiers. Only 25 cents per box. j5 d6

PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
IMPLEMENTS,
SEEDS,
MACHINES,
CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, &C.,
311 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

We keep the largest stock of FIELD and GARDEN SEEDS in this market. Our stock of IMPLEMENTS embraces everything used on the Farm. We are the ONLY HOUSE in the city who has a full stock of AVERY'S CAST PLOUGHS. We are willing to sell our goods at fair profit.
PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.
jan2 d2m

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS! not only of bank bills but of everything truly valuable. We understand that even the indispensable articles known as "Family Dye Colors" are no exception to this rule. The imitations, like all counterfeits, are utterly worthless. Remember that Howe & Stevens's Family Dye Colors are the original, the only valuable and useful thing of the kind. j1 d6

J. HINZEN. E. ROZEN.
HINZEN & ROSEN,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
Market st., north side, bet Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
mar12 d1y

SAPONIFIER,
OR
CONCENTRATED LYE
Family Soap Maker.

WAR makes high prices; Saponifier helps to reduce them. It makes Soap for Four cents a pound by using your kitchen grease.

CAUTION! As spurious Lyes are offered also, be careful and only buy the Patented article, put up in Iron cans, all others being Counterfeits.

PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING CO.,
Philadelphia—No. 127 Walnut street.
Pittsburg—Pitt street and Duquesne Way.
n17 d&w3m

Go to R. C. Hill's
GOLD PEN
Manufactory
(407 Main street)
FOR A FINE GOLD PEN

My House is the only Gold Pen Manufactory south of the Ohio River, yet I will sell Pens as cheap as the same quality can be bought in any country. My Pens are fine as the FINEST.

MY MASONIC AND EUREKA PENS HAVE NO SUPERIOR.

A liberal discount to Clubs. The usual discount to the Trade. Old Pens repaired in the best manner for 50 cents. All work warranted. I REPAIR PENS EVERY DAY. Pens and Packages sent safely by mail or express to all parts of the U. S. Send stamp for Price List. *My motto is "small profits and quick sales."*

PENS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES—15 per cent off old rates.

Fine WATCHES on sale.
o29 d&Suntf

[Communicated.]

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE.
A CARD.
TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a *sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings county,
n16 d&w3m New York.

319 BARNES'S EXTRA 3D ST.
GOLD PENS.

REDUCED PRICE LIST.	Pens only	Pens, silver extension cases	Pens, rubber reverse holder	Pens, silver and ebony holder and box
No. 0 or Ladies	75	1 50		1 25
No. 1 or Medium	1 00	1 75		1 50
No. 2 or Large	1 25	2 00	2 50	1 75
No. 3 or Commercial	1 50	2 50	2 75	2 00
No. 4 or Engrossing	2 00	3 25	3 50	2 75
No. 5 or Union	2 50	4 00		3 25
No. 6 or Mammoth	3 00			4 00

All pens bear my *trade mark*, "C. P. BARNES, EXTRA LOU., KY.," for which I have secured the *copyright*, and are warranted 14 carats fine and perfect in every respect. Sent by mail or express to any part of the country on receipt of price and *return charges*. Persons ordering will please state the size and style desired, whether hard or soft, fine or coarse; and if the pen should fail to please or prove defective, will have the privilege of exchanging it. A deduction of fifteen per cent allowed on orders of $25 or over, and twenty-five per cent on those of $100. Liberal discount made to the trade. Old pens repaired in the best manner for 35 cts (*and stamp*) each. Address
C. P. BARNES, Ag't,
Dealer in Gold Pens and AMERICAN WATCHES,
sep1 d1y 319 Third street, Louisville, Ky.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,

A Most Delicate, Exquisite, and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
d3 d1sm Sold by Druggists generally.

Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary, and Sexual Systems.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent by mail in sealed letter envelops, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
n30 d3m

DRUNKENNESS CURED!

THE inebriate may now bid defiance to the *tempting cup*. DR. ZANE'S ANTIDOTE FOR STRONG DRINK is a certain *cure for Drunkenness*. It creates a dislike for strong drink, and can be administered without the knowledge of the patient. Price $1 a box. Sent by mail to any address by C. S. UPHAM, 403 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Circulars sent free. o31 deow&weowly

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelop, SINGLE COPIES may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings county, N. Y. ju12 deod&weowly

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE,
Corner Fourth and Green sts.
Geo. F. Fuller..........Proprietor and Manager.
Thos. J. Carey..........Treasurer.

Great success of the NAIAD QUEEN.

TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 5, will be performed the gorgeous Spectacle of the
NAIAD QUEEN,
OR THE NYMPHS OF THE RHINE.
To conclude with the laughable Farce entitled the
LITTLE REBEL.

In rehearsal, and will shortly be produced, Tom Taylor's great moral Drama of the TICKET OF LEAVE MAN.

The celebrated Danseuse and Pantomimist ISABEL CUBAS is engaged and will shortly appear.

Private Boxes $5 and $8. Dress Circle and Parquette 75 cents. Second Tier 35 cents. Gallery 20 cents. Colored Gallery 20 cents.

Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7½.

WOOD'S THEATRE,
Corner Fourth and Jefferson
Duffield & Flynn, Managers; R. C. Grierson, Stage Manager; D. A. Sarzedas, Acting Manager; E. Bower, Treasurer.

Admission—Private Boxes $5; Dress Circle & Parquette 50 cts; Reserved Seats in Dress Circle 75 cts; Second Tier 35 cts.

Doors open at ¼ to 7, and curtain rises at 7½ o'clock.

Second night of the distinguished young Tragedian EDWIN ADAMS, who has been re-engaged at the urgent request of his numerous admirers, and will appear in his favorite character of MACBETH in Shakspeare's masterpiece.

TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 5, will be acted the great Tragedy of
MACBETH.
Macbeth..........Edward Adams.

In rehearsal the popular Drama of the DRUNKARD.

Due notice will be given of the repetition of the DEAD HEART.

GRAND MATINEE every Saturday afternoon.

SPARKS'S HALL,
JEFFERSONVILLE, INDIANA.
TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 5.
MADAME ANNA BISHOP,
The world-renowned Cantatrice, begs to announce
ONE GRAND CONCERT,
Assisted by
MISS LOUISA BISHOP,
and
MR. A. SEDGWICK,
Admission..........Fifty Cents.
Concert commences at 8 o'clock. j4 d2

Grand Ball at Middletown, Ky,
THE UNDERSIGNED WILL GIVE HIS second GRAND BALL at his house on Tuesday night, January 5th, 1864.
j4 d2* G. W. WATERS.

MASONIC TEMPLE,
Fourth st., bet. Jefferson and Green.
REPETITION.
By general request, the
FESTIVAL
CONCERT
WILL BE REPEATED ON
Thursday Evening, Jan. 7, 1864,
BY MR. WHIPPLE'S JUVENILE CLASS.
The music of the Concert will be inserted as incidental to Tom Hood's Christmas Piece, called
MRS. PECK'S PUDDING

The characters represented in the piece are

Mrs. Peck..........A Poor Widow.
Mrs. Sawkins..........Hen Fancier.
Habakuk Shuffletoe, Old Man, Uncle Jack,
Careful Susan, Whistling Dick,
Dirty Polly, Ragged Peter,
Greedy Charley, Little Jack,
Billy (a servant boy in livery).

Scene 1.—Mrs. Peck's home. Mrs. P. resolves to have a Christmas Pudding—sends her children for "perkisites."
Scene 2.—Mrs. Sawkins. "My hens are very particular."
Scene 3.—Street. Peter in search of "nice things."
Scene 4.—The children return. Queer ingredients for a pudding. Mr. Shuffletoe's visit of charity. Mrs. Peck grows desperate.
Scene 5.—Dark hours. The Old Man.
Scene 6.—Mrs. P. gets her pudding, but thinks the price too dear. Jacky's discovery. Happy termination.

PROGRAMME OF MUSIC.

Awake the Song.	Ye Mountains.
Neckar Vale.	Oysterman.
Is It Not Sweet?	Fox and Grapes.
Exile's Home.	Rainy Day.
My Native Land.	Christmas Bells.
Grafted into the Army.	When the Swallows.
Beggar Girl.	Napolitaine.
Combination Song.	Brindisi.
Vacant Chair.	Would't you like to know.
	Good Night.

Tickets 50 cents. Sold at the music stores and at the door.
Children's Tickets 25 cents. Sold only at the door.
Doors open at 6½; Concert will open at 7½.
j1 d6

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.
BOOTS AND SHOES AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Jan. 6, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at Auction-Rooms,
150 CASES OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

These Goods are ordered to be closed out, and will positively be sold.
j5 d2 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.
SEASONABLE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING
AT AUCTION.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) MORNING, Jan. 5, at 10 o'clock, we will sell without reserve for cash, an invoice of Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinets, Striped and Plain Flannels and Dress Goods.
Also an invoice of Woollen Socks, Linen Gauntlets, Army Mittens, and Ladies' Hosiery.
Also an invoice of Gents' Satinet and Cassimere Pants, Black Cloth Frock Coats, &c.
Also an invoice of Gray Woollen Undershirts and Drawers.
Also fresh goods, received since our last sale.
j4 d2 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers

BY C. C. SPENCER.
TWO LOTS IN CALIFORNIA AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, Jan. 5, at 3½ o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, two Lots, 25 feet front each by 156 deep to an alley, on the south side of Prentice street, below Elizabeth.
TERMS—½ cash; balance in 6 months, with interest and lien.
j4 d2 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer

3 Days' Auction Sale
BY
THOS. ANDERSON & CO.
ON
Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday,
5th, 6th, and 7th of January, 1864,
OF
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, AND HATS.

ON TUESDAY, at 10 A. M., will be sold, without reserve, 500 cases BOOTS, SHOES, and BROGANS, fresh and seasonable stock, adapted to the best trade.

ON WEDNESDAY, at 10 A. M., will be sold 350 lots of assorted DRY GOODS, HATS, CAPS, &c.

ON THURSDAY, at 10 A. M., without reserve, a stock of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS, invoices of Stock Goods, Hoop and Balmoral Skirts. At 11½ A. M., will be sold, to close consignments, 600 Overcoats, Frocks, and Sacks in Beaver Cloth, &c.; 250 pairs Pants in Cassimere, Doeskins, Satinets, &c; 100 Vests, assorted; 150 dozen Socks; 25 dozen Shirts.
Terms cash (bankable funds).
j4 d4 THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.
ELEGANT BRICK DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, will be unreservedly sold, a valuable and desirable Brick Dwelling-House, with attic, having seven rooms, kitchen, servants' and bath rooms. Lot 30 feet front by 160 deep to a 20-foot alley, with carriage-house, stable and coal-house, cistern and water-works attached—situated on the north side of Chestnut, the first house east of Fifteenth street. The house is of modern style, and well built, with every convenience attached. The lot is highly improved and tastefully ornamented with evergreens, shrubbery, and choice fruit trees.
TERMS—½ cash; balance in 12 and 18 months, with interest and lien.
j3 d4 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

SALE OF CORN.
Assistant Quartermaster's Office,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Dec 30, 1863.

WILL BE SOLD, AT PUBLIC AUCTION, AT 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, January 5th, 1864, 5,415 lbs condemned Corn at Government warehouses, near the Louisville and Nasville depot, in this city.
d31 d1d D. O. DeWOLF, Capt. and A. Q. M.

206 Copy-right Secured. 206
W. H. WALKER & CO.
Glen Lea
Kentucky
BOURBON
Pure Old Bourbon and other Kentucky Whiskies.
j1 d3m is W. H. WALKER & CO.

Private Boarding.
FROM FIFTEEN TO EIGHTEEN BOARDERS can be accommodated with day board on Eighth street, between Market and Jefferson. Also a few spare rooms suitable for single gentlemen. j1 d3*

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

MORNING DESPATCHES

Rebel Force in Shenandoah Valley.

Burnside and Butler at Washington.

More about the Chesapeake Affair.

Military Commission at Norfolk, Va.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.

Rumors of the enemy's designs and operations in the Shenandoah Valley are exaggerated. Fitzhugh Lee's cavalry, perhaps 1,000 strong, supported by Early's three meagre brigades on foot, with Imboden and other local leaders with detachments, numbering all told 6,000 or 7,000 men, are near Woodstock and Mt. Jackson, and make an occasional dash as far north as Winchester. The latest indications point more to the Valley, if not west of the mountains, as their scene of operations; certainly they have not appeared as yet in sight of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, the trains of which are running regularly and successfully with quantities of freight and many passengers.

The best evidence of the official confidence in the security of the route is the sending of important detachments over it.

Major-Generals Butler and Burnside are among the latest distinguished arrivals.

Brig. Gen. Garrard has been ordered to take charge of the Cavalry Bureau, thus relieving Gen. Stoneman.

A large installment of five per cent Treasury notes was sent forward to-day to the associated banks of New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, amounting to $20,800,000. These notes were distributed pro rata to the cities named. Nearly $9,000,000 more are packed, ready for transportation, and a large additional amount will go to the banks to-morrow.

There has been a total misapprehension in certain quarters as to the recent arrangement for negotiations of $35,000,000 through the Subscription Agency and the National Banks. The $50,000,000 taken by the Associated Banks were first to be delivered to them. No commission was paid for placing them in either case.

NORFOLK, VA., Jan. 4.

The military commission, of which General Wistar is President, has been in session here during the past week. The case of J. M. Lamb, late superintendent of vessels at Fortress Monroe, is under trial, and the developments are exceedingly interesting. Among the points elicited is the payment of $3,000 in fees to Senator Hale by Hunt, to obtain his release from Old Capitol Prison.

To-day Capt. Cone, of the steamer John A. Warren, testified that the boat was worth $65,000 when she first went into the Government service; that, at the rates of her charter, she had earned $173,500 up to date; that the Government had supplied her coal; that her average running expenses are from $1,000 to $2,000 per month, which we defrayed by goods sold on board and by profits on meals and berths, and that she belonged to the Delaware River Steamboat Company, of which John Price Wetherell, of Philadelphia, was President, and Andrew Menderson, Wm. S. Allen, Willet Jackson, and S. Harlan, Jr., directors. Captain Cone swore that her first charter was made with John Tucker, late first assistant Secretary of War, and the second one with Quartermaster-General Meigs. The prosecution has overhauled these fat jobs in the steamboat line. As the evidence stands thus far, it appears as if there had been a ring of contractors interlocking with one at Baltimore with which Belger was connected.

The steamer West End, an old boat, was offered in New York at $55,000, but was chartered to the Government from March, 1862, to October, 1863, at $3,650 per annum.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

Mayor Guenther assumed the duties of his office to-day, delivering a long message on the retiring of Ex-Mayor Opdyke. He was escorted by a committee of prominent citizens with a band of music to a neighboring hotel, where an address was delivered and festivities indulged in.

It appears, by Mayor Guenther's address, that the city debt is $20,000,000, probably arising from the fact as stated in his address, that the system of the local government is lacking in that simplicity so necessary to economy and efficiency, and that the subdivison of functions and the want of responsibility have led to extravagance and multiplication of office.

It is stated that the Stonington steamers have been purchased by merchants of New York and Boston.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., Jan. 4.

The examination of Collins, McKinney, and Seely, charged with being concerned in the Chesapeake affair, was commenced before the police magistrate this morning. At the outset the counsel for the prisoners took exceptions to the form of the warrant, and contended that the case did not come within the provisions of the Extradition Treaty, as the offence was committed on the high sea, not within American jurisdiction. The magistrate reserved judgment on these points. Captain Willet's evidence was then taken. He modified his first statement as to no shots being fired at him. He now says that there were two or three. In other respects his evidence is substantially the same as in his published statement. The examination was adjourned until Wednesday. The court-room was crowded with spectators, but there was but little excitement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.

It commenced snowing at half past nine o'clock this morning.

Despatches from Mr. Buyn, the American Minister in Japan, announce that the Japanese Government has agreed to pay the claim for damage of $10,000 for intercepting the American steamer Pembroke last year. This augurs a good understanding with Japan.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 3.

The weather for the past 48 hours all over the Northwest has been the coldest known for many years, the thermometer ranging from 30 to 40 degrees below zero. Several persons were frozen to death.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4.

The annual election of directors of the Baltimore Corn Exchange to-day resulted in the triumph of the Union ticket over the disloyal. This is considered quite a triumph by the loyal members of the institution.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 4, M.

River five feet by pier mark, and falling. There is considerable ice in the river. Snowing slightly.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4.

Snow has fallen here since 10 o'clock this morning.

THE FEDERAL CAPITOL.—It has been supposed that the Capitol extension would be finished externally during the next two years, but it seems by the report of Dr. Walter that the east front of the main building must be extended so as to correspond with the wing projections. This, with other suggested changes of the main structure and the enlargement of the grounds, will carry the date of completion into the neighborhood of 1875. Little was it supposed at the period of the laying of the corner-stone of the extension, that twenty years would elapse before the structure and its contemplated surroundings might be said to be finished. Some idea of the magnitude of the work may be inferred from the statement of Captain Thomas, the superintendent of construction, that the entire dome, which weighs 8,500,000 pounds, is composed of tens of thousands of pieces of cast iron, drawings and patterns for which were furnished by Dr. Walter, and which were so skilfully prepared by the contractor that each part has come to its position and fitted the place with perfect exactness. The corner-stone of the original Capitol building was laid by George Washington, with full Masonic honors, in 1793; but the edifice was destroyed by British troops on the 23d of August, 1814. The corner-stone of the extension was laid by President Fillmore, in 1851, on which occasion Daniel Webster pronounced the oration which was so hopeful of the Republic, one and indivisible.

A robber recently broke into a house at Debreczin, Hungary, there being only the daughter, aged seventeen, of the occupier at home, except an old man, whom he killed on entering. He demanded her father's property, and told her she must die, lest she should cause his arrest. Seeing that he was in earnest, she begged to be allowed to die by a swift poison, to which he consented. She took a bottle from a shelf, uncorked it, raised it to her lips, and then suddenly dashed the contents into his face and eyes. He fell howling to the floor, and next day died. The bottle contained oil of vitriol.

UNDER THE SNOW.

Gather the white shroud over it;
Cover it deep with clay;
Dust of the pure and beautiful,
Hide in the dust away.
Silent and cold and motionless,
Freezing the soul with woe—
Make for the dead a sepulchre
Under the drifted snow.

Veil the closed eyelids reverently,
Eyes that have been thy heaven,
Holy with trust and tenderness,
Love to their light had given.
Seal the pale lips all silently—
Lips that have clung to thine,
Dewy with love's sweet ecstasy,
Rich with its glowing wine.

Gather the white cloud over it,
Mourn for the glory fled—
Faith, thou art lost forever!
Love, thou art old and dead;
Silent and cold and motionless,
Freezing the soul with woe—
Over the icy sepulchre,
Gathers the drifting snow.

INQUEST No. 167—Held January 2, 1864, at Brown's Hotel, on Jefferson street, between Sixth and Seventh, on the body of Nancy, slave of Mrs. Malden. Verdict—Came to her death at the place above cited, about 7 o'clock A. M., January, 1864. Cause of death, paralytic stroke. JAMES C. GILL, Coroner J. C.

INQUEST No. 168—Held January 2, 1864, at the residence of deceased, on Walnut street, between Shelby and Campbell, on the body of Mrs. Louisa Jacobi, aged 60 years. Verdict—Came to her death at the above-named place, between the hours of 12 M. and 4½ P. M., of congestion of the lungs.
JAS. C. GILL, Coroner J. C.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY AND 1ST DIVISION, 23D ARMY CORPS, LOUISVILLE, Jan. 4, 1864.

Special Orders, No. 3.

EXTRACT.

* * * * * * *

I. Col. Sanders D. Bruce, 20th Kentucky volunteers, is assigned to duty as Military Commandant of the city of Louisville, relieving Col. A. W. Holeman, 11th Kentucky cavalry, who will report to these Headquarters for further orders.

By command of BRIG. GEN. BOYLE.
Official. A. C. SEMPLE,
j5 d3 Assistant Adjutant Gen.

HEADQU'RS MILITARY COMMANDER, LOUISVILLE, LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 4, 1864.

General Orders, No. 1.

I. Persuant to orders from Headquarters District of Kentucky, and 1st Division, 23d Army Corps, the undersigned hereby assumes the position of Military Commander of the city of Louisville and troops stationed therein.

II. All orders heretofore issued from these Headquarters will remain in force until further notice.

The following named officers are assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel commanding, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly:

Major H. A. Mitchell, Invalid Corps, chief of Discharge Department;

Captain H. C. Brennan, 20th Kentucky volunteer infantry, Inspector and Mustering Officer;

Captain C. J. Wilson, 33d Kentucky volunteer infantry, A. A. D. C.;

Captain James A. Crawley, 87th Indiana volunteer infantry, A. A. General and Post Treasurer;

Lieut. James A. McCampbell, 20th Kentucky volunteer infantry, A. A. A. G.
S. D. BRUCE,
5 d6 Colonel 20th Ky. Vol Infantry.

MARRIED,

On the 4th inst., by Rev. John H. Heywood, Mr. HENRY STEFFEE and Miss ANNIE V. SPILMAN, all of this city. *

In this city, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. Father Brady, Mr. SAM'L O. DAVIS, of Cincinnati, O., to Miss MARY A. CASACK, of Philadelphia, Penn.

Philadelphia and Cincinnati papers please copy.*

DIED,

On Friday, the 25th of December, THOS. REAUGH, aged 56 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence on First street, between Broadway and Jacob, on Tuesday at 2 o'clock P. M. d1*

On Sunday morning, at 7 o'clock, THOS. QUIGLEY, Esq., in the 64th year of his age.

The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral from his family residence, at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, without further notice. e&m

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, MONDAY, Jan. 4.

The money market is lower. Money is abundant at 6@9 ₩ cent. Exchange tolerably active at the same rates, buying at ⅛@¼ discount and selling at par. Transactions in city and country vouchers very light, the former buying at 3 and the latter at 10 ₩ cent off. The same may be said about Southern money. Kentucky money unchanged, and buying at ⅜ premium. Gold was buying to-day at 49, none selling. Silver buying at 40@42, none selling, and demand notes buying at 48 ₩ cent premium. Certificates of indebtedness 1¾@2 ₩ cent off.

APPLES—In good demand. Sales at $2 50@3 50 ₩ bbl for good apples.

ALCOHOL—Unchanged. 76 ₩ cent selling at $1 56, and 98 ₩ cent at $1 65 ₩ gallon.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at $6 ₩ 100 lbs.

BEANS—Firm, and sales made at $2 50@2 75.

BUTTER—Choice roll in good demand at 27c; good to fair packed at 23@26c ₩ lb.

BEESWAX—In demand at 40c.

BRAN—Sales at $21, shipstuff at $30, shorts at $26, and middlings at $34@35 ₩ ton.

CHEESE—Sales at 13½@14c for Western Reserve, and 14@14½c for Hamburg.

CANDLES—Firm. Star, 14 oz, selling at 20c; tallow 13½@14c.

COTTON YARNS—Unchanged at 51, 52, and 53c for the different numbers. Cotton twine at 85c@$1, and candlewick $1 10.

COAL—Unchanged; Pittsburg selling at 30@32c, and 25c afloat, and Pomeroy at 28c ₩ bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—In request. Peaches, halves, at $3 35 @3 50, quarters at $2 45@2 50. Apples at $1 35@1 40 ₩ bushel.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—The demand for flour is moderate, and prices steady. We quote superfine at $5 50 @5 75, extra and family at $6 25@6 50. Wheat at $1 25@1 35 for red and white. Corn firm at $1@1 10. Oats 80@85c. Rye $1. Barley $1 45@1 55.

HEMP—Kentucky in demand at $100@110 ₩ ton. Extra quality would command higher prices.

FEATHERS—Unchanged at 50c ₩ lb.

GINSENG—Unchanged, and sales made at $1 05.

LICORICE—Sales at 30@37c.

MALT AND HOPS—Malt is firm at $1 75 ₩ bushel. Hops are selling at 27@28c, as to quality. Sales at 27½c to-day.

HAY—In good demand at $26@28 ₩ ton.

GROCERIES — Firm. Rio coffee at 35@36c. New Orleans yellow sugar sold at 15¾@16½c. Sales of crushed, granulated, refined, and powdered sugars at 18¼@18½c. Molasses unchanged; sirups firm; molasses at 68 @73c, sirups at 75@90c. Rice at 9@9½c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Lime selling at $1 65, cement at $2 75 ₩ bbl.

MACKEREL—Firm. No. 1 at $2 50, No. 2 at $2, and No 3 at $1 75 ₩ kit.

OIL—Coal and carbon oil unchanged at 60@65c ₩ gallon. Lard oil unchanged at $1 00@1 10. Linseed unchanged at $1 45. Sperm at $2 50@2 75. Lubricating oils selling from 35@65c.

ONIONS—In demand at $4@4 25.

POTATOES—Dull. Sales at $2 75@3, as to quality.

SEEDS—Clover $7 75@8; timothy $3 25@3 50; flaxseed unchanged at $2 10@2 15, clean blue grass $1 25@1 50, red-top $1 25@1 50, orchard-grass 75c, hemp seed at $2 50@2 75.

SHEETINGS—Steady. Sales of heavy at 40c.

SOAP—German soap is selling at 8@9c; palm at 8c.

WOOL—Unchanged, and we quote in grease at 48@49c, washed 73@74c.

WHISKEY—Unchanged. Sales of raw at 80@81c.

TALLOW AND GREASE—Tallow is selling at 10@10½c, brown grease at 8c, and yellow at 9c ₩ lb.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 4, P. M.

Flour and wheat unchanged, and but little done. Corn advanced to 98c@$1. Oats firm at 82@83c. Barley unchanged. Rye advanced to 84c.

Whiskey buoyant at 79@80c.

Hogs advanced to $7 40@7 50 for 200-lb averages; receipts light. Nothing done in provisions, and prices nominally unchanged.

Gold 51 and silver 43. Exchange firm.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4, P. M.

Cotton firm, and in better demand, at 81½@82c for middling uplands.

Flour a shade firmer, with a moderate business in low grades; sales at $7 40@7 70 for common to good shipping brands of extra round-hoop Ohio, and $7 75 @9 50 for trade brands, market closing firm, but quiet. Rye quiet and without decided change; sales of 150 bbls at $5 50@6 85.

Whiskey in fair demand at 90@94c for State and Western, the latter for Chicago.

Wheat a shade firmer, with a fair demand; sales at $1 45@1 48 for Chicago spring, $1 46½@1 50 for Milwaukee club, $1 50@1 52½ for amber Milwaukee, $1 35 @1 38 for winter red Western, $1 60@1 62 for amber Michigan, and $1 82 for Western. Rye quiet and nominal. Barley quiet. Corn quiet and without decided change at $1 30 for shipping mixed Western in store, and $1 26@1 28 for new yellow Jersey and Southern. Oats quiet at 93@94c for Western.

Wool firm with a fair demand.

Petroleum quiet; sales of crude at 32c, refined in bond at 47@48c, and refined free at 47@53c

Pork very firm at $18 50@19 for old mess, $22 for new mess, $14 50@16 for old and new prime, and $18 50 @19 for prime mess; also, 1,500 bbls new do for February and March at $22. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats quiet and firm at 7@8c for shoulders, and 10@11c for hams. Bacon sides firm and in good demand at 9¾c for Western Cumberland cut, 10¼@10⅝c for Western short ribbed, and 12½c for long cut hams; also, long cut hams for March at 12c. Dressed hogs firmer at 8¼@8⅝c for Western. Lard more active and a shade firmer at 12½@13⅛c. Butter 22@27c for Ohio.

Money 6 ₩ cent. Sterling exchange quiet and a shade easier at 166@166½. Gold easier, opening at 51⅞, declining to 51½, and closing firm at 51⅝@51¾.

Government stocks firm; United States 6s of 1881 coupons 106.

Stocks irregular: Chicago and Rock Island 125, Cleveland and Toledo 121, Pittsburg, Fort Wayne, and Chicago 84¼, Cleveland and Pittsburg 106⅞, Illinois Central scrip 116¾, Michigan Southern 86, New York Central 132, Erie 98½, do preferred 103½, buyer 40 days, reading 112, Michigan Central 120, Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien 57, Pacific Mail 220, Harlem 91¾, Quicksilver 57, Missouri 6s 66¾, Tennessee 6s 68.

Louisville Commercial College.
OLD POST-OFFICE BUILDING,
Northeast corner of Jefferson and Third streets.
TWENTY YEARS PERPETUAL SESSION.
Open Day and Night for the Reception of Students.
COURSE OF STUDY

Embraces BOOK-KEEPING by SINGLE and DOUBLE ENTRY as applied to every department of Trade and Commerce. COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS by the shortest and most approved methods. COMMERCIAL LAW Regular lectures by a member of the Bar.
TUITION TICKET, time unlimited.......... $40 00
STATIONERY, for through course, about.......... 6 00
For futher particulars call at College Rooms, or address [j3d6*] J. J. BOYD, Principal.

INSURANCE.

The Security Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK.
Capital..........$1,000,000.
Surplus..........270,151.

INSURES BUILDINGS AND Merchandise against loss or damage by fire. Insures shipments by rivers, lakes, canals, and railroads. Insures also the hulls of steamboats.

Seventy-five per cent of the profits of the company are returned to the holders of participating policies. The last return in August was fifty-five per cent.

Policies issued by the undersigned at lowest current rates, and losses promptly adjusted and paid.
JOHN MUIR, Agent,
At Commercial Insurance Company's office, northwest corner Main and Fourth streets. j1 d10

NOTICE.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTNERSHIP, under the firm and style of CRAIG, TRUMAN, & CO., and will continue the WHOLESALE HAT and CAP business at the old stand formerly occupied by A. Craig, and lately by H. P. Truman, No. 607 Main street, second door from the Louisville Hotel. We solicit the former customers to extend their patronage to the new firm.
ALEX. CRAIG.
H P TRUMAN,
Jan. 1. 1864—d6 T. M. SWANN.

Copartnership Notice.

CHARLES H. GARDNER is a member of our firm from this date.
Jan 1, 1864—d1m GARDNER & C[illegible]

SUNDRIES—
20 hhds Sugar;
50 bbls Crushed and Refined Sugars;
[illegible]

STEAMBOATS.

For Memphis and New Orleans
MARS..........McPHERSON, master,
Will leave on this day, the 5th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. Portland. For freight or passage apply on board or to
j5 CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., 4th st.

For Clarksville and Nashville.
ST. LOUIS..........RITCHIE, master,
Will leave on this day, the 5th inst., at 5 P. M., from Portland wharf. For freight or passage apply on board or to
j5 CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., Agents.

For Henderson, and will Connect with Cairo Packets at Evansville.
TARASCON..........BUNCE, master,
Will leave as above on this day, the 5th inst., at 5 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board to or
j5 T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

For New Orleans.
MARS..........McPHERSON, master,
Will leave as above on Tuesday, the 4th inst., at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to
j5 MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

Regular Madison and Carrollton Packet.
Steamer UNDINE, Conaway, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate landings every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to
d23 d1m B. J. CAFFREY, Agent.

For Madison and Carrollton.
The new and light draught steamer D. H. BLUNK, Capt. HENDERSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 o'clock M. On her Saturday trip she will continue as high as Vevay, and will land at all way places. For freight or passage apply on board or to CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., Agents,
d23 dtf Fourth Street.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE
Weekly Freight Express Company.
CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., Agents,
Office—Fourth street, between Main and Water sts.
THE STEAMERS
FITZHUGH
and
CONVOY No. 2

Leave Louisville f[illegible] for Nashville and Nashville for Louisville on alternate Thursdays. Persons at Nashville sending recommend[illegible] and orders to our address will be promptly attended to free of charge and freight shipped by returning boat. d23

1863. 1864.
LOUISVILLE and HENDERSON
U. S. MAILBOATS,
For Owensboro', Evansville, and Henderson, connecting at Evansville with the
CAIRO & EVANSVILLE PACKETS.

The new and light-draught steamers BIG GREY EAGLE and TARASCON will leave every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday at 5 P. M.

NOTICE.

All freight and passengers must be at the Portland wharf before 5 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be delayed after that time under any circumstance. Letters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 o'clock P. M.
d17 dtf J. H. BUNCE, Sup't

REGULAR PACKET—U.S. MAIL [illegible] CONNECTING LINE
Connecting at Cincinnati with Early Eastern Trains
FOR CINCINNATI.

The magnificent passenger steamers MAJ. ANDERSON, [illegible], master, GEN. BUELL, WHITTON, master. One of the above steamers will leave for the above port daily at 12 o'clock M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent.
Office at the Wharfboat, foot of Third st.

E. S. COURTNEY. JAMES A. COURTNEY.
COURTNEY & SON,
TOBACCO AND GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
65 South Gay street, Baltimore, Md.

BESIDES MANUFACTURED AND LEAF TOBACCO, they will give their attention to the sale of CLOVER and FLAX SEED, HEMP, WOOL, FEATHERS, GINSENG, and other WESTERN PRODUCE.

REFERENCES—Merchants' Bank, Baltimore; Messrs. John H. Sheenbergen, George B. White, Isaac M. Pennock, and Jos. Woodwell & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; C. A. Withers & Wright and Young & Morse, Cincinnati, O.; Nock, Wicks, & Co. and James T. Edmunds, Louisville, Ky. o17 d3mis

UNION INSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LOUISVILLE.
Capital Paid in and Secured......$158,000 00

THIS COMPANY CONTINUES TO TAKE MARINE and Fire Risks. Its capital is securely invested, with a large surplus.

DIRECTORS.
Thomas E. Wilson, William C. Hite,
B. F. Guthrie, O. W. Thomas,
D. S. Benedict.
D. S. BENEDICT, President.
ROBERT ATWOOD, Secretary.
Office over store of D. S. Benedict & Son.
s8 d4mis

PLANTERS' HOTEL,
ACTON YOUNG,
Sixth st., between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky.

OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS WISHING TO STOP at a good Union Hotel will find prompt attention and moderate bills at this house.

REFERENCES:
Gov. Johnson, of Tennessee;
Dr. W. G. Brownlow, East Tennessee;
Hotels in Nashville, Tenn.;
Col. Holman and Capt. Holden, Louisville;
Steamers Gen. Buell and Maj. Anderson, Louisville; and the balance of mankind. d22 dis1m*

JOHN SNYDER. T. J. SNYDER.
JOHN SNYDER & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And Agents for Raw Whiskey & Flour,
No. 306 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth,
j1 d1m LOUISVILLE, KY.

For Coughs, Colds, and Consumption

THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM is the most highly approved medicine ever discovered. *It has stood the best of all tests, Time*, having had an unprecedented sale of *nearly forty years*. It is recommended by our best *physicians*, our most eminent *citizens*, the *Press*, the *Trade*, in fact by all who know it. For certificates, which can be given to almost any extent, see wrappers to each bottle. The Proprietors will cheerfully refund the money if not entirely satisfactory. Price 50 cents and $1: the large bottles much the cheapest. *Be careful to get the genuine*, which is prepared only by REED, CUTLER, & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Boston. Sold in Louisville by EDWARD WILDER. d1 d6mis

California Wines.
HOCK,
ANGELICA,
MUSCATEL,
PORT.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY of the above celebrated native Wines.
j1 d7 THOMPSON & CO., 79 Fourth st.

HOLYOKE & ROGERS,
General Commission Merchants
AND
TOBACCO FACTORS,
162 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.
N. E. MILTON & CO., of Louisville, are our Agents, and will make advances on consignments to our address. jan1 dis3m

To Merchants, Captains of Steamboats, Founders, and Others.

ON AND AFTER THE 1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1864, all packages destined to any place in an insurrectionary State must be distinctly marked with the name, and to the care of the consignee at the place to which the goods are shipped, and from which they are to be permitted. Clearances will be refused to all boats or vessels which have goods on board not marked as above required.

To prevent all infringements of this order, Agency Aids and other officers of the Treasury Department will see that the marks on packages, of whatever character, correspond with those on bills of lading and on manifest. W. D. GALLAGHER,
o31 d6 Surveyor.

Pittsburg and Pomeroy Coal.

I HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF THE ABOVE Coal, and am now prepared to furnish at either wholesale or retail at the lowest market price. The Pittsburg is the Ormsby Coal, equal if not superior to any Coal that comes to this market. The Pomeroy is the Peacock Coal, which is sufficient to say about it to those who have used it. Orders from the country have prompt attention. Terms cash exclusively.
d10 d1m WM. G. KENNEDY, 84 Third st.
[Democrat copy one month.]

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

BATCHELOR'S celebrated HAIR D[illegible] is the Best in the World. The only Harmless, True, and Reliable Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is Perfect—changes Red, Rusty, or Gray Hair instantly to a Glossy Black or Natural Brown without Injuring the Hair or Staining the Skin, leaving the Hair Soft and Beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR; all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY—81 BARCLAY ST., N. Y.

Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. jy16 d&wisly

BRASS STENCIL ALPHABETS.
M. J. METCALF & SON,
45½ SALEM STREET, BOSTON, MASS.,

THE only manufacturers in the United States of Brass Alphabets and Figures to any great extent or in any variety. Sold at wholesale at the Lowest CASH PRICES. Also the best of Indelible Stencil Ink VERY CHEAP. Stencil Dies [illegible] cil Stock. Inquiries or orders [illegible]
o8 dis3m

FOWLE'S PILE AND [illegible]
FOR INTERNAL AND [illegible]

One bottle warranted a p[illegible] of Piles; two bottles in [illegible] SALTRHEUM, and all dis[illegible] of failure all are requeste[illegible] ties and take back their [illegible] 1,000 returned, and the[illegible] failure in Piles or Hu[illegible] dealers must warrant [illegible] GEO. H. CARY, 341 M[illegible]

THE AMERICA[illegible]

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

A Heroic Record.—A western journal, in commenting on the bravery of pilot Allen of the Von Phul, who remained at his post though the captain and another person were killed in the wheel-house near him, says:

In fact, to my certain knowledge, not a pilot of the Mississippi Association of Pilots, naval or acting in a civil capacity, has ever yet deserted his wheel in the hour of danger. All honor to the brave few for it. They are in the most exposed, but at the same time most important position on a steamer. Let one pilot drop his wheel, and sure destruction awaits passengers, officers, crew, steamer. The boat would float right into the jaws of death but for the guidance of his eye and sure hand.

This is a grand era for courage in the United States; probably no period in the world's history was ever so full of incidents of gallantry in the hour of peril, and we are glad to chronicle evidence like this that not only sailors, but that others whose services are all-important to the Government have so uniformly proved themselves unflinching heroes.

Abuses of the Cotton Trade.—A gentleman, just returned from a tour down the Mississippi, makes a revelation of some of the abuses and corruption of the cotton trade in that section under the present arrangement. He says:

I have just returned from an extended trip down the Mississippi river, in connection with the Sanitary Commission. While performing the labors more immediately devolving upon me, I could not close my eyes and ears to what was going on around me. You are right in saying "that the Government should at once put a stop to the present system connected with the cotton trade." There are grave abuses and very serious charges connected with it, and it is producing a desire to speculate and peculate that is perfectly frightful. The officers of the army, I think, are fully awake to the abuses which exist, and will do what they can to put a stop to them. The abuses mainly arise from permits or orders to trade, emanating from the Treasury Department or its agents. Men in high places are openly charged with being directly connected with those to whom special permits are granted, participating in profits, &c. Distinguished names from Rhode Island, New York, Ohio, and Illinois, were freely spoken of in this connection.

As to their truth or falsity, I do not pretend to decide. All I know is, that some change in the system is necessary, and has been from the first. The custom is, as I have been credibly informed, for men of capital and professed loyalty, or I might say undoubted loyalty, to procure permits to trade. These persons send agents of doubtful loyalty, and these again sub-agents more unscrupulous, and who are loyal only to their interests. These men are paid $10 per bale on all the cotton they can purchase at 15c per pound. They proceed to different points along the river, and establish direct communication with guerilla chiefs and bands, who, for a consideration, will afford protection to the cotton which they purchase. Supplies are furnished, and many articles contraband of war, I doubt not, are smuggled in; and that the enemy in this way are directly furnished with what they stand most in need of. These speculators, if loyal at home, must need assume the garb of traitors and rebels when they go beyond our lines, and, to show their sympathy, communicate all the information they are in possession of, and abuse and curse the Yankees to the perfect satisfaction of their new friends.

Arrests at New York.—The seizure a New York of the New Orleans steamer George Cromwell has already been announced. The times says:

The names of the parties arrested and the specific charges against them had been withheld by the Government authorities until Monday, when it was announced that among them were Hon. H. Segur, formerly Minister to the United States from the Government of San Salvador, and his wife and maid servant. Also, Mr. G. F. Cauty, a merchant of this city, and Mr. D. Perez, of San Salvador. Mr. Segur and Mr. Perez were arrested on board the George Cromwell, where they had embarked for New Orleans. Mr. Cauty was not going out in the steamer, but was discovered to be intimate with the suspected parties, and was arrested as he was about bidding them adieu. On the person of Mrs. Segur was found a bill of lading for fifty kegs of lard, which had been shipped on board the British barque Circassian. On Friday the kegs of lard were seized, and in them were found one thousand navy revolvers. In the personal baggage of Mr. Segur and Mr. Perez were also found revolvers and rifle and pistol cartridges. In the bosom of Mrs. Segur and of her maid-servant were also found revolvers, and even the children belonging to the family had the same articles concealed about their clothing. The parties were all taken to Fort Lafayette on Sunday. Several other parties, including the firm in Cortlandt street at whose house the barrels containing powder were packed, which were seized on the George Cromwell, have also been arrested, but their names are withheld for the present.

Hydrophobia—*A Horrible Case.*—A very horrible case of this disease lately occurred in the town of Adams. Mr. James H. Kenyon, a man forty-two years of age, was bitten by a mad dog last June in the town of Redfield, Oswego county. At the time he thought very little about it, not knowing that the dog was mad until several days after. Time passed on, and Mr. Kenyon said but little about it to any one until about five or six days before his death.

He first noticed an itching sensation on the thumb which had been bitten by the dog; whenever he rubbed the sensitive portion cold chills would instantly pass over his whole body. This was on Sunday. On Monday he felt cold chills again. He then mistrusted that he was having the hydrophobia, yet he took a sweat, and on Tuesday went out and worked some. On Wednesday he was taken with vomiting, which continued nearly all day.

Thursday he was cross and snappish to those about him, and that night Mr. Jeremiah Parker was called. At this time Keynon was having slight fits once in three or four minutes. He talks rationally, and said that he was unable to control himself, and did not know what he might be led to do; and therefore he wished to be tied to the bed. This was done, as he had requested.

In his convulsions he tore the feather and straw beds into pieces, and threw himself from one side of the bed to the other, seemingly as quick as lightning, moving, at the same time, the bedstead twelve or eighteen inches each way; this while he was lashed to the bed. He could not endure to have a drop of water even in the room, and if any was offered him he immediately went into convulsions. He now was in the greatest agony, and plead with the doctor to bleed him to death. He died about seven o'clock on Friday morning, six months from the time he was first bitten.—*Watertown (N. Y.) Journal.*

A Horrible Execution in Poland.—Letters from Wloclawski give the particulars of the execution of Francis Corfini, late of the Polish cavalry. Although with an Italian name, this soldier was a Pole, a native of Posen, and had formerly served in the Prussian army. He was captured in the village of Klubce, where the Russians committed the usual atrocities, plundering the estate, murdering two of the inhabitants, beating the village priest in a terrible manner, and drinking spirits out of the chalices on the altar of the church. Corfini was taken to Wloclawski, and tortured at his examination before the infamous Schwartz, Aid-de-Camp to Prince Wittgenstein. The prisoner kept silence notwithstanding his sufferings, but at length, provoked beyond endurance, he spat in Schwartz's face and exclaimed: "The time will soon come when you, too, will suffer for all your crimes." Schwartz, in a fury, immediately ordered Corfini to be beaten with rods, and the punishment was prolonged until the victim lost all consciousness, his back being quite broken. He was then taken to the gibbet and bound to it for several hours. This was repeated for four days in succession, after which he was hanged. Corfini preserved his self-possession to the last, saying that he was [illegible] sorry because he was going to die, but [illegible] could not see Poland free even for [illegible] his death.

[illegible] Mrs. Semmes.—Some weeks [illegible] es and her daughter, Mrs. [illegible] ted on the charge of having [illegible] to West's Building Hospi- [illegible] of poisoning the military [illegible] e of that establishment. [illegible] d some of them partook [illegible] were affected as if they [illegible] c. After having been [illegible] the military, the ladies [illegible] e civil authorities, and [illegible] before the Grand Jury [illegible] and they were admit- [illegible] issue. The charge [illegible] some time, but [illegible] ion that there [illegible] t, and they [illegible] ertained, [illegible]

NOT ALCOHOLIC!

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

Vegetable Extract.

A PURE TONIC.

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS

PREPARED BY

Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philad'a, Pa.

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE

LIVER COMPLAINT,

DYSPEPSIA,

JAUNDICE,

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

And will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever, &c.

THEY CONTAIN

NO ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKEY!

They WILL CURE the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of Hoofland's German Bitters (purely vegetable), hosts of ignorant Quacks and unscrupulous adventurers have opened upon suffering humanity the floodgates of Nostrums in the shape of poor whiskey, vilely compounded with injurious drugs, and christened Tonics, Stomachics, and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of Alcoholic preparations in plethoric bottles and big bellied kegs, under the modest appellation of Bitters; which, instead of curing, only aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed sufferer in despair.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do, use **Hoofland's German Bitters.**

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long-continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them. J. NEWTON BROWN.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23, 1861.

Particular Notice.

There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters, put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed.

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is created and kept up, and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

For those who desire and **will have** *a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt: Get* **One Bottle Hoofland's German Bitters** *and mix with* **Three Quarts of Good Brandy or Whiskey,** *and the result will be a preparation that will far excel in medicinal virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will* **cost much less.** *You will have all the virtues of* **Hoofland's Bitters** *in connection with a* **good** *article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.*

Attention, Soldiers!

AND FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS.

We call the attention of all having relations or friends in the army to the fact that "HOOFLAND'S German Bitters" will cure nine-tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and privations incident to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily in the newspapers, on the arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large proportion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedily removed. We have no hesitation in stating that, if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers, hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise will be lost.

We call particular attention to the following remarkable and well authenticated cure of one of the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language "has been saved by the Bitters."

PHILADELPHIA, August 23, 1863.

Messrs. Jones & Evans: Well, gentlemen, your Hoofland's German Bitters has saved my life. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were fully cognizant of all the circumstances of my case. I am, and have been for the last four years, a member of Sherman's celebrated battery, and under the immediate command of Capt. R. B. Ayres. Through the exposure attendant upon my arduous duties, I was attacked in November last with inflammation of the lungs, and was for seventy-two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed from the White House and sent to this city on board the steamer State of Maine, from which I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow anything, and if I did force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and accordingly the physicians, who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread archer, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinbron, of Sixth, below Arch street, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the gloomy shadow of death receded, and I am now, thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles, I have gained ten pounds, and I feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughter, from whom I have heard nothing for eighteen months; for, gentlemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of Front Royal. To your invaluable Bitters I owe the certainty of life which has taken the place of vague fears; to your Bitters will I owe the glorious privilege of again clasping to my bosom those who are dearest to me in life.

Very truly yours, ISAAC MALONE.

We fully concur in the truth of the above statement, as we had despaired of seeing our comrade, Mr. Malone, restored to health.

JOHN CUDDLEBACK, 1st New York Battery.
GEORGE A. ACKLEY, Co. C, 11th Maine.
LEWIS CHEVALIER, 92d New York.
I. E. SPENCER, 1st Artillery, Battery F.
J. B. FASEWELL, Co. B, 3d Vermont.
HENRY B. JEROME, Co. B, 3d Vermont.
HENRY T. MACDONALD, Co. C, 6th Maine.
JOHN F. WARD, Co. E, 5th Maine.
HERMAN KOCH, Co. H, 72d New York.
NATHANIEL B. THOMAS, Co. F, 95th Penn.
ANDREW J. KIMBALL, Co. A, 3d Vermont.
JOHN JENKINS, Co. B, 106th Penn.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the WRAPPER of each bottle.

PRICE PER BOTTLE 75 CENTS, OR HALF DOZ. FOR $4 00.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory

No. 631 ARCH ST.

[illegible] ONES & EVANS,

[illegible] sors to C. M. JACKSON & Co.,)

Proprietors.

[illegible] Dealers in every town [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

War Department, Ad'jt General's Office, Washington, Dec. 15, 1863.

Circular.

It is directed by General Orders No. 376, current series, from the War Department, that re-enlisted volunteers returned to their States, shall report, through the Governor, to the Superintendent of the volunteer recruiting service. When officers and men so report, the respective Governors and Superintendents should arrange to place such as can be profitably employed on recruiting service, on that duty; the others to be furloughed for the time authorized by General Orders No. 376. When furloughs are granted, they must be signed by the Superintendent, who will direct that at the expiration of the time granted, the parties furloughed shall report at a stated rendezvous, else be considered deserters.

Superintendents will arrange, under existing regulations, for the transportation and subsistence of those placed on duty.

Upon the assembling of the veteran volunteers at the rendezvous, after the expiration of the furloughs, Superintendents will report the respective commands (regiments, companies, or detachments) to the Adjutant General of the army for orders. The reports will give the strength of the command, the number of recruits for it obtained during the furlough, to be stated separately.

In returning the volunteers to the field the Superintendents will arrange with the Quartermaster's Department for the necessary transportation.

Superintendents will confer with the Governors, and arrange with them as to the points of rendezvous for the volunteers herein referred to. The rendezvous must be at points where there are already public barracks or quarters; and if the accommodations are not sufficient for the number to rendezvous thereat, the Quartermaster's Department, on the requisition of the Superintendent, will supply the deficiency.

At the respective rendezvous the Subsistence Department will be charged with the subsistence of the troops. The Superintendents will advise the Subsistence Department of the number of troops that will have to be supplied.

By order of the Secretary of War.
E. D. TOWNSEND, Ass't Ad'jt General.
Official: W. H. SIDELL, Maj. 15th U. S. I., and Act'g Ass't Pro. Mar. Gen. for the State of Ky.
d23 d20

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, } ss. No. 167.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 28th day of December, A. D., 1863, by Joshua Tevis, Esq., Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, as well in behalf of the United States as of Warren Thornbury, Surveyor of the Port of Paducah, against four barrels of whiskey and three boxes of oysters, alleging, in substance, that said goods and articles were seized on land, in the District of Kentucky, on the 25th day of August, A. D., 1863, as forfeited to the United States; that said articles were shipped from the Port of Louisville, in the said District of Kentucky, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1863, to the Port of Paducah, a place on the south side of the Ohio River below Wheeling, Virginia, without a permit therefor having been obtained as required by law; and that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next February term, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1863, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.
H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.
J. Tevis, U. S. Attorney.
Dated December 29, 1863. d29 d14

I WANT MORE RECRUITS TO FILL THE Company which I am authorized to raise for the 38th Kentucky Volunteer Infantry, for twelve months' service, under the President's call for 20,000 men. This branch of the service is pleasant, and, as every able-bodied man in our State has to volunteer or be drafted, my Company offers inducements which should not fail to be appreciated by our gallant young men. The calls of our country and the impulses of patriotism and honor all invite to a last grand rally to crush the rebellion and restore peace to the reunited Union.

Full particulars can be had by addressing me at Lockport, Ky. M. BAYZOR, 2d Lieut., 38th Ky. I., d24 dt Jan9* Recruiting Officer.

AT

COOK & GOODMAN'S

No. 402 Third st., bet. Jefferson and Green,

Can be found a fine selection of

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware,

Also a large assortment of

OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS CLOCKS

&c., &c., and a variety of

GOODS SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

All Goods sold at this establishment are warranted to be of the BEST QUALITY and the most APPROVED STYLES.

WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED and WARRANTED. COOK & GOODMAN.

J. W. COOK, OPTICIAN,

No. 402 Third st., bet. Jefferson and Green,

Has the most extensive stock of

Optical Instruments, Spectacles, Opera Glasses, Field Glasses, Telescopes, and Stereoscopes

To be found in this city.

Mr. J. W. C. calls the attention of the public to his fine assortment of SPECTACLE GLASSES.

OPERA GLASSES rented. d12 d1m

FAMILY DYE COLORS

Patented October 13, 1863.

PERFECT FAST COLORS.

Black, Black for Silk, Dark Blue, Light Blue, French Blue, Claret Brown, Dark Brown, Light Brown, Snuff Brown, Cherry, Crimson, Dark Drab, Light Drab, Fawn Drab, Light Fawn Dr'b, Dark Green, Light Green, Magenta, Maize, Maroon, Orange, Pink, Purple, Royal Purple, Salmon, Scarlet, Slate, Solferino, Violet, Yellow.

For Dyeing Silk, Woollen and Mixed Goods, Shawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Kid Gloves, Children's Clothing, and all kinds of Wearing Apparel.

A SAVING OF 80 PER CENT!

For 25 cents you can color as many goods as would otherwise cost five times that sum. Various shades can be produced from the same dye. The process is simple, and any one can use the dye with perfect success. Directions in English, French, and German inside of each package.

For further information in Dyeing, and giving a perfect knowledge of what colors are best adapted to dye over others (with many valuable recipes), purchase Howe & Stevens's Treatise on Dyeing and Coloring. Sent by mail on receipt of price—10 cents. Manufactured by HOWE & STEVENS, 260 Broadway, Boston.

For sale by WILSON & PETER, dec4 d3m&w6 Louisville, Ky.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY: } ss. No. 168.

United States of America vs. John D. Morris, &c.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky in the above entitled cause, on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1863, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States, alleging that said Jno. D. Morris, since the 17th July, 1862, has done the acts and committed the offences denounced by the 5th and 6th sections of the act of Congress, approved 17th July, 1862, entitled "An act to suppress insurrection, to punish treason and rebellion, to seize and confiscate property of rebels, and for other purposes," and that said Jno. D. Morris, at the time he did said acts and committed said offences, owned the following property, to-wit: Eleven hundred and sixty acres of land, lying in Christian county, on the west fork of Red River, also the rent due and to become due on said land; that the same are by reason of the premises forfeited to the United States, and, being so forfeited, the same have been seized and are now in custody of the Marshal for said District.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby admonish all persons having or claiming any interest in said property, or having anything to say why the same shall not be condemned as forfeited and the proceeds thereof disposed of according to the prayers of the information, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next February term, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1864, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.
H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.
Joshua Tevis, U. S. Attorney.
Dated December 30, A. D. 1863. d30 d10&w4

GEO. W. GRAHAM. WM. C. GRAHAM,
Late of Halliday, Graham, & Co., New Orleans; and Graham & Co., Cairo, Illinois.

G. W. GRAHAM & CO., Wholesale Grocers, General Commission Merchants, and Steamboat Agents,

Nos. 45 and 47 Front street, and 46 and 48 Fulton street, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Special attention given to Sutlers, Planters, and Steamboat Orders for Supplies and Stores.

Consignments of Western and Southern Produce and Orders for the purchase of Cotton, Sugar, and Molasses solicited.

Refer to Messrs. Henry Ames & Co., John J. Roe, Esq., Ambrose Reeder, Esq., St. Louis; Solomon Sturges's Sons, Chicago; Messrs. Barker, Hart, & Cook, and Messrs. Wm. Glenn & Sons, Cincinnati; A. B. Safford, Cashier, Messrs. Chas. Galigher & Co., Cairo, Ill. d19 d2m

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

PROPOSALS FOR THE ERECTION OF A COURT-HOUSE for Metcalfe county, Ky., will be received at Edmonton up to January 31, 1864. Plan and specifications can be seen at the office of the Committee in Edmonton, also at the office of H. P. Bradshaw, Architect, Louisville, Ky., who is authorized to receive proposals. Payments will be made by the county in the following instalments: $2,500 April 1, 1864, and $2,000 annually thereafter until completed. The building to be completed on or before September 1, 1865.

By order of the Committee.
d28 d1m* R. B. DOHONEY, Sec'y.

LEFT AT MY STABLE ON THE 9TH OF June last, a large BLACK GELDING, said to belong to Major Lyle. If said Horse is not called for by the 10th of January next, he will be sold to pay charges.
d29 dtjan10 J. W. SHOCKENCY.

LEFT AT MY STABLE ON THE 2D OF October last, a small SORREL MARE, said to belong to a Mr. Ferryman. If said Mare is not called for by the 10th of January next, she will be sold to pay charges.
d29 dtjan10 J. W. SHOCKENCY.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between PEACOCK & TARR in the Livery Stable business is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by Andrew Peacock alone.
ANDREW PEACOCK,
SAMUEL H. TARR.
Louisville, Dec. 23, 1863. d25 d10*

SUNDRIES.

20 BHDS N. O. SUGAR; 200 boxes Star Candles; 50 bbls Crushed Sugar; 1,000 bbls Salt;
In store and for sale by
d31 d1m N. & W. J. SMITH & CO.

R. P. SHAPARD,

Late of Shelbyville, Tenn.,

Wholesale Grocer,

637 Main st., near Seventh,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

If you wish to purchase Groceries call and see him.
d30 d2m*

COFFEE—200 bags Rio for sale by
d22 MURRELL, CASTLEMAN, & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

FACULTY.

BENJ. W. DUDLEY, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Surgery.
H. M. BULLITT, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.
C. W. WRIGHT, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Physiology.
J. A. IRELAND, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
J. M. BODINE, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
A. B. COOK, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
L. J. FRAZEE, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
S. H. GARVIN, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.
T. W. GIBSON, Esq., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence.

THE REGULAR LECTURES WILL COMMENCE on the first Monday in March next, and continue for a period of Four Months. Preliminary Lectures will be delivered and the Dissecting Rooms will be opened during the month of February.

FEES.

Tickets for the full course	$ 90 00
Matriculation Ticket	5 00
Demonstrator's Ticket	10 00
Graduation Fee	25 00

For further information, address
d24 d10* H. M. BULLITT, M. D., Dean.

EDWD. A. PREUSS'S DRUG STORE

CORNER of SIXTEENTH AND MARKET.

s22 dly

McKNIGHT & WEBBER

Are in daily receipt of new and choice styles of

CARPETS

And all kinds of

Furnishing Goods,

Which will be sold very low for cash.

327 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.
d4 dtmar4

JACOB ANTHONY & CO.,

DEALERS IN

PURE BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,

And Manufacturers of

APPLE, CIDER, & WINE VINEGAR,

No. 133 Fourth st. between Main and Water.
aug19 dly

RECRUITS WANTED.

Second Regiment Kentucky Heavy Artillery.

$402 BOUNTY TO VETERANS!

Government and State Bounties to New Recruits.

A GENERAL RENDEZVOUS AND recruiting office for this fine regiment, now being raised by special authority, has been established at

BOWLING GREEN, KY.

Comfortable quarters in strong fortifications, no picket duty or long marches, and pleasant military duties, should induce all volunteers to select this regiment and favorite arm of the service.

Transportation will be refunded to those coming to this office to enlist, or furnished on application.

Officers (or those qualified to be such) wishing to recruit for this regiment, will address, stating the number of men they can obtain,
CAPT. T. B. WIGFALL,
d28 d12 Bowling Green, Ky.

JOHN B. McFERRAN. B. J. MENEFEE.

McFERRAN & MENEFEE, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, WHOLESALE PROVISION DEALERS,

AND

Cotton Factors,

Main, Between First and Second sts., Louisville, Ky.

PROMPT ATTENTION WILL BE GIVEN TO consignments of Tobacco and Whiskey entrusted to them. A large stock of pure Bourbon Whiskey constantly on hand. d28 d1m

A REPORT ON THE USE OF BROMINE IN HOSPITAL GANGRENE, ERYSIPELAS, &c., as observed in the Departments of the Ohio and the Cumberland, with cases appended. By M. Goldsmith, Surgeon U. S. V. Price $1.
BRADLEY & GILBERT,
d1m Third and Green sts.

HENRY'S REPEATING RIFLE

THESE MOST POWERFUL AND EFFECTIVE weapons can be bought,

BY THE CASE ONLY,

OF

A. B. SEMPLE & SONS

Louisville,

General Agents for the State of Kentucky.

They may be procured at retail of the following parties:

JOSEPH GRIFFITH & SON, Fifth street, near Main street, Louisville.
DICKSON & GILMORE, Third street, near Main street, Louisville.
CHAS. H. BRADFORD, New Albany, Indiana.
WELLS, KELLOGG, & CO., Evansville, Indiana.

Duplicate Springs and other parts of the Rifle can be obtained from, and all needed repairs made by DICKSON & GILMORE, Third, near Main street, Louisville, Ky.
O. F. WINCHESTER,
mar7 d&wly Pres't N. H. Arms Co.

JAMES HARLAN, JR. JOHN M. HARLAN

HARLAN & HARLAN, Attorneys at Law,

FRANKFORT, KY.,

WILL PRACTICE LAW IN THE COURT OF Appeals, in the Federal Courts held en at Frankfort, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of Franklin, Henry, Owen, Shelby, Woodford, Mercer, and Anderson.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, deceased. Correspondence in reference to that business is requested. m27 dtf

A. BURWELL,

Attorney at Law and General Agent,

VICKSBURG, MISS.

NOTICE.—I shall return to Vicksburg, Miss., on or about the 1st of December, 1863, and will remain during the winter and spring, attending to all business from Memphis to New Orleans so far as the same is allowed by law and the rules of the Government. Any communications to me at Vicksburg or Saint Louis will receive prompt attention.

Refer to Martin & Co. and Judge Bodley, Louisville, Ky. d17 d3m A. BURWELL.

H. VERHOEFF, jr. O. VERHOEFF.

VERHOEFF BROTHERS, General Commission Merchants GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS,

No. 140 Wall or Fourth st., bet Main and the River,
s15 LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dickens's New Christmas Story

Mr. Lirriper's Lodgings. 10c.
MISS BRADDON'S NEW BOOK—John Marchmont's Legacy. 50c.
TROLLOPE'S LAST NOVEL—Rachel Ray. 50c.

Any Quantity of New Juveniles,

Including
Mr. Wind and Madam Rain. 60c.
Boyhood of Martin Luther. $1.
Margaret Reid's Juveniles. 90c per vol.
Camp Fires of Revolution. $2.
Edith's Ministry. $1 50.
And 999 of all sorts, sizes, and prices.
Elegant Writing-desks and Portfolios.
The most magnificent Photograph Albums in the city. Standard and seasonable Books in elegant bindings.
DIARIES for 1864, finely bound.
All the New Books received as soon as published.
Great inducements offered to those selecting for Sunday School Libraries or Premium Books.
d20 sun1&d L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main street.

SACKS—Seamless Cotton Sacks, as good as new, for sale by ROBERT CARMICHAEL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
d18 d12 67 Vine st., Cincinnati.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST THE estate of Mary Isabel Schnell, lately deceased, are hereby requested to present the same, proved according to law, at the office of Harris & Stone, Attorneys at law on the west side Fifth street, near Court Place. All persons indebted to said estate are likewise requested to call at the office of Harris & Stone, and pay the same. HENRY MILLER, Administrator of the estate of Mary I. Schnell, at Volksblatt office.
d16 d1m

The Library of the Kentucky Mechanics' Institute

WILL BE RE-OPENED ON MONDAY, THE 3D inst., for the use of subscribers. Hours from 9 to 12 A. M., from 2 to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 9 in the evening. m21 dtf JOHN B. DAVIES, Sec'y.

AT A MEETING OF THE INSTITUTE, HELD on Thursday evening, 19th inst., the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to wait upon the citizens and solicit subscriptions to the Institute: Wm. Kaye, George Ainslie, John D. O'Leary, B. Du Pont, George W. Morris, Capt. J. H. Schroeder, and Robert Skeene. m21 dtf

All persons having Books belonging to the Library will please return the same without delay.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 28, 1863, ALL Freights from Louisville going over our respective Lines, when in quantities of 2,000 lbs and upwards, will be contracted from Warehouses of Shippers. Property thus contracted will be taken from Warehouses by the Louisville Transfer Co.
D. RICKETTS,
Pres't Jeffersonville R. R. Co.
W. H. CLEMMENS,
Pres't L. M. & C. & X. R. R. Co.
S. S. L'HOMMEDIEU,
Pres't C. H. & D. R. R. Co.
A. B. CULVER,
Supt. L. N. A. & C. R. R. Co.
A. B. WATERS,
d25 d1m Gen'l F't Ag't O. & M. R. R. Co.

REMOVAL.

A. RAWSON & CO. HAVE REMOVED FROM 214 to 218 Main street. o30

CIGARS—
20,000 Henry Clay;
20,000 S. H. & Co.;
15,000 Conchitas;
15,000 7th Reg't;
15,000 Figaro;
10,000 Insperado; for sale by
d22 MURRELL, CASTLEMAN, & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT.

For THIRTY YEARS has received the Favorable Recommendation of the PUBLIC, and has been USED AND PRESCRIBED by the

FIRST PHYSICIANS IN THE LAND

AS THE

BEST REMEDY KNOWN

FOR

Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Gout, Indigestion, Torpidity of the Liver, Gravel, Rheumatic Affections, Piles, Heartburn, Sea Sickness, Bilious Attacks, Fevers, &c.

For Testimonials, &c., see Pamphlet with each bottle.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

TARRANT & CO.,

278 Greenwich street, New York.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
o19 dosly

Notice.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST MARSHAL, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 5, 1863.

All persons having contraband negroes in the counties of Jefferson, Oldham, Shelby, Spencer, Bullitt, Nelson, Washington, Meade, Hardin, Larue, and Breckinridge, will report them to the Provost Marshal's office immediately at this post. Any one having them in their possession after the 20th of October, 1863, "with or without receipt of ours," will be arrested and punished for the violation of this order.
D. C. FITCH,
Maj. and Prest. Commission.
M. H. JOUETT. o6 d3m

HUBBARD BROTHERS IMPORTERS,

169 BROADWAY, N. Y.,

Are offering the cheapest, most accurate, durable, and saleable Watches in the American Market! They are the sole consignees in this country for the celebrated

Magic Time Observers,

The Perfection of Mechanism!

Being a Hunting, or Open-Face, or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch combined, with Patent Self-Winding Improvement.

A most pleasing novelty. One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest timepiece for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it and connected with its machinery its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the improved ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate timepiece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of half dozen, $204. Sample watches in neat Morocco boxes, $55. If sent by mail the postage is 36 cents; registering 20 cents.

COMPOSITE Silver Watches!

First-Class Hunting Timepiece!

FOR ACCURACY OF MOVEMENT, BEAUTY OF MATERIAL, AND, ABOVE ALL, CHEAPNESS IN PRICE, THESE WATCHES MUST ENSURE

UNIVERSAL APPROBATION!

An imitation so faultless that it can hardly be detected from the solid material by the most experienced judges. The material being alike all the way through it cannot be recognized by cutting or heavy engraving, making it not only in appearance, but in durability, the best resemblance of SOLID STERLING SILVER in existence.

The sale of these Watches in the army is a source of enormous profit, retailing, as they very readily do, at $25 and upwards. Many hundred dollars can be made in a single pay-day by any one of ordinary business tact.

AT WHOLESALE ONLY! *In heavy hunting cases, beautifully engraved, white enamel dial, and fancy cut hands, in good running order,* by the half dozen, $66; postage, $1 86; registering 20 cents. Sold only by the case. Can be safely sent by mail.

Our importations are novelties produced by no other house, combining greater accuracy as timekeepers, being more elaborately and artistically finished, and offered at prices challenging competition from all other hands.

The press in all parts of the country voluntarily attest the superiority of our Watches. Their encomiums are emphatic, speaking directly to the point, in a manner not to be misunderstood.

"Particularly valuable for officers in the army and travellers."—*Frank Leslie's*, Feb. 21.

"Prettiest, best, and cheapest timepieces ever offered."—*N. Y. Illustrated News*, Jan. 10.

"Exceed other manufactures in point of accuracy and elegance."—*Phila. Army and Navy Gazette*, May 9.

"An improvement on ordinary timepieces, and invaluable for railroad men."—*N. Y. Am. Railroad Journal*, Aug. 9.

"Elaborately and artistically finished."—*N. York Scottish American*, July 30.

"Combine great accuracy as timekeepers."—*Pittsburg (Pa.) Chronicle*, July 27.

"Very pretty and durable Watches for the army."—*N. Y. Army and Navy Journal* (Government Organ), August 20.

Watches sent by express to any part of the loyal States with bill payable to Express agent upon delivery. Persons ordering in this manner must enclose $2 as a proof of their sincerity, the amount to be credited on the bill.

Soldiers, *and all others in the disloyal States, or any parts thereof, must send payment in advance,* as the Express Companies peremptorily refuse making collections in such precarious localities. Money can be sent by mail or express. If by express or mail in a registered letter, at our risk. Our patrons are requested to call in person when it is convenient for them to do so.

HUBBARD BROS., Importers,
o3 dly 169 Broadway, New York.

NOVELTY WORKS.

GEO. A. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
C. F. HAWLEY, Agent and Manager.

MANUFACTURE AND KEEP ON HAND ALL kinds of Brass Castings, Steam Valve, Still, and Stop Cocks, Plumbers' Work, Steam and Water Gauges, Safety Guards, Bells, Gongs, Steam Whistles, Blowers, Metallic Packing, Iron Pipe and Fittings, Pumps, Iron Washers.

Agents for Breur's (Patent) Steam Cyphon or Air Pump (for Steamboats).

Job Work—Blacksmithing—Engines repaired.

All orders for Steamboat Work promptly attended to.

N. B.—The highest market price paid for Old Copper and Brass.

Main, near the corner of Ninth st, north side
d1 d3m

6TH STREET,

Near Main,

AT

C. G. JONES'S,

Fresh Arrivals and Large Stock

CLOTHING

AT

REDUCED PRICES.

MERCHANTS

Will do well to examine before buying. Nearly opposite Adams Express Office. [nov9dly] d17

C. J. RAIBLE,

332 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth,

Has just received a large assortment of

Plain and Fancy Gimps, Fancy Combs & Head-Dresses, Nubias, Sontags, and Hoods;

Also a large assortment of

Port-Monaies & Fancy Goods, Commenced Slippers, &c.
d16 tjan7

PAPER WAREHOUSE,

No. 44 Beekman st.

Established in 1847.

A. P. HARD

(Successor to Carson & Hard)

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of

Paper of Every Description,

Consisting in part of

Cap, Letter, Note, Billet, Ledger Papers of all sizes and prices; Folio Post, Packet Post, Commercial Colored Papers, for Printers, all grades; Manilla Papers, all sizes; Hardware Paper, all sizes; Wrapping of every kind; News, Printing, &c., &c.

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, PRINTERS, BINDERS, AND MERCHANTS

Can supply themselves with any kind desired at less than mill prices.

A. P. HARD,
44 Beekman street,
d9 d1m THE OLD STAND.

COTTON YARNS—160 bags Pittsburg Eagle Cotton Yarns in store and for sale by
GEO. C. HUNTER,
d4 d1m Agent for Manufacturers.

ABNER COOPER,

Commission Merchant,

BUTTER, CHEESE, and WESTERN PRODUCE,

No. 314 Main, between Third and Fourth streets, north side, nearly opposite Bank of Louisville.

CASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, LARD, WHITE Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginseng, and Beeswax.

Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled.
o29

Z. GIBBONS,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Lexington, Ky.,

PRACTISES IN FAYETTE AND THE ADJOINING COUNTIES in the COURT of APPEALS and the FEDERAL COURTS.

Collections promptly made. d29 d12*

MADDER—5,000 lbs Ombro Madder for sale by
d19 d&w R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

CASTOR OIL—35 bbls prime Castor Oil for sale by
d19 d&w R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

CREAM TARTAR—1,500 lbs pure Cream Tartar for sale by
d19 d&w R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

COAL OIL—50 bbls Refined Coal or Carbon Oil for sale by [d19 d&w] R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

WINDOW-GLASS AND GLASSWARE—
1,000 bxs Window-Glass, best brands, ass'd sizes;
1,000 bxs Glassware; for sale by
d19 d&w R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

SNUFF—
200 packages Garrett's and Bonn's Scotch Snuff;
3,000 lbs Maccoboy Snuff; for sale by
d19 d&w R. A. ROBINSON CO.

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CHICAGO RAILROAD

For St. Louis, Chicago, & Detroit.

THROUGH TO CHICAGO WITHOUT CHANGE.

Three Trains Daily.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, DECEMBER 14TH, 1863, trains will leave New Albany, opposite Louisville, as follows:

9:00 A. M. ST. LOUIS AND CAIRO EXPRESS—Daily (except Sunday), arriving in St. Louis at 10:00 P. M. and Cairo at 4:00 A. M. This is the only *morning* train from Louisville for the West and North, and the *only* train making connections for Evansville, arriving at 6:00 P. M. same day.

2:30 P. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS—Daily (except Sunday), THROUGH TO CHICAGO WITHOUT CHANGE, connecting at Green Castle with trains on the T. H. & R. Railroad for Terre Haute, Mattoon, Pana, Alton, and all points West. Also connects at Lafayette with trains on T. & W. R. R. West for Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Naples, Quincy, Bloomington, and all points in Central Illinois, East for Toledo and Cleveland, connects at Salem Crossing & Michigan City for Detroit and all points on Michigan Southern and Michigan Central Railroads. This is the only train from Louisville by which passengers can go through to Chicago without a change of cars. Time as quick as by any other route, advertisements by competing lines to the contrary notwithstanding.

8:40 P. M. ST. LOUIS AND CAIRO NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily, reaching St. Louis at 10:00 A. M. and Cairo at 3:00 P. M.; also making direct connections at Odin and Sandoval for Chicago, Decatur, Springfield, Dunleith, and all Northwestern cities. This train also makes immediate connection with east bound train on O. & M. R. R. for Cincinnati, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Washington City, Baltimore, New York, and Boston, and is the only evening train by which travellers avoid delay in going to Cincinnati.

THE 9:00 A. M AND 8:40 P. M. TRAINS are run especially to connect with trains on the O. & M. R. R., and being 30 MILES shorter than any competing lines, forms the shortest, quickest, and most reliable route to all points West.

ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO ST. LOUIS AND CINCINNATI.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH.

For Through Tickets and further information apply at the TICKET OFFICE, southwest corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky.

Trains are run by Louisville time.
A. B. CULVER, Sup't.
S. S. Parker, Agent. d12

LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT AND LEXINGTON & FRANKFORT RAILROADS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Dec. 7, 1863, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:35 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview, connecting at Eminence with stages for Newcastle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, and Danville, at Midway for Versailles, at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Lexington via rail and stage for Nicholasville, Danville, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior towns.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at 5:00 A. M., and arrive at Louisville at 8:50 A. M., and will leave Louisville at 3:20 P. M., arriving at Frankfort at 7:15 P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 5:40 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6:00 A. M.

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.
s3 dtf SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

TWO DAILY TRAINS

LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOUISVILLE, as follows:

2:30 P. M. Daily (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR:

For Cincinnati, Columbus, Cleveland, New York, Boston, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, &c.

AT INDIANAPOLIS:

For Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, Washington City, and all points East and Northeast.

For Chicago, Detroit, and all points in the North and Northwest.

For Cairo, St. Louis, Hannibal, Quincy, St. Joseph, &c.

8:30 P. M. Daily (Saturdays excepted), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR:

For St. Louis, Cairo, and all Western cities.

For Cincinnati and all Eastern and Northeastern cities.

For Toledo, Detroit, &c.

AT INDIANAPOLIS:

For all Eastern and Northeastern cities.

For Toledo, Detroit, &c.

For Chicago and Northwestern and Western cities.

Passengers by taking this route avoid a disagreeable and dusty OMNIBUS RIDE OF FIVE MILES.

This route is 60 MILES SHORTER, and passengers save 12 HOURS in time over any and all other routes to Chicago and the Northwest.

THIS IS THE ONLY DIRECT ALL RAIL ROUTE TO EASTERN CITIES.

Passengers should EXAMINE THEIR TICKETS CAREFULLY to see that they read "JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD."

Any information can be obtained or Tickets purchased at the office of the Company, SOUTHEAST corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the R. R. Depot, Jeffersonville.

Fare always as low as by any other route.

JAMES FERRIER,
n16 General Ticket Agent.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY NEXT, NOV. 1ST, trains will run on the following time:

5.00 A. M through freight to Nashville daily.
7.00 A. M., mail and passenger train for Nashville, Bowling Green, and Clarksville daily.
7.30 A. M., passenger train for Lebanon, Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville, and Columbia, daily, except Sunday.
2.45 P. M., accommodation train for Bardstown daily, except Sunday.
7.00 P. M., through freight for Nashville daily.
o26 M. MARSHEL, Sup't of Transportation.

1863. PENNSYLVANIA Central Railroad. 1863.

325 Miles Double Track.

IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DEMANDS of the travelling public, the managers of this popular route have added many improvements during the year 1862, and, with its connections, it will be found in all respects a FIRST CLASS ROUTE to all the Eastern cities. The track is stone ballasted and entirely free from dust.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM

PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA,

(with close connections from Western Cities),

ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK, THROUGH PHILADELPHIA,

AND

CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG

FOR

Baltimore and Washington.

FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK

ONE TRAIN RUNS DAILY (450 MILES)

VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE of CARS, Arriving in advance of all other Routes.

SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM

PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK.

TICKETS FOR SALE TO BOSTON BY BOAT OR RAIL.

Boat Tickets good on any of the Sound Lines.

FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY ROUTE.

SLEEPING CARS

ON NIGHT TRAINS TO

Philadelphia, New York, & Baltimore.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE.

FREIGHTS.

By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by *Railroad direct.*

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, and Red Rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky, and Chicago with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

THE RATES OF FREIGHT to and from any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad are *at all times as favorable as are charged by the other Railroad Companies.*

Be particular to mark packages "VIA PENN'A CENTRAL R. R."

For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply to or address either of the following Agents of the Company:

D. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg.
CLARKE & CO., Transfer Agents, Pittsburg.
H. W. BROWN & CO., Cincinnati, O.
R. C. MELDRUM & CO., Madison, Ind.
W. M. AIKMAN & CO., Evansville, Ind.
J. E. MOORE, Louisville, Ky.
R. F. SASS, St. Louis, Mo.
CLARKE & CO., Chicago, Ill.
J. H. McCOLM, Portsmouth, O.
McNEELY & MONTGOMERY, Maysville, Ky.
W. H. & E. L. LANGLEY, Gallipolis, O.
R. S. PIERCE & CO., Zanesville, O.
N. H. HUDSON, Ripley, O.
R. C. MELDRUM, General Travelling Agent, the South and West.

LIVE STOCK.

Drovers and Farmers will find this the most advantageous route for Live Stock. Capacious Yards, well watered and supplied with every convenience, have been opened on this line and its connections, and every attention is paid to their wants. From Harrisburg, where will be found every convenience for feeding and resting, a choice is offered of the PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, and BALTIMORE MARKETS. This will also be found the shortest, quickest, and most direct route for Stock to New York—(via Allentown)—and with fewer changes than any other.

ENOCH LEWIS, Gen'l Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
L. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
jan5 dly

Commissioner's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE TO THE JUDGMENT OF THE Henry Circuit Court, I will, on MONDAY, February 1, 1864, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, before the Court-house door, in the town of Newcastle, Ky.,

TWO TRACTS OF LAND,

Known as the "Gist Farm," containing 118 and 119 acres, lying 2½ miles below the town of Eminence, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad. Each tract will be sold separately. They are both well timbered, and a great portion set in blue-grass. An abundance of stock water, comfortable dwelling houses, and convenient to several good schools. The tract of 199 acres has 50 acres of wheat growing which goes to the purchaser. Said land will be sold on a credit of one, two, and three years.

Purchaser to give bond, with approved security, to bear six per cent interest from the day of sale.

If not sold will be rented to the highest bidder for the year 1864.
E. M. DRANE,
Commissioner Henry County Court.
Newcastle, Ky., Dec. 21, 1863—dtFeb1*

BUSINESS CARDS.

W. H. CRUTCHER, AGENT,

625 Main St., Louisville, Ky.

HAS IN STORE TO CLOSE OUT AT LOW FIGURES, a good stock of

China, Glass, & Queensware,
600 barrels Salt
75 bags prime and strictly prime Coffee,
50 bbls Family Flour,
Tinware Hollow-Ware, & Stoneware.

Consignments and orders for goods solicited. s8 tJan 23

SADDLES, COLLARS, WHIPS, AND HARNESS, TRUNKS! BITS, SPURS

AT SAM'L BAKER'S

Saddlery Warehouse,

609 Main street,

One door above Louisville Hotel.

This is the House. Don't forget the Number.
jan29 dly

SADDLE, HARNESS, AND TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND ELEGANT assortment of

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S

Travelling Trunks

Also a large and fine assortment of

HORSE-COVERS.

COACH, BUGGY, & STAGE HARNESS

of all descriptions always on hand and made to order on short notice by

JOHN M. MEYERS,

Successor to C. Proal,

Sign of the Golden Saddle,

217 Third st., bet. Main and Market,
june16 dly LOUISVILLE, KY.

JAMES R. DAY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE,

No. 215 Third st., east side, bet. Main & Market,

Louisville, Ky.

HAVING TAKEN THE HOUSE FORMERLY occupied by John M. Stokes & Son, on Third street, announce to the public that they have a fine and large stock of everything in their line, which they invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine. They feel satisfied that an inspection of their Furniture will convince all who wish to purchase that they can furnish them with as fine Furniture at as low a price as any other house in the city. OFFICE FURNITURE of all descriptions always on hand. n8 d3m&Sun4

CHARLES F. HOLLE & CO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING Merchants,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF WESTERN PRODUCE.

Particular attention paid as to filling orders of SUGAR, &c.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments.

29 Front Levee and 30 Fulton street,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

s26 d6m

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

Fifth street, between Main and Market,

Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. S. H. BARNES............ Proprietress.

TERMS: $1 PER DAY; $5 PER WEEK.
sep18 dly

HAPPINESS OR MISERY!

THAT IS THE QUESTION.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND MEDICINE have determined, regardless of expense, to issue free (for the benefit of suffering humanity) FOUR of their most interesting and instructive Lectures on Marriage and its disqualifications, Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the Great Social Evil, and those maladies which result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Law.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. aug8dly

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

IT SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE WHO have business transactions with the Company that the administration of the Board is divided into two Departments. Mr. B. Marshel is the Superintendent of the Transportation Department, and attends to all matters relating to the movement of trains and the forwarding of freight and passengers, and Mr. Albert Fink is the Superintendent of the Machinery and Road Department, and is charged with the maintenance of the road, machinery, rolling stock, and motive power, and the completion and reconstruction of the road, bridges, etc. Both these officers are acting under the immediate direction of the President and Board of Directors. lan4 dly JAMES GUTHRIE, President.

BOON, FROST, & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND IMPORTERS,

Chambers, 71 Milk, and 3 Federal streets,
HENRY FROST, EDWARD P. BOON, } BOSTON. { ALLEN F. BOON, JOSEPH H. CANNELL.

Colwell's and Allen Edwards & Co.'s Linen Thread, Dixon's and Stafford Brothers' Spool Cotton, Buttons of all kinds, Gum Elastic Suspenders, Oakville Pins, Hooks and Eyes, Sewing Silk, Silk Twist, Twilled Tapes, Galloons, Bindings, &c.
o30 d6m*

DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO., General Commission Merchants,

NO. 428 MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE TRANSACT BUSINESS ONLY ON COMMISSION, and have made our arrangements so as to be able to offer our patrons the very best opportunities to purchase and sell to the best advantage all they may entrust to us. We make liberal advances on consignments. All orders promptly filled.
n24 d3m DORN, BARKHOUSE, & CO.,

CATARRH! CATARRH!

DR. SEELYE'S LIQUID CATARRH REMEDY—a sure cure for CATARRH or COLD IN THE HEAD. It is easier to cure Catarrh than Consumption, and by curing the first we prevent the latter.

The symptoms of Catarrh, as they generally appear, are at first very slight. Persons find they have a cold, and find that they have frequent attacks, and are more sensitive to the changes of temperature. In this condition the nose may be dry, or a slight discharge, thin and acrid, afterward becoming thick and adhesive. As the disease becomes chronic the discharges are increased in quantity and changed in quality; they are now thick and heavy, and are either got rid of by blowing the nose, or else they fall into the throat and are hawked or coughed off. The secretions are offensive, causing a bad breath; the voice is thick and nasal; the eyes are weak; the sense of smell is lessened or destroyed; deafness frequently takes place.

By the aid of the Liquid Catarrh Remedy all these symptoms can be effectually removed.

Price of the Catarrh Remedy $2—sufficient for use one month, with full and clear directions, sent by express. Sold by all Druggists.

Office—180 S. Clark, corner Monroe street.
Address DR. D. H. SEELYE,
o14 dly P. O. Box 4,351, Chicago, Ill.

A. B. DEAN

(Late Mitchell & Dean),

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,

No. 106 Main st., bet. First and Second,

(ABOVE THE GALT HOUSE),

d11 d1m LOUISVILLE, KY.

NOTICE.

R. ATKINSON, OF LOUISVILLE, KY., WILL succeed to the business formerly done by us in this city. We recommend him to patrons of former house.

New York, Sept. 24, 1862. HEWITT & CO.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A COMMISSION HOUSE and has taken the office No. 55 Exchange Place, formerly occupied by HEWITT & CO. O. W. THOMAS & CO., of Louisville, are my agents in the West, and will make advances on consignments.

New York, Sept. 24, 1862. R. ATKINSON. n17 d2

F. H. GIBSON. Broadway Drug Store,

CORNER FOURTH AND BROADWAY, LOUISVILLE, KY.

PURE AND FRESH MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, and Drugs, choice toilet and fancy articles, fine Liquors and Wines for medical purposes, extra fine Cigars, chewing and smoking Tobacco, superior Extracts for hankerchiefs, Colognes, Soaps, Stationery, family articles, &c. j29 ly

THE CONFIDENTIAL GUIDE.

A "TREATISE ON SEMINAL WEAKNESS." Old, young, married, and single will learn something of importance by perusing this work.

Ladies will also learn something to their advantage by perusing "The Confidential Guide."

Sent to any address, in a sealed envelop, on the receipt of ten cents and one red Stamp. Address
o21 d&w3m* DR. A. LAFONTAIN, Boston, Mass.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY, WASHINGTON, Oct. 22, 1863.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the First National Bank of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under, and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking—

Now, therefore, I, Samuel T. Howard, Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said First National Bank of Louisville, County of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this twenty-second day of October, 1863.
(Signed) SAMUEL T. HOWARD,
Deputy Comptroller of the Currency.

The temporary office of this Bank is in the rooms formerly occupied by the Jefferson Savings Institution. Will remove to our new banking-house, in Hamilton's block, southeast corner of Main and Sixth streets, as soon as the building is finished. o28d60

BUSINESS CARDS.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,

GENERAL Commission Merchants,

No. 428 Main street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DEALERS IN

Wheat,	Barley,	Grease,	Wines,
Rye,	Malt,	Tallow,	Whiskey,
Corn,	Hops,	Tobacco,	Sugar,
Oats,	Bacon,	Hides,	Molasses,
Flour,	Lard,	Dried Fruits,	&c., &c.

Consignments respectfully solicited [illegible] advances made. [illegible] d6m

A. F. CLARK

(Successor to Guy & Clark),

Merchant Miller,

No. 228 and 230 Market st., bet. Brook and Floyd,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

FLOUR in sacks and barrels and OFFAL for sale.

The highest cash price paid for WHEAT and BARRELS. aug d6m

NOTICE.

I KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST and most approved cooking and heating stoves. The leading wood stoves are the True Kentuckian, Charter, Pellican, and Palmetto; the coal stoves—Alligator, Chieftain, and Starlight.

I also keep an assortment of Brass Kettles, Enameled and Porcelain ware, Smoothing irons, Coffee Mills, Tin Plates, Pressed Fruit Can Tops and Bottoms, and all other articles usually found in such establishments. I also manufacture Fruit Cans, Tin, Copper, and Sheet-Iron ware, all of which I will sell at the lowest cash price, either wholesale or retail.

Tin roofing and guttering done at the shortest notice.

Country merchants and dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Highest price paid for old iron and copper.
O. GATHRIGHT,
j23 dly No. 121 Market st., bet. First and Second.

CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,

Produce Brokers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth street.

AT WHOLESALE.

FEED & GRAIN.

LARGE SUPPLIES OF HAY, CORN, OATS, RYE, and SHIPSTUFFS always on hand and for sale by
CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,
Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

PRODUCE.

FLOUR, GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS, POTATOES, BUTTER, &c., on hand and for sale by
CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,
Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

LIQUORS.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS, BOURBON & RYE WHISKY, ALES, VINEGAR, &c., on hand and for sale by
CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,
Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

CONSIGNMENTS

Of all descriptions solicited. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. Orders promptly filled by
CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,
j20 dly Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

Established in 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

SNUFF & TOBACCO MANUFACTURER,

16 & 18 Chambers st.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros, Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia, Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, Fresh Scotch, or Lundyfoot.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION IN PRICES OF FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING. FINE-CUT CHEWING. SMOKING.

Long, P. A. L., or plain, S. Jago, No. 1, Cavendish, or Sweet, Spanish, No. 2, Sweet Scented Oronoco, Canaster, Nos. 1 & 2 mixed, Tin Foil Cavendish, Turkish, Granulated.

N. B. A circular of prices will be sent on application. april5 dly

BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS

R. M. INGALLS,

Commission Merchant

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Boots, Shoes, and Hats,

436 Main st., up stairs, bet. Fourth and Fifth, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION OF DEALERS to his stock of these Goods, which he is selling at low prices. sep30 d6m

MELODEONS.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH MELODEONS of our own make to purchasers at the lowest market rates, which we *warrant equal to any other make in the country,* and for *promptness of touch and response cannot be excelled. Our instruments we warrant for five years*—are finished in *fine rosewood cases highly polished.* Persons wishing to purchase will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Churches supplied at a liberal discount.

REFERENCES—Prof. E. W. Gunter, Prof. W. J. Amler, and Rev. N. Badger.

NARDIN & SON,
MELODEON MANUFACTURERS,
Corner Twelfth and Walnut,
a7 d6m Louisville, Ky.

MILITARY GOODS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of MILITARY GOODS: SWORDS, BELTS, SASHES, SHOULDER STRAPS, &c.

And particularly the best selection of PRESENTATION SWORDS, at
J. J. HIRSCHBUHL'S
JEWELRY STORE,
No. 233 S. S. Main st.,
d10 d2m One square below the Galt House.

WANTED (KNITTING MACHINE).

FARMERS, VOLUNTEERS, AND OTHERS TO know that their "women folks" can earn $5 to $10 per week with one of Akin's Celebrated Knitting Machines. It will earn its cost in thirty days. Price of Machines complete, $75. Weight 45 pounds. Freight from 50 cents to $1 50. Send for circular and samples (send stamps).
ELLIOT & BRANSON, General Agents,
nr27 dlv 120 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AGENTS TO CANVASS for the HISTORY OF THE GREAT REBELLION, by Hon. J. T. Headley, the most reliable, attractive, and powerful Historical Writer of the age. First volume now ready. Agents are meeting with unparalleled success. Over 100,000 copies already sold. Circulars giving all necessary information in regard to the work. Terms to Agents, &c., mailed free. Call on or address C. M. DUNN & CO., Publishers, 42 Fourth street, corner Walnut, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL OUR GREAT UNEQUALLED PRIZE AND STATIONERY PACKAGES, containing 160 useful articles, and accompanied by a magnificent box of Jewelry, from which each purchaser can select a prize to suit themselves. The articles contained in a package could not be purchased elsewhere for $1, yet the price is but 25 cents. Agents easily clear $15 per day at this great money-making business. Circulars sent free.
C. M. DUNN & CO.,
june3 dlv Cincinnati, O., and Chicago, Ill.

WM. H. DUNGAN,

COLLECTS CLAIMS FOR

Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, Quartermasters' Vouchers, Loss and Damage of Property, and all manner of Claims against the Government.

Office—No. 426 (up stairs), Main st., between [illegible] and Fifth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES:

Glazebrook, Bro., & Co., Louisville, Ky.
J. W. Stockton, U. S. Hotel, " "
Miller & Moore, " "
McClellen & Bro., " "
E. H. Hobson, Brig. Gen., Greensburg, Ky.
Dr. J. R. Duncan, Surg. 37th Ky., Fountain Run, Ky.
J. M. Yates, Edmonton, Ky.
F. M. Finch, Judge Circuit Court, Franklin, Ind.
J. W. Ritter, " " Glasgow, Ky.
W. F. Evans, " County " " "
T. J. Gorin, Banker, " "
C. W. Terry, " "
F. W. Graham, Col. 5th Ind. Cavalry. d5 d1m*

Ladies' and Gentlemen's WATCHES,

And a large and select assortment of

FINE JEWELRY, DIAMOND GOODS, PLATED WARE, &c.

At J. J. HIRSCHBUHL'S Jewelry Store,
No. 233 S. S. Main st.,
d10 d2m One square below the Galt House.

Coal—Coal.

MESSRS. S. ROBERTS & CO., WHOLESALE AND retail dealers in Pittsburg and Youghiogheny coal, wish to inform their customers and the public generally that they have just received a fresh supply of the above coal, which they will sell in large or small quantities, to suit buyers, at the lowest market prices. Office No. 135 Market street, bet. First and Second.
n26 d3m*

GROCERIES.

R. M. BISHOP & CO.

WHOLESALE

Grocers,

36 Main street,

Cincinnati, Ohio,

Have constantly on hand one of the most Extensive Stocks of

GROCERIES

To be found in the city. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the Stock of this old and long-established firm.
ju9 d6m

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

MALTBY'S OYSTERS.

HAVING THE SOLE AGENCY FOR MALTBY'S OYSTERS in Louisville, I am now prepared to furnish the public daily with Oysters by the case or can. Louisville office 325 Third street, between Market and Jefferson.

New Albany office 350 Main street, between Third and Fourth. o28 d2m JOHN T. MONSCH.